

SYLLABUS

MASTER OF ARTS


POLITICAL SCIENCE

M.A. Previous Examination



This syllabus is for Govt College Students, Private College Students (Affiliated by Jai Narain Vyas University, Jodhpur and Private Students)

JAI NARAIN VYAS UNIVERSITY
JODHPUR


(Prof. Kanta Kataria)
HEAD
Prof. & Head
Department of Political Science
Jai Narain Vyas University
Jodhpur (Raj.)

IMPORTANT

With a view to bring about greater reliability, validity and objectivity in the examination system and also for closer integration of teaching, learning and evaluation.


- (i) The syllabus has been divided into units. Questions will be set from each unit with provision for internal choice.
- (ii) In order to ensure that the students do not leave out the important portion of the syllabus, examiners shall be free to repeat the questions set in the previous examinations.

(Ref. Resolution No. 21 (c) of Academic Council dated 9.2.84)

The examinees be permitted to use their personal transistorized pocket battery operated calculators in the examinations. The calculator to be used by the candidates in the examinations should not have more than 12 digits, 6 functions and 2 memories and should be noiseless and cordless. A Calculator belonging to one candidate shall not be allowed to be used by another candidate. The Superintendent of the centre will have complete discretion to disallow the use of a calculator which does not confirm to the above specification.

(Ref. Resolution No. 6/90 of Academic Council dated 20th July, 1990)


In Engineering and any other examinations where the use of calculators is already permitted, it shall remain undisturbed.



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NOTIFICATION

In compliance of decision of the Hon'ble High Court all students are required to fulfil 75% attendance rule in each subject and there must be 75 % attendance of the student before he/she could be permitted to appear in the examination.

**REGISTRAR
(Academic)**


(Prof.Kanta Kataria)
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POLITICAL SCIENCE
NEW EXAMINATION SCHEME
(Pattern of Question Paper)

PART-A (भाग-अ)

भाग अ के सभी प्रश्न अनिवार्य हैं। इन प्रश्नों के उत्तर प्रत्येक 30 शब्दों तक सीमित हैं। प्रत्येक प्रश्न 2 अंक का है।

The questions of Part-A are compulsory. The answer of these questions are limited upto 30 words each. Each question carries 2 marks.

PART-B (भाग-ब)

प्रत्येक इकाई में से एक प्रश्न का चयन करते हुए कुल पाँच प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिये। प्रत्येक प्रश्न का उत्तर लगभग 250 शब्दों तक सीमित है। प्रत्येक प्रश्न 7 अंक का है।

Attempt FIVE questions in all, selecting ONE question from each unit. The answer of each question shall be limited upto 250 words. Each question carries 7 marks.

PART-C (भाग-स)

इस भाग से कुल तीन प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिये। प्रत्येक प्रश्न का उत्तर लगभग 500 शब्दों तक सीमित है। प्रत्येक प्रश्न 15 अंक का है।

Attempt Any THREE questions. The Answer of each question shall be limited upto 500 words. Each question carries 15 marks

POLITICAL SCIENCE
M.A. (Previous) Examination

There will be four papers each of three hours duration and carrying 100 marks each.

| | |
|-----------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| Paper I | Political Thought from Plato to Marx. |
| Paper II | Indian Government and Politics and State Politics in India |
| Paper III | Comparative Politics and Politics of Developing Countries |
| Paper IV | Major Ideas and Issues in Public Administration. |

M.A. PREVIOUS EXAMINATION

PAPER I

Political Thought from Plato to Marx

- Unit 1 Plato – Theory of Justice, Education, Communism, and the concept of Ideal State; Aristotle – As the first scientific Political Thinker – views on Classification of States, Revolution, Citizenship and Slavery.
- Unit 2 Church and State Controversy – Main Political Ideas of St. Augustine and St. Thomas Aquinas. Machiavelli : His main Political Ideas, Machiavelli as the first modern Political Thinker; Bodin : Theory of Sovereignty , Pioneer of Modernity
- Unit 3 Hobbes, Locke and Rousseau as the contractulist Political Thinkers – Their views about Human Nature, State of Nature, Natural Rights, Social contract and Sovereignty; Rousseau's General Will.
- Unit 4 Bentham as Utilitarian Political Thinker, His views on Law and Representative Government ; J.S.Mill's views on Liberty & Representative government; Mill's modification in Bentham's Utilitarianism.
Hegel – Dialectical Method, Theory of State,
T.H.Green – Conception of Liberty , Rights and Sovereignty.
- Unit 5 Karl Marx – His Main Political ideas with reference to Dialectical Materialism, Economic interpretation of History, Theory of Class Struggle & Theory of Surplus Value. Marxian Theory of State
Lenin – Theory of Imperialism, Restatement of Revolutionary Marxism, His ideas on Party Dictatorship of the Proletariat.

Recommended Readings

1. Sabine : A History of Political Theory
2. Barker : Plato and His Predecessors
3. Dunning : History of Political Theory (3 vols.)
4. Hearnshaw : Some Medieval Thinkers
5. Maxey : Political Philosophy
6. Allen : A History of Political Thought in 16th Century
7. Vaughan : Studies in Political Philosophy (vols. I and II)
8. Harman : Political Thought from Plato to the Present
9. Davidson : Political Thought in England – The Utilitarians
10. Michael Oakeshott : Political and Social Doctrines of Contemporary Europe
11. Subrata Mukherjee & Sushila Ramaswamy : A History of Political Thought – Plato to Marx (Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.)
12. के.एन.वर्मा 'पाश्चात्य राजनीतिक विचारक भाग 1 व 2
13. डॉ.बी.एल.फड़िया 'पाश्चात्य राजनीतिक विचारक'
14. डॉ.पी.डी.शर्मा 'पाश्चात्य राजनीतिक विचारक'

PAPER II
Indian Government and Politics and State Politics in India

- Unit 1 Approaches to the Study of Indian Politics, Background of the Constituent Assembly : Composition and working, Nature of the Indian Political System, Ideological Contents: Preamble, Fundamental Rights, Directive Principles, Fundamental Duties and Secularism; Federalism and Its working with reference to Centre--State relations and demands for State autonomy.
- Unit 2 The Union Government – President, Prime Minister and the Council of Ministers. The Parliament – Powers and Functions of Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha; Functioning of the Parliamentary System in India. The Supreme Court – Judicial Activism, Public Interest Litigation and Judicial Reforms.
- Unit 3 State Government : Governor, Chief Minister and State Legislative Assemblies; Patterns of State Politics; Socio-Economic determinants of State politics, Impact of national politics on State politics, Emerging Trends in State Politics.
- Unit 4 Party System in India – Major National Parties – ideology and social base of parties –Regional Political Parties and Its Linkages with National Parties; Pressure Groups in Indian Politics; Patterns of Coalition Politics; Trends in Electoral Behaviour – Need for Electoral Reforms.
- Unit 5 Challenges to Indian Democracy – Impact of Caste, Religion, Regionalism and Language; Criminalisation; Terrorism; Impact of Liberalisation on Indian Politics, Recommendations of National Commission on Constitutional Review.

Recommended Readings

1. Atul Kohli : The Success of India's Democracy (ed.) Cambridge University Press – 2001
2. Bhabani Sen Gupta : India – Problems of Governance, Konark Publishers, Delhi – 1996
3. Bipan Chandra : India After Independence, Penguin Books – 2000
4. C.P.Bhambri, The Indian States : fifty years, New Delhi, Shipra, 1999.
5. Granville Austin : Working a Democratic Constitution, Oxford University Press – 1999
6. Granville Austin : The Indian Constitution : Cornerstone of a Nation
7. Gupta, D.C. : Indian Government and Politics
8. J.R.Siwach : Dynamics of Indian Government and Politics, Streling, New Delhi – 1990
9. Morris Jones : Government and Politics in India
10. Myron Weiner : Party Building in a New Nation : The Congress Party of India
11. Norman D. Palmer : The Indian Political System
12. P.R.Brass, Politics of India Since Independence, 2nd edn., Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1994.
13. P.R.Brass, Caste, Faction and Party in Indian Politics, Vols. 2, Delhi, Chanakya Publications, 1984-1985.
14. P.R.Brass, Ethnic Groups and the State, London, Croom Helm, 1985
15. M.V. Pylee : Constitutional Government in India.
16. Rasheeduddin Khan : Federal India – A design for change, Vikas – 1992
17. Subhash C.Kashyap : Our Parliament, National Book Trust, New Delhi – 1992
18. Zoya Hasan : Politics and The State in India(ed.) Sage Publication, New Delhi – 2000
19. डॉ.बी.एल.फड़िया 'भारतीय राजनीति एवं शासन' साहित्य भवन आगरा, 2012
20. डॉ.एम.पी.रॉय 'भारतीय राजनीति एवं शासन'

PAPER III

Comparative Politics and Politics of Developing Countries

- Unit 1 Nature and Scope of Comparative Politics : Traditional and Modern Perspectives; Comparative Method; Constitutionalism.
- Unit 2 Major approaches in comparative politics; Political System Approach : Political Sociology, Political Economy & Structural Functionalism, Political Development, Political Culture and Political Socialisation Approach.
- Unit 3 Forms of Governments : Leading Classification of Government (both traditional and modern) and their evolution; Democracy; and Dictatorship; Parliamentary and Presidential, Federal and Unitary Types of government and their theory and practice, Party System and Pressure Groups.
- Unit 4 Legislature : Organisation, Functions, Powers, Legislative Process, Decline of Legislatures
Executive : Organisation, Functions, Concentration of Powers in the Executive, Chief Executive in Developing Countries, Executive and Bureaucracy
Judiciary : Organisation, Functions, Independence of Judiciary, Rule Adjudication and Judicial Review
- Unit 5 Genesis of Colonialism– Types of Colonialism, Nature of anti-colonial struggle, Post-colonial state, Waves of democratic expansion–Recent trends.

Recommended Readings

1. Allen Ball : Modern government and Politics
2. A.Pourgerami, Development and Democracy in the Third World, Boulder Colorado, Westview, Press, 1991.
3. C.F.Strong : Modern Constitutions.
4. C.J.Friederich : Constitutional Government and Democracy
5. D.E., Apter, The Politics of Modernization, Chicago, University of Chicago Press, 1965.
6. D.Engels and S. Marks (eds.), Contesting Colonial Hegemony, State and Society in Africa and India, London, I.B. Tauris, 1994
7. G.A.Almond, and J.S.Coleman, The Politics of the Developing Areas, Princeton NJ, Princeton University Press, 1960.
8. G.A.Almond, and S.Verba, The Civic Culture: Political Attitudes and Democracy in Five Nations, Princeton, NJ, Princeton University Press, 1963.
9. G.A.Almond(eds.), The Civic Culture Revisited, Boston, Little Brown, 1989.
10. G.A.Almond, and G.B. Powell Jr., Comparative Politics : A Development Approach, Boston, Little Brown, 1966.
11. G.A.Almond, Comparative Politics Today : A World View, 7th edn., New York, London, Harper/Collins, 2000.
12. H.Eekstein & David Apter : Comparative Politics :: A Reader
13. Herman Finer : Theory and Practice of Modern Governments
14. Jean Blondel : An introduction to Comparative Government
15. J.E. Goldthrope, The Sociology of Post-Colonial Societies : Economic Disparity, Cultural Diversity and Development, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1966.
16. L.Diamond (ed.), Political Culture and Democracy in Developing Countries, Boulder Coloardo, Lynne Rienner, 1993.
17. M.Kamrava, Politics and Society in the Third World, London, Routledge, 1993.
18. Palombara : Politics within Nations.
19. S.E.Finer : Comparative Government.
20. Wheare : Modern Constitutions
21. Vile : Constitutionalism and the separation of powers
22. प्रभुदत्त शर्मा : तुलनात्मक राजनीतिक संस्थाएं
23. सी.बी.गैना : तुलनात्मक राजनीति एवं राजनीतिक संस्थाएं
24. जे.सी.जौहरी : तुलनात्मक राजनीति

PAPER IV
Major Ideas and Issues in Public Administration

- Unit 1 Basic Premises : Meaning, Scope & Nature of Public Administration, Impact of Information Technology on Public Administration, Politics & Administration; New Public Administration; New Public Management perspective.
- Unit 2 Ecological Approach (Riggs), Development Administration Approach, Political–Economy Approach : Liberal democratic and Marxist Approach; Process of Public Policy.
- Unit 3 Theories of Organisation : Scientific Management; The Bureaucratic Theory, The Classical Theory, The Human Relations Theory, Behavioural Approach, Systems Approach,
- Unit 4 Administrative Behaviour : Rational Decision Making Approach (Simon), Theories of Leadership, Theories of Motivation and Communication .
- Unit 5 Personnel Administration–Role of Civil Service in developing societies, Position Classification, Recruitment, Training, Promotion, Neutrality of Civil Services, Downsizing of Bureaucracy, Modernization of Bureaucracy and Administrative Culture.

Recommended Readings

1. Avasthi & Maheshwari, Public Administration (Hindi & English)
2. Bhattachary ,Mohit, New Horizons of Public Administration
3. Gladden, Essentials of Public Administration
4. Gorwala, Report on the Public Administration of India
5. Government of India, Fifth Central pay Commission Report Vol. I, II & III.
6. Henry , Nicholos, Public Administration and Public Affairs.
7. Paul Appleby, Report on the Public Administration of India: Re-examination of India's Administrative System.
8. Sharma , M.P., Public Administration : Theory and Practice (English and Hindi)
9. White, L.D., Introduction to the study of Public Administration
10. Willoughby, Principles of Public Administration
11. T.N.Chaturvedi, (ed.), Contemporary Administrative Culture of India, New Delhi, Mittal, 1997.
12. M.Crozier, The Bureaucratic Phenomenon, Chicago, University of Chicago Press, 1969.
13. P.R.Dubashi, Recent Trends in Public Administration, Delhi, Kaveri Books, 1995.
14. D.Waldo (ed.), Ideas and Issues in Public Administration, Durham, Duke University Press, 1970.
15. डॉ.बी.एल.फड़िया 'लोकप्रशासन'
16. डॉ.पी.डी.शर्मा 'लोकप्रशासन'
17. बी.एम.सिन्हा 'लोकप्रशासन के सिद्धान्त एवं व्यवहार'
18. परमात्मा शरण 'लोकप्रशासन'
19. चन्द प्रकाश भाम्भरी 'लोकप्रशासन प्रशासन'
20. आर.एल.सिंह 'लोकप्रशासन'
21. एच.सी.शर्मा 'प्रशासनिक संस्थाएं'
22. अन्तर सिंह एवं जियाउद्दीन खाँ 'प्रशासनिक संस्थाएं'

एम.ए. पूर्वाद्ध राजनीति विज्ञान

प्रथम प्रश्न पत्र राजनीतिक चिन्तन प्लेटो से मार्क्स तक

- इकाई 1 प्लेटो : प्लेटो का न्याय सिद्धान्त, शिक्षा और साम्यवाद, आदर्श राज्य की अवधारणा, अरस्तू – प्रथम वैज्ञानिक राजनीतिक विचारक, राज्यों के वर्गीकरण का विचार, क्रान्ति, नागरिकता और दासता संबंधी विचार।
- इकाई 2 राज्य और चर्च के बीच विवाद, सन्त ऑगस्टाइन, टामस एक्वीनास के मुख्य राजनीतिक विचार, मैकियावली : प्रमुख राजनीतिक विचार, मैकियावली प्रथम आधुनिक राजनीतिक चिन्तक के रूप में, जीन बोदों का सम्प्रभुता का सिद्धान्त और बोदों आधुनिकता के अग्रदूत के रूप में
- इकाई 3 टॉमस हाब्स, जॉन लॉक और जीन जैक्स रूसो—तीनों संविदावादी चिन्तकों के रूप में, उनके मानवीय प्रकृति संबंधी विचार, प्राकृतिक अवस्था, प्राकृतिक अधिकार, सामाजिक अनुबन्ध और सम्प्रभुता संबंधी विचार, रूसो की सामान्य इच्छा
- इकाई 4 बेन्थम एक उपयोगितावादी चिन्तक के रूप में, उसके प्रतिनिध्यात्मक सरकार और कानून सम्बन्धी विचार, जे.एस.मिल के स्वतंत्रता एवं प्रतिनिध्यात्मक सरकार पर विचार, बेन्थम के उपयोगितावादी विचारों में मिल द्वारा किये गये संशोधन, हीगल – द्वन्द्ववादी पद्धति, राज्य संबंधी विचार और, टी. एच. ग्रीन की स्वतंत्रता संबंधी अवधारणा, अधिकार व सम्प्रभुता संबंधी विचार।
- इकाई 5 कार्ल मार्क्स के प्रमुख राजनीतिक विचार—द्वन्द्वात्मक भौतिकवाद के संदर्भ में, इतिहास की आर्थिक व्याख्या, वर्ग संघर्ष और अतिरिक्त मूल्य का सिद्धान्त, राज्य का मार्क्सवादी सिद्धान्त, लेनिन—साम्राज्यवाद का सिद्धान्त : क्रान्तिकारी मार्क्सवाद की पुनर्व्याख्या, सर्वहारा वर्ग के अधिनायकवाद संबंधी विचार।

अनुशंसित पाठ्य पुस्तकें

1. Sabine : A History of Political Theory
2. Barker : Plato and His Predecessors
3. Dunning : History of Political Theory (3 vols.)
4. Hearnshaw : Some Medieval Thinkers
5. Maxey : Political Philosophy
6. Allen : A History of Political Thought in 16th Century
7. Vaughan : Studies in Political Philosophy (vols. I and II)
8. Harman : Political Thought from Plato to the Present
9. Davidson : Political Thought in England – The Utilitarians
10. Michael Oakeshott : Political and Social Doctrines of Contemporary Europe
11. Subrata Mukherjee & Sushila Ramaswamy : A History of Political Thought – Plato to Marx (Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.)
12. के.एन.वर्मा 'पाश्चात्य राजनीतिक विचारक भाग 1 व 2
13. डॉ.बी.एल.फड़िया 'पाश्चात्य राजनीतिक विचारक'
14. डॉ.पी.डी.शर्मा 'पाश्चात्य राजनीतिक विचारक'

द्वितीय प्रश्न पत्र
भारतीय शासन और राजनीति तथा भारत में राज्य स्तरीय राजनीति

- इकाई 1 भारतीय राजनीति के अध्ययन के अभिगम, संविधान सभा की पृष्ठभूमि, संरचना और कार्यशैली, भारतीय राजनीति व्यवस्था की प्रकृति, संविधान की प्रस्तावना, मौलिक अधिकार, नीति निर्देशक तत्व; मौलिक कर्तव्य और पंथ निरपेक्षता के वैचारिक आधार, संघात्मक व्यवस्था व केन्द्र-राज्य सम्बन्ध व राज्य स्वायत्तता की मांग के विशेष सन्दर्भ में इसका कार्यकरण
- इकाई 2 संघ सरकार-राष्ट्रपति, प्रधानमंत्री और मंत्रिपरिषद्, संसद-लोकसभा और राज्यसभा, इसकी शक्तियाँ और कार्य, भारत में संसदीय व्यवस्था की कार्यशैली, सर्वोच्च न्यायालय-न्यायिक सक्रियता, लोकहित अभियोजन एवं न्यायिक सुधार
- इकाई 3 राज्य सरकार-राज्यपाल, मुख्यमंत्री और राज्य विधानमंडल; (विधायिका), राज्यों की राजनीति के प्रारूप; राज्यों की राजनीति के सामाजिक व आर्थिक निर्धारक तत्व राष्ट्रीय राजनीति का राज्यों की राजनीति पर प्रभाव। राज्यों की राजनीति में उभरती हुई प्रवृत्तियाँ
- इकाई 4 भारत में दलीय व्यवस्था, प्रमुख राष्ट्रीय दल उनकी विचारधारा एवं दलों का सामाजिक आधार। क्षेत्रीय राजनीतिक दल एवं राष्ट्रीय दलों से उनका संबंध, भारतीय राजनीति में दबाव समूह, साझा राजनीति के प्रतिमान, चुनावी व्यवहार की प्रवृत्तियाँ, चुनाव सुधारों की आवश्यकता।
- इकाई 5 भारतीय लोकतंत्र के समक्ष चुनौतियाँ – जाति, धर्म, प्रादेशिकता और भाषा का प्रभाव। राजनीति में अपराधीकरण, आतंकवाद और उदारीकरण का भारतीय राजनीति पर प्रभाव। संविधान के पुनरावलोकन हेतु गठित राष्ट्रीय आयोग के सुझाव।

अनुशंसित पाठ्य पुस्तकें

1. Atul Kohli : The Success of India's Democracy (ed.) Cambridge University Press – 2001
2. Bhabani Sen Gupta : India – Problems of Governance, Konark Publishers, Delhi – 1996
3. Bipan Chandra : India After Independence, Penguin Books – 2000
4. C.P.Bhambri, The Indian States : fifty years, New Delhi, Shipra, 1999.
5. Granville Austin : Working a Democratic Constitution, Oxford University Press – 1999
6. Granville Austin : The Indian Constitution : Cornerstone of a Nation
7. Gupta, D.C. : Indian Government and Politics
8. J.R.Siwach : Dynamics of Indian Government and Politics, Streling, New Delhi – 1990
9. Morris Jones : Government and Politics in India
10. Myron Weiner : Party Building in a New Nation : The Congress Party of India
11. Norman D. Palmer : The Indian Political System
12. P.R.Brass, Politics of India Since Independence, 2nd edn., Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1994.
13. P.R.Brass, Caste, Faction and Party in Indian Politics, Vols. 2, Delhi, Chanakya Publications, 1984-1985.
14. P.R.Brass, Ethnic Groups and the State, London, Croom Helm, 1985
15. M.V. Pylee : Constitutional Government in India.
16. Rasheeduddin Khan : Federal India – A design for change, Vikas – 1992
17. Subhash C.Kashyap : Our Parliament, National Book Trust, New Delhi – 1992
18. Zoya Hasan : Politics and The State in India(ed.) Sage Publication, New Delhi – 2000
19. डॉ.बी.एल.फड़िया 'भारतीय राजनीति एवं शासन' साहित्य भवन आगरा, 2012

तृतीय प्रश्न पत्र

तुलनात्मक राजनीति और विकासशील देशों की राजनीति

- इकाई 1 तुलनात्मक राजनीति की प्रकृति एवं क्षेत्र : पारंपरिक एवं आधुनिक परिप्रेक्ष्य में, तुलनात्मक पद्धति-संविधानवाद
- इकाई 2 तुलनात्मक राजनीति में मुख्य अभिगम : राजनीतिक व्यवस्था अभिगम : राजनीतिक समाजशास्त्र, राजनीतिक अर्थव्यवस्था एवं संरचनात्मक कार्यपद्धति राजनीतिक विकास, राजनीतिक संस्कृति, राजनीतिक समाजीकरण अभिगम।
- इकाई 3 सरकार के प्रकार : सरकार के प्रमुख वर्गीकरण (पारंपरिक एवं आधुनिक) और उनका विकास। लोकतंत्र एवं अधिनायकतंत्र, अध्यक्षीय एवं संसदीय, संघात्मक एवं एकात्मक सरकारें, उनका सैद्धान्तिक एवं व्यवहारिक स्वरूप, दल प्रथा एवं दबाव समूह।
- इकाई 4 व्यवस्थापिका – संगठन कार्य और शक्तियाँ, विधायी प्रक्रिया, विधायी प्रक्रिया का क्षरण। कार्यपालिका – संगठन, कार्यपद्धति और शक्तियाँ, कार्यपालिका में केन्द्रित शक्तियाँ, विकासशील देशों में मुख्य कार्यपालिका एवं नौकरशाही, न्यायपालिका – संगठन, कार्य, न्यायपालिका की स्वतंत्रता; नियम अधिनिर्णय एवं न्यायिक पुनरावलोकन
- इकाई 5 उपनिवेशवाद का उद्भव ; उपनिवेशवाद के प्रकार; उपनिवेशवाद विरोधी संघर्ष की प्रकृति; उत्तर औपनिवेशिक राज्य; लोकतांत्रिक विस्तार की ऊर्मियाँ-अधुनातन प्रवृत्तियाँ

अनुशंसित पाठ्य पुस्तकें

1. Allen Ball : Modern government and Politics
2. A.Pourgerami, Development and Democracy in the Third World, Boulder Colorado, Westview, Press, 1991.
3. C.F.Strong : Modern Constitutions.
4. C.J.Friederich : Constitutional Government and Democracy
5. D.E., Apter, The Politics of Modernization, Chicago, University of Chicago Press, 1965.
6. D.Engels and S. Marks (eds.), Contesting Colonial Hegemony, State and Society in Africa and India, London, I.B. Tauris, 1994
7. G.A.Almond, and J.S.Coleman, The Politics of the Developing Areas, Princeton NJ, Princeton University Press, 1960.
8. G.A.Almond, and S.Verba, The Civic Culture: Political Attitudes and Democracy in Five Nations, Princeton, NJ, Princeton University Press, 1963.
9. G.A.Almond(eds.), The Civic Culture Revisited, Boston, Little Brown, 1989.
10. G.A.Almond, and G.B. Powell Jr., Comparative Politics : A Development Approach, Boston, Little Brown, 1966.
11. G.A.Almond, Comparative Politics Today : A World View, 7th edn., New York, London, Harper/Collins, 2000.
12. H.Eekstein & David Apter : Comparative Politics :: A Reader
13. Herman Finer : Theory and Practice of Modern Governments
14. Jean Blondel : An introduction to Comparative Government
15. J.E. Goldthrope, The Sociology of Post-Colonial Societies : Economic Disparity, Cultural Diversity and Development, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1966.
16. L.Diamond (ed.), Political Culture and Democracy in Developing Countries, Boulder Colorado, Lynne Rienner, 1993.
17. M.Kamrava, Politics and Society in the Third World, London, Routledge, 1993.
18. Palombara : Politics within Nations.
19. S.E.Finer : Comparative Government.

20. Wheare : Modern Constitutions
21. Vile : Constitutionalism and the separation of powers
22. प्रभुदत्त शर्मा : तुलनात्मक राजनीतिक संस्थाएं
23. सी.बी.गैना : तुलनात्मक राजनीति एवं राजनीतिक संस्थाएं
24. जे.सी.जौहरी : तुलनात्मक राजनीति

चतुर्थ प्रश्न पत्र
लोकप्रशासन में प्रमुख विचार एवं मुद्दे

- इकाई 1 बुनियादी आधार : लोक प्रशासन का अर्थ, क्षेत्र और प्रकृति, सूचना प्रौद्योगिकी का लोक प्रशासन पर प्रभाव। राजनीति एवं प्रशासन, अभिनव लोकप्रशासन, अभिनव लोक प्रबन्ध के परिप्रेक्ष्य में।
- इकाई 2 पर्यावरणीय अभिगम (रिग्स)। विकास प्रशासन अभिगम, राजनीतिक अर्थशास्त्र अभिगम, उदार लोकतांत्रिक एवं मार्क्सवादी अभिगम, लोकनीति की प्रक्रिया।
- इकाई 3 संगठन के विभिन्न सिद्धान्त, वैज्ञानिक प्रबन्धन, नौकरशाही सिद्धान्त, शास्त्रीय सिद्धान्त, मानवीय संबंध सिद्धान्त, व्यवहारवादी अभिगम और व्यवस्था अभिगम।
- इकाई 4 प्रशासनिक व्यवहार : तार्किक निर्णय अभिगम (साइमन) नेतृत्व का सिद्धान्त, अभिप्रेरणा एवं संप्रेषण सिद्धान्त।
- इकाई 5 कार्मिक प्रशासन, विकासशील समाजों में लोक सेवाओं की भूमिका, पद वर्गीकरण, भर्ती, प्रशिक्षण, पदोन्नति, लोक सेवा में तटस्थता, नौकरशाही का लघुकरण, नौकरशाही का आधुनिकीकरण तथा प्रशासनिक संस्कृति।

अनुशंसित पाठ्य पुस्तकें

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2. Bhattachary ,Mohit, New Horizons of Public Administration
3. Gladden, Essentials of Public Administration
4. Gorwala, Report on the Public Administration of India
5. Government of India, Fifth Central pay Commission Report Vol. I, II & III.
6. Henry , Nicholos, Public Administration and Public Affairs.
7. Paul Appleby, Report on the Public Administration of India: Re-examination of India's Administrative System.
8. Sharma , M.P., Public Administration : Theory and Practice (English and Hindi)
9. White, L.D., Introduction to the study of Public Administration
10. Willoughby, Principles of Public Administration
11. T.N.Chaturvedi, (ed.), Contemporary Administrative Culture of India, New Delhi, Mittal, 1997.
12. M.Crozier, The Bureaucratic Phenomenon, Chicago, University of Chicago Press, 1969.
13. P.R.Dubashi, Recent Trends in Public Administration, Delhi, Kaveri Books, 1995.
14. D.Waldo (ed.), Ideas and Issues in Public Administration, Durham, Duke University Press, 1970.
15. डॉ.बी.एल.फड़िया 'लोकप्रशासन'
16. डॉ.पी.डी.शर्मा 'लोकप्रशासन'
17. बी.एम.सिन्हा 'लोकप्रशासन के सिद्धान्त एवं व्यवहार'
18. परमात्मा शरण 'लोकप्रशासन'

19. चन्द प्रकाश भाम्भरी 'लोकप्रशासन प्रशासन'
20. आर.एल.सिंह 'लोकप्रशासन'
21. एच.सी.शर्मा 'प्रशासनिक संस्थाएं'
22. अन्तर सिंह एवं जियाउद्दीन खाँ 'प्रशासनिक संस्थाएं'

SYLLABUS

BACHELOR OF ARTS


POLITICAL SCIENCE

M.A. Final Examination

This syllabus is for Govt College Students, Private College Students (Affiliated by Jai Narain Vyas University, Jodhpur and Private Students)



JAI NARAIN VYAS UNIVERSITY
JODHPUR


(Prof. Kanta Kataria)
HEAD
Prof. & Head
Department of Political Science
Jai Narain Vyas University
Jodhpur (Raj.)

IMPORTANT

With a view to bring about greater reliability, validity and objectivity in the examination system and also for closer integration of teaching, learning and evaluation.


- (i) The syllabus has been divided into units. Questions will be set from each unit with provision for internal choice.
- (ii) In order to ensure that the students do not leave out the important portion of the syllabus, examiners shall be free to repeat the questions set in the previous examinations.

(Ref. Resolution No. 21 (c) of Academic Council dated 9.2.84)

The examinees be permitted to use their personal transistorized pocket battery operated calculators in the examinations. The calculator to be used by the candidates in the examinations should not have more than 12 digits, 6 functions and 2 memories and should be noiseless and cordless. A Calculator belonging to one candidate shall not be allowed to be used by another candidate. The Superintendent of the centre will have complete discretion to disallow the use of a calculator which does not conform to the above specification.

(Ref. Resolution No. 6/90 of Academic Council dated 20th July, 1990)


In Engineering and any other examinations where the use of calculators is already permitted, it shall remain undisturbed.



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HEAD
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Jodhpur (Raj.)

NOTIFICATION

In compliance of decision of the Hon'ble High Court all students are required to fulfil 75% attendance rule in each subject and there must be 75 % attendance of the student before he/she could be permitted to appear in the examination.

**REGISTRAR
(Academic)**


(Prof.Kanta Kataria)
HEAD
Prof. & Head
Department of Political Science
Jai Narain Vyas University
Jodhpur (Raj.)


(Prof.Kanta Kataria)
HEAD
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Jodhpur (Raj.)

POLITICAL SCIENCE
NEW EXAMINATION SCHEME
(Pattern of Question Paper)

PART-A (भाग-अ)

भाग अ के सभी प्रश्न अनिवार्य हैं। इन प्रश्नों के उत्तर प्रत्येक 30 शब्दों तक सीमित हैं। प्रत्येक प्रश्न 2 अंक का है।

The questions of Part-A are compulsory. The answer of these questions are limited upto 30 words each. Each question carries 2 marks.

PART-B (भाग-ब)

प्रत्येक इकाई में से एक प्रश्न का चयन करते हुए कुल पाँच प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिये। प्रत्येक प्रश्न का उत्तर लगभग 250 शब्दों तक सीमित है। प्रत्येक प्रश्न 7 अंक का है।

Attempt FIVE questions in all, selecting ONE question from each unit. The answer of each question shall be limited upto 250 words. Each question carries 7 marks.

PART-C (भाग-स)

इस भाग से कुल तीन प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिये। प्रत्येक प्रश्न का उत्तर लगभग 500 शब्दों तक सीमित है। प्रत्येक प्रश्न 15 अंक का है।

Attempt Any THREE questions. The Answer of each question shall be limited upto 500 words. Each question carries 15 marks

M.A.(Final) Examination

There will be five papers each of three hours duration carrying 100 marks each.

- Paper V Contemporary Indian and Western Political Theory
- Paper VI Theories of International Relations and Contemporary Political Issues
- Paper VII Any two papers from one of the following Groups will form papers VII & VIII.
- Group A Political Theory**
(i) Contemporary Western Political Theory
(ii) Contemporary Indian Political Theory
- Group B INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS**
(i) International Law & International Organizations
(ii) Theory and Practice of Diplomacy and International Financial Institutions
- Group C PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION**
(i) Indian Administration
(ii) Local Self Government & Development Administration in India
- Group D INDIAN POLITICS**
(i) Federalism and State Politics in India
(ii) Political Parties and Electoral Politics in India
- Paper IX Research Methodology**

DISSERTATION

Dissertation may be offered in lieu of one paper from any optional group at the final examination by the candidates who have secured atleast 55% marks at the M.A.Previous examination. The subjects of dissertation shall relate to the optional group offered by the candidate. Candidates offering dissertation shall be required to submit the dissertation atleast three weeks before the beginning of M.A.Final examination. The dissertation shall carry 100 marks (75 marks for written report and 25 marks for viva-voce). The private candidates shall not be allowed to offer dissertation.

**M.A.(Final) Examination
Paper V**

Contemporary Indian and Western Political Theory

- Unit 1 Indian Renaissance – Salient features, Apostle of Indian Renaissance – Raja Ram Mohan Roy : Liberal and Humanist streak – views about Freedom, Law and Morality – evaluation. Active Vedantic Swami Vivekananda : - Vedantic Secularism – concept of Spiritual Nationalism legacy. Challenge of Extremism : Political ideas of Bal Gangadhar Tilak. Revolutionary Nationalism : Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose – Philosophy of Nation, the nature of Indian struggle for freedom.
- Unit 2 Mahatma Gandhi – Philosophical bases of Political Thought : views on Imperialism and Democracy , Reconstruction of Indian Polity. Dr.B.R.Ambedkar : The voice of rebellion – Hindu Social order – its unique features – The Curse of Caste; its annihilation why and how ? Budh and Karl Marx. Dr. Ram Manohar Lohiya –Philosophy of History – Basic features of Lohiya's Socialism – Hindu Muslim problem – Critical evaluation.
- Unit 3 Nature and Significance of Political Theory; Importance of the Classical Tradition, Value-fact Dichotomy, The Behavioural and Post Behavioural Movement in Political Theory.
- Unit 4 Different interpretation in Political Theory, Limitations of the Classical Tradition, Debate about the Decline of Political theory, Nature of Revival of Political Theory,
- Unit 5 Debate about end of the Ideology and its impact on Political Theory, Debate about the end of History, Recent Trends in Political Theory.

Recommended Readings –

1. Robert Dahl : Modern Political Analysis
2. S.P.Verma : Modern Political Theory (H. and E.)
3. V.R.Mehta, Foundations of Indian Political Thought, New Delhi, Manohar, 1992.
4. Charlesworth : Contemporary Political Analysis
5. Easton : The Political System – An Inquiry into the State of Political Science
6. Johari J.C. : Contemporary Political Theory (E & H)
7. Rathore, L.S. : In Defence of Political Theory
8. Bhati, P.S. : The Normative Tradition in Political Theory
9. Brecht : Political Theory
10. Sartori : Democratic Theory
11. William Bluhm : Theory of Political System.
12. लक्ष्मण सिंह राठौड़ : राजनीतिक सिद्धान्त-बौद्धिक शैलियाँ
13. एस.पी.वर्मा-आधुनिक राजनीतिक सिद्धान्त
14. जे.सी.जौहरी – समकालिक राजनीतिक सिद्धान्त
15. गाबा, ओमप्रकाश, समकालीन राजनीति सिद्धान्त
16. गाबा, ओमप्रकाश, राजनीति सिद्धान्त की रूपरेखा
17. वर्मा, ए.पी., आधुनिक राजनीतिक सिद्धान्त
18. वर्मा, एस.एल., आधुनिक राजनीतिक सिद्धान्त
19. शर्मा, प्रभुदत्त, अर्वाचीन राजनीतिक चिंतन
20. वर्मा, एस.एल. एवं शर्मा, बी.एम., प्रमुख भारतीय राजनीतिक विचारक

Paper VI

Theories of International Relations and Contemporary Political Issues

- Unit 1 Introduction : Meaning and basic characteristics of International Relations, Contending Theories and Approaches to the study of International Relations : Idealist, Realist, System, Game, Communication and Decision – Making.
- Unit 2 National Power : Meaning and elements ; The Struggle for Power : as status quo, as Imperialism and as Prestige; Limitations of National Power–The Balance of power and Collective security, National Interests : Formulation and Promotion.
- Unit 3 The Concept of Non – Alignment : Bases, Role and Relevance ; Disarmament and Arms Control : CTBT and NPT; Regional Organizations : SAARC and ASEAN; Factors leading to the end of Cold War; Contemporary Issues in Post – Cold War period.
- Unit- 4. Key Issues in North – South Relationship ; Liberalization, Privatization and Globalization ; Environmental Issues, Human Rights and Terrorism.
- Unit 5 India's Role in International Affairs : Basic Features & Emerging trends in India's Foreign Policy ; India's relations with the U.S.A., China and Pakistan. Foreign Policies of the U.S.A. and China – Main Issues and Current Developments

Recommended Readings –

1. Chalmers, P. Schlechar : International Relations
2. Hans J. Morgenthau : Politics Among Nations
3. Holsti : International Politics
4. James, E. Dougherty and Robert, L. Pfaltzgauff : Contending theories of International Relations
5. James N. Rosenau : International Politics and Foreign Policy
6. Mahendra Kumar : Theoretical Aspect of International Politics
7. N. Palmer and H. Perkins : International Relations – The World Community in Transition
8. Quincy Wright : The Study of International Relations
9. Trevor Taylor : Approaches and Theory of International Relations
10. Rajan Kumar Mishra : International Relations and Political Alliances ; Kanishka Publication
11. James N. Rosenau : The Scientific study of foreign Policy.
12. J. Frankel, International Politics : Conflict and Harmony, London, Penguin, 1969.
13. J. Frankel, Contemporary International Theory and the Behaviour of States
14. M. Albrow and E. King (eds.), The Global Age, Cambridge, Polity, 1996.
15. शर्मा प्रभुदत्त, अन्तराष्ट्रीय राजनीति की पृष्ठभूमि
16. महेन्द्र कुमार, अन्तराष्ट्रीय राजनीति के सैद्धान्तिक पक्ष
17. जैन, पुखराज, अन्तराष्ट्रीय सम्बन्ध
18. फड़िया, बी.एल., अन्तराष्ट्रीय सम्बन्ध
19. चड्ढा, पी.के., अन्तराष्ट्रीय सम्बन्ध
20. पंत, एच.जी., अन्तराष्ट्रीय सम्बन्ध

Group A : Political Theory
(i) Contemporary Western Political Theory

- Unit 1 Meaning, Nature, Characteristics and Varieties of Political Theory ; Issues of values and Facts–Normative, Empirical and Trans–Empirical Theory; Decline of Political theory–Arguments of Easton and Cobban; Resurgence of Political Theory–Arguments of Berlin, Blondel and Strauss.
- Unit 2 Critical Theory – Marcuse and Habermass; Value Pluralism – Berlin; open society – Popper;
- Unit 3 Contemporary Liberalism – Rawls ; Inadequacy of Liberalism – Macpherson ; Libertarianism– Hayek and Nozick; Recent Critics of Liberalism–Communitarians, post–modernists, Feminists and Marxists.
- Unit 4 Marx and the theory of the state ; concept of freedom, Justice and democracy in classical Marxism; Revisionism and its importance – Lassalle and Bernstein.
- Unit-5 Debate about the advanced Capitalist State : Gramsci, Miliband, Althusser and Poulantaz; Theory of Revolutionary change – Marx and Gramsci.

Recommended Readings –

1. B.Parekh, Contemporary Political Thinkers, Oxford, Martin Robertson, 1982.
2. H.Draper, Karl Marx's Theory of Revolution : State and Bureaucracy
3. J.A.Corlett (ed.), Equality and Liberty : Analyzing Rawls and Nozick, Basingstoke, Macmillan, 1991.
4. M.Freeden, The New Liberalism, Oxford and New York, Oxford University Press, 1978.
5. N.Poulantaz, Political power and Social Classes, London, New Left Books, 1973.
6. R.Corvi, An Introduction to the Thought of Karl Popper, London, and New York, Routledge, 1997.
7. R.Miliband, The State in the Capitalist Society, London, Weidenfeld & Nicholson, 1969.
8. S.Chang, Marxian Theory of the State, New York, Holt. 1965.
9. J.P.Sood : Western Political Thinkers
10. गाबा, ओमप्रकाश, राजनीति चिन्तन की रूपरेखा
11. मुखर्जी, सुब्रत एवं रामास्वमी सुशीला, पाश्चात्य राजनीतिक चिंतन
12. कमल, के.एल., प्रमुख पाश्चात्य राजनीतिक विचारक
13. जैन, पुखराज, कतिपय प्रमुख राजनीतिक विचारक

Group A : Political Theory
(ii) Contemporary Indian Political Theory

- Unit 1 Modern Indian political thought- Sources and Salient features – Rising voice of Indian Renaissance : Raja Ram Mohan Roy – Bankimchandra and Swami Vivekananda, R.M. Roy : Main aspects of Liberal and humanist thinking : visionary of Mother hymn Bankim Chandra – Vande Matram and Indian Nationalism – Swami Vivekananda – Spiritual Nationalism; concept of Vedantic secularism – Modern India & Swami Vivekananda
- Unit 2 Rise of Economic Nationalism – Dada Bhai Naoroji – concept of Swaraj and Drain theory – Extremists Challenge – Lokmanya Tilak and Sri Aurobindo – People oriented politics – sociology of Shivaji and Ganesh Utsavas, Views on Swarajya and Nationalism; Sri Aurobindo – concept of spiritual nationalism
- Unit 3 Legacy of Mahatma Gandhi to Indian political thought and relevance of Gandhism
 J. L.Nehru : approach to the concept of Indian Nation – World view – Gandhi & Nehru.
- Unit 4 Unit-4. Indian version of socialism – Dr. Ram Manohar Lohiya ; Philosophy of History ; Basic features of Lohiya's socialist thinking – Tragedy of Partition – evaluation. Dr.Bhim Rao Ambedkar – Sources of untouchability – untouchables and slaves; verdict on Hinduism – curse of Casteism and its annihilation.
- Unit-5 Challenge of Muslim separatism : Political ideas of Mohammad Iqbal – Two nation theory propounded by M.A.Jinnah – Absurdity of philosophy of Partition ; Views of Dr.Ambedkar and Dr.Lohiya

Recommended Readings

1. A.Appadorai, Indian Political Thinking Through the Ages, Delhi, Khanna Publishers, 1992.
2. Arora, V.K. : The Social and Political Philosophy of Vivekananda
3. Buch, M.M. : Rise and Growth of Indian Liberalism ; Rise and Growth of Militant Nationalism
4. Das, M.A. : The Political Philosophy of Jawahar Lal Nehru
5. Dhawan : Political Philosophy of Mahatma Gandhi
6. K.Damodaran, Indian Thought : A Critical Survey, London, Asia Publishing House, 1967.
7. K.P.Kaunakaran, Modern Indian Political Tradition, New Delhi, Allied Publishers, 1962.
8. Karan Singh : Aurobindo : The Prophet of Indian Nationalism
9. Lal Bahadur : Muslim League
10. Mathur, D.B. : Gokhale : Political Biography
11. Raman Murti : Non – Violence in Politics
12. Sharma, B.S. : The Political Philosophy of M.N.Roy
13. Shay : The Legacy of Lokmanya
14. V.R.Mehta, Foundations of Indian Political Thought, New Delhi, Manohar, 1992.
15. Verma, V.P. : Modern Indian Political Thought
16. राजपुरोहित कन्हैयालाल : आध्यात्मिक राष्ट्रवाद
17. गाबा, ओमप्रकाश, समकालीन राजनीति सिद्धान्त
18. राजपुरोहित, बी.आर., भारतीय राजनीतिक चिंतन
19. कमल, के.एल., भारतीय राजनीतिक चिंतन
20. शर्मा, बी.एम., शर्मा, आर.डी., एवं शर्मा, सविता, गांधी दर्शन के विविध आयाम

Group B : INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS
(i) International Law & International Organizations

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|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Unit 1 | Nature, scope and sources of International law, its definitions and basis, Relation between Municipal Law and International Law; Codification and historical evolution of International Law. International Law & Economic Development : Third World concerns Subjects of International Law: Sovereign states as International Persons. Place of Individual in International Law & Human Rights. |
| Unit 2 | Recognition : Constitutive and Declaratory Theories, Consequences of Recognition, Practice of states; Recognition of Governments, Considerations for Recognition State Succession : Rights and Duties of Successor State; State Jurisdiction : Territorial jurisdictions of State over Land, Sea and Air, Limitations and Immunities of State jurisdiction, Modes of Acquiring and Losing State territory |
| Unit 3 | Nationality : Acquisition and Loss of Nationality, Double Nationality and Statelessness Extradition : Meaning and Essentials of Extradition, Principle of Non – extradition of Political Criminals |
| Unit 4 | Treaties : Character and Functions of Treaties, Ratification, enforcement and termination of Treaties, effect of war on Treaties and Interpretation of Treaties Settlement of Disputes : Amicable Settlement of State Disputes, Compulsive Methods–U.N. and Compulsive Methods, United Nations – Structure, Functions and Role in the Post – Cold War Era. |
| Unit 5 | Place of War in International Law, Renunciation of War, Termination of War, Laws of Land, Sea and Air Warfare; Meaning of Neutrality, Rights and Duties of Neutrals, Blockade and contraband, Right of Angary, Unneutral services and Right of Visit and Search Environment and International Law : Terrorism and International Law; Human Rights |

Recommended Readings

1. Brierley : Law of Nations
2. Fenwick : International Law
3. Green : International Law Through Cases
4. Oppenheim : International Law
5. Schwargen Berger : A Manual of International Law
6. Starke : Public International Law
7. Tandon : International Law
8. W.H.Lewis (ed.), The Security Role of the United Nations, New York, Praegar, 1991.
9. I.Rikhey, Strengthening UN Peacekeeping, London, Hurst and Co., 1993.
10. टडन, अन्तराष्ट्रीय विधि
11. वेदालंकार, हरिदत्त, अन्तराष्ट्रीय कानून
12. हरिमोहन जैन, अन्तराष्ट्रीय विधि
13. भाटिया, पी.आर., अन्तराष्ट्रीय कानून
14. आसोपा, एस.के., अन्तराष्ट्रीय विधि
15. कपूर, एस.के., अन्तराष्ट्रीय विधि
16. चतुर्वेदी अरुण, तायल, विमलेन्दु, नये राष्ट्र व अन्तराष्ट्रीय विधि
17. Bannel Roy: International Organisation-Principles & Issues 1977.

Group B : INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

(ii) Theory and Practice of Diplomacy and International Financial Institutions

- Unit 1 Introduction : Meaning, nature, scope and objects of Diplomacy. Diplomacy as an instrument for the promotion of national interest; Evolution and Development of Diplomatic theory, methods and techniques from its origin to the present times—Greek, Indian, Roman, Byzantine, Italian and modern, Their Contribution to Diplomacy
- Unit 2 Characteristics of Old Diplomacy, Factors responsible for the change from Old to the New Diplomacy, salient features of New Diplomacy, Distinction between Old and the New Diplomacy. Recent Trends in Diplomatic Practice and Procedure. Democratic Diplomacy : Meaning, merits and demerits; Totalitarian Diplomacy : Meaning, nature, methods, objects, merits and demerits
- Unit 3 Diplomacy by Conference : Meaning, merits and demerits : its increasing importance : Summit Diplomacy : Meaning, merits and demerits Diplomatic Envoys : Classification, appointment, establishment and termination, Privileges, immunities and limitations of diplomatic envoy, Functions of diplomat. Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Relations; Consular Services—classification, appointment. Privileges and functions, Difference between Diplomatic relations and consular relations, ideal diplomat and its qualities
- Unit 4 Various forms of Diplomacy : Parliamentary Diplomacy, Oil Diplomacy, and Cultural Diplomacy Methods of Diplomacy : Salient features of British, American, and Indian Diplomacy
- Unit 5 The Evolution of International Financial Institutions : the Post War Bretton Woods System – the World Bank Structure and Development Activities – The International Monetary Fund Structure and Operational Review; GATT and World Trade Organisation.

Recommended Books

1. Girija Mukerjee, French School of Diplomacy
2. Hankey : Diplomacy by Conference
3. Kennedy, A.L. : Diplomacy Old and New
4. Krishnamurthy : Dynamics of Diplomacy
5. Nicolson : Diplomacy
6. Pannikar, K.M. : Principles and Practice of Diplomacy
7. Parson, Diplomacy in the Nuclear Age
8. Rathore, L.S. : The Foundations of Diplomacy
9. Regall, Trends in Diplomatic Practice
10. Satow, Guide to a Diplomatic Practice
11. Strong, The Diplomatic Career
12. Webster, The Art and Practice of Diplomacy
13. Arun Chaturvedi : Con. Diplomatic law in contemporary Int. relations.
14. H.Kissinger, Diplomacy, New York, Simon and Schuster, 1994.
15. L.B.Pearson, Diplomacy in a Nuclear Age
16. G.Young, Diplomacy Old and New, London, Swarthmore Press, 1921.
17. गांधीजी, रॉय, राजनय के सिद्धान्त
18. शर्मा एच.सी., राजनय के सिद्धान्त
19. रॉय, एम.पी., राजनय के सिद्धान्त एवं व्यवहार

**‘C’ “PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION”
(i) Indian Administration**

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|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Unit 1 | Evolution of Indian Administration – Kautilya, Mughal period & British legacy. Constitutional framework : Political Structure and Administration –President, Prime Minister and Council of Ministers. |
| Unit 2 | Structure of Central Administration : Cabinet Secretariat , Prime Minister's Office, Central Secretariat, Major Ministries & Departments. |
| Unit 3 | Public Services : All India Services, Central Services; Union Public Service Commission, Training in the changing context of governance. Relationship between Political and Permanent Executive, Generalist and Specialist in Administration |
| Unit 4 | Economic Administration : Centre-State Financial Relations; Finance Commission, Composition and Working of Planning Commission and National Development Council – Impact of Planning on Federalism; Economic Liberalization and Globalization and their Impact on Administration. |
| Unit 5 | Administrative Reforms : Reforms since Independence – Reports of the Administrative Reforms Commission, Recommendations of the Sarkaria Commission – Machinery for the Removal of Citizen's Grievances in India. |

Recommended Readings

1. Maheshwari, S.R. : Indian Administration
2. Jain, R.B. : Contemporary Issues in Indian Administration
3. Jain, R.B. : Public Administration in India : 21st Century Challenges for Good Government (Deep & Deep, 2002)
4. Hoshier Singh & Mohendra Singh : Public Administration in India
5. Parmatma Sharan : Public Administration in India.
6. Mishra, B.B. : Government and Bureaucracy in India
7. J.S. Meena : Sookhana ka Adhikar ; Lok Sewa Gurantee kanoon
8. Ashok Chanda : Indian Administration
9. Kaushik, S.L. & Others (eds.) : Public Administration in India
10. Arora & Others (eds.) : Indian Administrative System
11. R.K.Arora (ed.) Administrative Change in India, Jaipur, Alekh Publishers, 1974
12. C.P.Bhambri, Bureaucracy and Politics in India, Delhi, Vikas Publications, 1971.
13. Mohit Bhattacharya, Bureaucracy and Development Administration, New Delhi, Uppal, 1978.
14. Administrative Reform Commission (Chairman : K.Hanumanthaiya), Report on Economic Administration, Delhi, the Manager of Publication, 1968.
15. Ramesh Arora & Rajni Goyal: Indian Public Administration
16. . P.D. Sharma & B.M. Sharma : Indian Administration.(H&E)
17. होशियार सिंह : भारतीय प्रशासन (किताब महल , नई दिल्ली
18. फड़िया, बी.एल., भारत में लोकप्रशासन
19. अवस्थी एवं अवस्थी, भारतीय प्रशासन
20. माहेश्वरी, एस.आर., भारतीय प्रशासन

GROUP 'C' "PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION"
(ii) Local Self Government & Development Administration in India

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|--------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Unit 1 | Meaning and Importance of Local Self Government; Evolution of Local Self Government in India; Characteristics of 73 rd and 74 th Constitution Amendment Acts. |
| Unit 2 | Rural Local Self Government with special reference to Rajasthan—Composition, functions and role of Gram Sabha, Panchayats, Panchayat Samities and Zila Parishad – Role and functions of Vikas Adhikari and Chief Executive Officer. |
| Unit 3 | Urban Local Self Government with special reference to Rajasthan – Composition, functions and role of municipalities and Municipal Corporations; State Finance Commission; State Control over Local Bodies. |
| Unit 4 | Development Administration : Machinery of Development at Local Level – District Collector, District Plans and Role of Voluntary Agencies. |
| Unit 5 | Trends and Problems of Local Self Government : New Trends in People's Self Development and Empowerment ; Electoral Politics at Local Level and Role of State Election Commission; Rural Development Programmes and Problems of Implementation; Impact of Panchayati Raj on Developmental Process. |

Recommended Readings

1. Iqbal Narain And P.C. Mathur : Panchayati Raj-Old Controls And New Challenges
2. R.K.Sapru : Development Administration, 1994
3. A.Bajpai, Panchayati Raj and Rural Development, Delhi, Sahitya Prakashan, 1997.
4. T.N.Chaturvedi (ed.), Local Government, New Delhi, Indian Institute of Public Administration, 1984.
5. S.N.Jha, and P.C.Mathur, Decentralization and Local Politics, New Delhi, Sage, 1999.
6. S.Maheshwari, Local Government in India, Agra, Lakshmi Narain Agarwal, 1996.
7. S.N.Mishra, Rural Development and Panchayati Raj, New Delhi, Concept, 1981.
8. G.Ram Reddy, Pattern of Panchayati Raj in India, Delhi, Macmillian, 1977.
9. D.Thakur and S.N.Singh (eds.), District Planning and Panchayati Raj, New Delhi, Deep and Deep, 1991.
10. C.P.Bhambri, Administration in Changing Society, Delhi, National, 1978.
11. O.P.Dwivedi, Development Administration : From Underdeveloped to Sustainable Development, Houndmills, Macmillian, 1994.
12. G.F.Grant, Development Administration : Concepts, Goals, Methods, Madison, University of Wisconsin, 1979.
13. श्री राम माहेश्वरी : भारत में स्थानीय शासन
14. मीणा, जनकसिंह, भारत में ग्रामीण विकास प्रशासन, 2012

15. शर्मा, अशोक, भारत में स्थानीय प्रशासन, 2012
16. शर्मा, रविन्द्र, भारत में स्थानीय प्रशासन, 2012
17. जोशी, प्रीता, विकास प्रशासन, 2012
18. अवस्थी, विकास प्रशासन, 2010
19. सचदेवा, प्रदीप, भारत में स्थानीय सरकार 2012
20. मीणा, जनकसिंह, ग्रामीण विकास के विविध आयाम, 2010
21. बर्थवाल, सी.पी., स्थानीय स्वशासन

Group D – INDIAN POLITICS
Paper – I Federalism and State Politics in India

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|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Unit 1 | Theoretical framework for the study of State politics within the framework of the Indian Constitution; Evolution of States in India; Linguistic States and the States Reorganization ;Socio – Economic determinants of State Politics; Practice and Patterns of State politics; Emerging trends in State Politics in India. |
| Unit 2 | The Indian Federal System : Background, Evolution and Nature of Federalism in India; Developments in Indian Federalism since 1947; Centre–State Relations–Legislative, Administrative and Financial Relations ; Economic Planning and Federalism; The Party System and Political Dynamics of federalism ; Demands for Greater autonomy f or States; Trends and Problems in the working of Centre – State relations; An overview of the recommendations of the commission on Centre-State Relations. |
| Unit 3 | State Government : The office of the Governor – Mode of Appointment, Powers and functions; Role of Governor in State Politics and Constitutional position. The office of the Chief Minister; Powers and functions and emerging role in State Politics; The Council of Ministers in State Politics; The State Legislature – Its organisation, functions and emerging role in State Politics. |
| Unit 4 | Defections and State Politics in India with reference to the study of the Politics of defections in Haryana, Rajasthan and Bihar. Coalition Politics in the Indian States with reference to the study of the working of coalition government in Kerala, West Bengal and Uttar Pradesh. Role of Regional Political Parties in India with reference to the study of the Akali Dal, the Telugu Desham and AIADMK. |
| Unit 5 | State Politics in Rajasthan – Integration of Princely States and Emergence of modern Rajasthan; Princes in Rajasthan Politics; Electoral Politics and Political developments in Rajasthan; Political Parties in Rajasthan; Role of opposition in Rajasthan Vidhan Sabha; Caste and Politics in Rajasthan; Main features of State Politics in Rajasthan |

Recommended Readings

1. Ashok Chanda : Federalism in India : A Study of Union – State Relations
3. B.L.Panagariya : State Politics in India
4. Bombwall, K.R. : The Foundations of Indian Federalism
6. Iqbal Narain (ed.) : State Politics in India
7. I.N.Tewari : State Politics in India
8. Kamal, K.L. : Spotlight on Rajasthan Politics
9. Kashyap, Subhash : The Politics of Defection : A Study of State Politics in India
10. Menon, V.P. : The Story of Integration of Indian States
11. Myron Weiner and John Osgood Field (eds.) : Electoral Politics in the Indian States (4 vols.)

12. Paul Brass : Functional Politics in an Indian State
13. Paul Wallace and Surendra Chopra (eds.) : Political Dynamics of Punjab (4 vols.)
14. Richard Sission : The Congress Party in Rajasthan : Political Integration and Institution Building in an Indian State
15. Santhanam : Union-State Relations in India
16. Sudha Pai : State Politics – New Dimensions
17. Weiner, Myron (ed.) : State Politics in India
18. Rajni Kothari : Politics in India, 2012

Group D – INDIAN POLITICS
Paper II – Political Parties and Electoral Politics in India

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|--------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Unit 1 | Party System in India, Origins of Political Parties : From the Establishment of the Indian National Congress in 1885 to the Congress System – Nature of Party System in the Post Independent India, Classification of Political Parties–National Political Parties : Their origin, programme, organization and support base, Salient Features of the Party System in India, Emerging bipolar party system. |
| Unit 2 | Regional Political Parties : their origin, programme, organization and support base, Patterns of Interaction between National and Regional Political Parties. |
| Unit 3 | Pressure Groups in Indian Politics, Historical background, Types of Pressure Groups in India, Major Pressure Groups with special reference to trade unions, chambers of commerce, Agarian interest groups, Human Rights and Environmental movements/groups, Salient features of the Indian Model of Pressure Groups. |
| Unit 4 | Electoral System in India since 1950, Election Commission of India : Powers, Functions and Emerging Role, Electoral Politics and Lok Sabha Elections, Electoral Politics and Vidhan Sabha Elections, Elections and the Process of politicization, Anti-Defection Law : A Critical Study, Problems of Election Commission in conducting Free and Fair Elections. |
| Unit 5 | Electoral Reforms in India : Tarkunde, Goswami and Indrajit Gupta Reports, Code of Conduct for Free and Fair Elections, Determinants of Voting Behaviour, Majoritarian Parliamentary System vs Representational Parliamentary System. |

Recommended Readings

1. B.Arora, Political Parties and Party System : The Emergence of New Coalitions, memo, Dec., 1979.
2. C.Baxter, The Jana Sangh : A Biography of an Indian Party, Philadelphia, University of Pennsylvania Press, 1969.
3. P.Brass, Caste, Faction and Party in Indian Politics, vols. 2, Delhi, Chanakya Publications, 1984- 1985.
4. P.Brass, Factional Politics in a Indian State : The Congress Party in Uttar Pradesh, Berkeley, University of California Press, 1966.
5. A.Burger, Opposition in a Dominant Party System, Berkeley, University of California Press, 1969
6. ML.Franda and P.Brass (eds.), Radical Politics in South Asia, Cambridge Massachusetts, MIT, 1973.
7. C.Fuller and C.Jafferlot (eds.), The BJP and the Comulsions of Politics in India, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1998.
8. H.Hartman, Political Parties in India, Merrut, Meenakshi Prakashan, 1980.

9. R.Kothari, "The Congress System Revisited : A Decennial Review", Asian Survey, 1974.,
10. R.Kothari, Party System and Election Studies, Bombay, Asia Publishing House, 1967.
11. S.Kochanek, The Congress Party of India : The Dynamics of One Party Democracy, Princeton : Princeton University Press, 1968.
12. B.Sengupta, Communism in Indian Politics, New York, Columbia University Press, 1972.
13. B.Sengupta, CPI-M: Promises, Prospects and Problems, New Delhi, Young Asia, 1979.
14. M.Weiner, Party Politics in India, Princeton NJ, Princeton University Press, 1957.
15. M.Weiner, Party Building in a New Nation : The Indian National Congress, Chicago, University of Chicago Press, 1967.
16. A.Bajpyee, Indian Electoral System : An Analytical Study, New Delhi, Nardeen Book Centre, 1992.
17. A.K.Bhagat, Elections and Electoral Reforms in India, Delhi, Vikas, 1996.
18. V.Grover (ed.), Election and Politics in India, New Delhi, Deep and Deep, 1989.
19. S.Kaushik, Election in India : its Social Bases, New Delhi, K.P.Bagchi and Co., 1982.
20. M.D.Palmer, Elections and Political Development : The South Asian Experience
21. S.L.Shakdher, The Law and Practice of Elections in India, New Delhi, national, 1992.
22. S.L.Shakdher, Electoral Reforms in India, New Delhi, National 1992.
24. माथुर, पी.सी. एवं शर्मा, रविन्द्र, (संपादित), भारती में पंचायतीराज निर्वाचन, 2013

M.A.(Final) Examination

Paper IX

Research Methodology

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|--------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Unit 1 | Meaning and Nature of Research, Role of Research in Social Science with special reference to Political Science; Forms of Research-Normative, Empirical and Behavioural, Concepts and Variable, Scientific Research : Characteristics and types. |
| Unit 2 | Models and Paradigms; Theory Building in Political Science, Scientific Method: Meaning, Nature, Aims and Steps of Scientific Method. |
| Unit 3 | Formulation of Research Problem: Research Design, Concept of Hypothesis, Sources of Data-Primary and Secondary, Sampling, Selection of Universe. |
| Unit 4 | Techniques of Data Collection-Observation, Questionnaire and Schedules, Interviews, Content Analysis, Various Forms of Studies-Panel, Case, Area. |
| Unit 5 | Levels of Measurement and Problems of Measurement in Social Research, Techniques of Scaling and Index Construction, Coding and Tabulation, Data Analysis, Report Writing, Analysis of the problem, Research Ethics. |

Recommended Readings –

1. Goode, W.J. and Hatt, P.K., 'Methods in Social Science Research'. New Delhi, McGraw Hill, 1986
2. Halperin, Sandra and Heath, Oliver, 'Political Research : Methods and Practical Skills', New York, Oxford University Press, 2012.
3. Kothari, C.R., 'Research Methodology', Delhi, New Age International, Wishwa Publications, 2008.
4. Jaspal Singh, Instruement of Social Research, Rawat Publications, Jaipur.
5. Wilkinson & Bhandarkar, Methodology and Techniques of Social Research, Himalaya Publishing House, Delhi.

6. Young, P.V., 'Scientific Social Survey & Research', Prentice – Hall Inc., New York, NY, U.S.A. 1946.
7. Trivedi, R.N. and Shukla, D.P., 'Research Methodology' (Hindi & Eng.) College Book Depot Jaipur, 2007.
8. Ahuja, Ram, 'Research Methodology' (Hindi & English), Rawat Publication, Jaipur.
9. वर्मा, एस.एल., 'राजनीति विज्ञान में अनुसंधान प्रविधि', राजस्थान हिन्दी ग्रन्थ अकादमी, जयपुर।
10. वेद प्रकाश शर्मा, 'अनुसंधान प्रविधि', पंचशील प्रकाशन, जयपुर।
11. सिंहल, एस.सी., 'राजनीति विज्ञान में अनुसन्धान पद्धतियाँ', लक्ष्मीनारायण अग्रवाल, आगरा।
12. पाण्डेय, गणेश एवं पांडेय अरुणा, 'शोध प्रविधि', राधा पब्लिकेशन्स, दिल्ली।
13. रावत, हरिकृष्ण, 'सामाजिक शोध की विधियाँ', रावत पब्लिकेशन्स, जयपुर।

एम.ए. उत्तरार्द्ध राजनीति विज्ञान

पंचम प्रश्न पत्र

समकालीन भारतीय एवं पाश्चात्य राजनीतिक चिन्तन

- इकाई 1 भारतीय नवोत्थान – प्रमुख विशेषताएँ, भारतीय नवोत्थान के अग्रदूत – राजा राम मोहन रॉय; उदारवादी एवं मानवतावादी झुकाव— स्वतंत्रता, कानून और नैतिकता संबंधी विचार मूल्यांकन। कर्मठ वेदान्ती स्वामी विवेकानन्द; वेदान्ती पंथ निरपेक्षतावाद, आध्यात्मिक राष्ट्रवाद की अवधारणा एवं स्वामी विवेकानन्द की देन। भारतीय राजनीति में उग्रवाद की चुनौती : लोकमान्य तिलक (बाल गंगाधर तिलक) के राजनीतिक विचार, क्रान्तिकारी राष्ट्रवाद – नेताजी सुभाषचन्द्र बोस राष्ट्र दर्शन, भारतीय स्वाधीनता संग्राम का स्वरूप।
- इकाई 2 महात्मा गाँधी— राजनीतिक चिन्तन के दार्शनिक आधार, साम्राज्यवाद एवं लोकतंत्र संबंधी विचार, भारतीय राजतंत्र का पुनर्निर्माण। डॉ.भीमराव अम्बेडकर; विद्रोह का स्वर – हिन्दू सामाजिक संगठन और उसके विशिष्ट लक्षण। जाति प्रथा का अभिशाप, समूलोच्छेद क्यों और कैसे ? बुद्ध और कार्ल मार्क्स का तुलनात्मक अध्ययन। डॉ.राम मनोहर लोहिया—इतिहास दर्शन, लोहिया के समाजवादी दर्शन की मुख्य विशेषताएँ— हिन्दू मुस्लिम समस्याएँ, आलोचनात्मक मूल्यांकन।
- इकाई 3 राजनीतिक सिद्धान्त की प्रकृति और महत्व। क्लासिकल (शास्त्रीय) परम्परा का महत्व। अधिमूल्य तथ्य द्वन्द्व, राजनीतिक सिद्धान्त में व्यवहारवादी और उत्तर व्यवहारवादी आन्दोलन।
- इकाई 4 राजनीतिक सिद्धान्त की विभिन्न व्याख्याएँ। परम्परागत परम्पराओं की सीमाएँ। राजनीतिक चिन्तन की अवनति (ह्रास)के विषय पर बहस। राजनीतिक सिद्धान्त के पुनरुत्थान का स्वरूप।
- इकाई 5 विचारधारा के अन्त संबंधी बहस तथा उसका राजनीतिक सिद्धान्त पर प्रभाव। इतिहास के अंत सम्बन्धी बहस, राजनीतिक सिद्धान्त में अधुनातन प्रवृत्तियाँ।

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षष्ठम् प्रश्न पत्र

अन्तरराष्ट्रीय सम्बन्ध के सिद्धान्त एवं समकालीन राजनीतिक मुद्दे

- इकाई 1 परिचय — अन्तरराष्ट्रीय संबंध का अर्थ एवं बुनियादी विशेषताएँ। अन्तरराष्ट्रीय संबंधों के अध्ययन संबंधी प्रतिस्पर्द्धी सिद्धान्त एवं अभिगम — प्रत्ययवादी (आदर्शवादी), यथार्थवादी, व्यवस्था अभिगम, क्रीड़ा सिद्धान्त, संप्रेषण एवं निर्णय लेने संबंधी अभिगम
- इकाई 2 राष्ट्रीय शक्ति; अर्थ एवं तत्व, शक्ति हेतु यथास्थिति साम्राज्यवाद और प्रतिष्ठा के रूप में संघर्ष। राष्ट्रीय शक्ति की सीमाएँ, शक्ति संतुलन एवं सामूहिक सुरक्षा। राष्ट्रीय हित—सूत्रीकरण एवं संवर्धन।
- इकाई 3 असंलग्नता की अवधारणा — आधार, भूमिका एवं प्रासंगिकता, निःशस्त्रीकरण एवं शस्त्र नियंत्रण सी.टी.बी.टी. एवं एन.पी.टी., क्षेत्रीय संगठन; सार्क और आसियान, शीतयुद्ध की समाप्ति में सहायक तत्व, शीत युद्धोत्तर युग में समकालीन मुद्दे।
- इकाई 4 उत्तर-दक्षिणी संबंधों के मुख्य मुद्दे। उदारीकरण, निजीकरण एवं भूमंडलीकरण, पर्यावरणीय मुद्दे, मानवाधिकार एवं आतंकवाद।
- इकाई 5 अन्तरराष्ट्रीय मामलों में भारत की भूमिका; भारतीय विदेश नीति की बुनियादी विशेषताएँ और उसमें उभरती हुई प्रवृत्तियाँ, भारत के संयुक्त राज्य अमेरिका, चीन एवं पाकिस्तान के साथ सम्बन्ध, संयुक्त राज्य अमेरिका और चीन की विदेश नीति— मुख्य मुद्दे और वर्तमान विकास

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ग्रुप ए : राजनीतिक सिद्धान्त

(i) "समकालीन पाश्चात्य राजनीतिक सिद्धान्त"

- इकाई 1 राजनीतिक सिद्धान्त का अर्थ, प्रकृति, विशेषताएं एवं प्रकार, मूल्य एवं तथ्यों संबंधी मुद्दे। मानवीय, अनुभववादी एवं अनुभववादी सिद्धान्त से परे की धारणा। राजनीतिक सिद्धान्त की अवनति और इस संबंध में ईस्टन और कोबन के तर्क। राजनीतिक सिद्धान्त के पुनरुत्थान के बारे में बर्लिन, ब्लॉडल और स्ट्रॉस के तर्क।
- इकाई 2 विवेचनात्मक सिद्धान्त – मारक्यूस और हेबरमास, बर्लिन का अधिमूल्य बहुलवाद और पॉपर का मुक्त समाज सिद्धान्त
- इकाई 3 समकालीन उदारवाद—रॉल्स, मैक्फरसन के उदारवाद की अपर्याप्तता। हायेक व नॉजिक की इच्छा स्वातंत्र्यवाद की धारणा, उदारवाद के हाल के आलोचक समुदायवादी, उत्तर आधुनिकतावादी, नारीवादी और मार्क्सवादी।
- इकाई 4 कार्ल मार्क्स और राज्य सिद्धान्त, स्वतंत्रता की अवधारणा, शास्त्रीय मार्क्सवाद में न्याय और लोकतंत्र, संशोधनवाद और उसका महत्व— लासले और बर्नस्टेन
- इकाई 5 अग्रवर्ती पूंजीवादी राज्य विषयक बहस : ग्रामसी, मिलिबेन्ड, अल्थूसर और पॉलेन्ताज, क्रान्तिकारी परिवर्तन के सिद्धान्त— मार्क्स और ग्रामसी

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ग्रुप ए : राजनीतिक सिद्धान्त

(ii) "समकालीन भारतीय राजनीतिक सिद्धान्त"

- इकाई 1 आधुनिक भारतीय राजनीतिक चिन्तन— स्रोत एवं मुख्य विशेषताएं। भारतीय नवोत्थान की उभरती वाणी (स्वर); राजा राम मोहन रॉय, बंकिमचन्द्र और स्वामी विवेकानन्द। राजा राममोहनरॉय; उदारवादी, मानवतावादी चिन्तन के मुख्य पहलू। मातृ स्तवन के दृष्टा — बंकिमचन्द्र— वन्देमातरम् और भारतीय राष्ट्रवाद, स्वामी विवेकानन्द—आध्यात्मिक राष्ट्रवाद, वेदांती पंथनिरपेक्षता की अवधारणा, आधुनिक भारत एवं स्वामी विवेकानन्द
- इकाई 2 आर्थिक राष्ट्रवाद का उदय — दादा भाई नौरोजी, स्वराज्य की अवधारणा और निर्गम सिद्धान्त। उग्रवादी चुनौती, लोकमान्य तिलक और श्री अरविन्दो—जनाभिमुख राजनीति। शिवाजी और गणेश उत्सवों का समाजशास्त्र, स्वराज्य और राष्ट्रवाद संबंधी दृष्टिकोण, श्री अरविन्दों— आध्यात्मिक राष्ट्रवाद की अवधारणा।
- इकाई 3 भारतीय राजनीतिक चिन्तन को महात्मा गाँधी की देन और गाँधीवाद की प्रासंगिकता, जवाहरलाल नेहरू — भारतीय राष्ट्र संबंधी अवधारणा, विश्व दृष्टि— गाँधी और नेहरू
- इकाई 4 समाजवाद का भारतीय संस्करण— डॉ.राममनोहर लोहिया; इतिहास दर्शन, लोहिया के समाजवादी चिन्तन की मुख्य विशेषताएँ। विभाजन की त्रासदी, मूल्यांकन। डॉ.भीमराव अम्बेडकर — अस्पृश्यता के स्रोत— अस्पृश्यता एवं दास, हिन्दू धर्म संबंधी मत। जातिवाद का अभिशाप एवं समूलोच्छेद।

इकाई 5 मुस्लिम पृथक्तावाद की चुनौती : मोहम्मद इक़बाल के राजनीतिक विचार—
मोहम्मद अली जिन्ना द्वारा प्रतिपादित द्विराष्ट्र सिद्धान्त। विभाजन के दर्शन की
विसंगति। डॉ.अम्बेडकर और डॉ.लोहिया के विचार।

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ग्रुप बी : अन्तरराष्ट्रीय सम्बन्ध

(i) “अन्तरराष्ट्रीय कानून एवं अन्तरराष्ट्रीय संगठन”

- इकाई 1 अन्तरराष्ट्रीय कानून की प्रकृति, क्षेत्र एवं स्रोत, इसकी परिभाषाएँ एवं आधार,
नगरपालिका कानून एवं अन्तरराष्ट्रीय कानून में सम्बन्ध। अन्तरराष्ट्रीय कानून
का संहिताकरण एवं ऐतिहासिक विकास, अन्तरराष्ट्रीय कानून और आर्थिक
विकास। अन्तरराष्ट्रीय कानून के तीसरी दुनिया से सम्बद्ध मुद्दे; संप्रभु राज्य
अन्तरराष्ट्रीय व्यक्ति के रूप में। अन्तरराष्ट्रीय कानून एवं मानवाधिकारों में
व्यक्ति का स्थान।
- इकाई 2 मान्यता : संगठक एवं घोषणात्मक सिद्धान्त, मान्यता के परिणाम, राज्यों की
प्रक्रिया, सरकारों की मान्यता, मान्यता प्रदान करने के आधार। राज्य
उत्तराधिकार : उत्तराधिकारी राज्य के अधिकार और दायित्व, राज्य के
क्षेत्राधिकार – भूमि, समुद्र और आकाश पर राज्य का प्रादेशिक क्षेत्राधिकार।
राज्य के क्षेत्राधिकार की सीमाएँ एवं उन्मुक्तियाँ। राज्य का प्रदेश (क्षेत्र) प्राप्त
करने और खोने के तरीके।
- इकाई 3 राष्ट्रीयता : राष्ट्रीयता की प्राप्ति और विलुप्ति, दोहरी राष्ट्रीयता और राज्यहीनता
की स्थिति। प्रत्यापण – अर्थ एवं प्रत्यापण के मूल तत्व, राजनीतिक अपराधियों
के प्रत्यापण का सिद्धान्त।

- इकाई 4 संधियाँ – संधियाँ का स्वरूप और कार्य, पुष्टिकरण, संधियाँ का क्रियान्वयन और समाप्ति। संधियाँ पर युद्ध का प्रभाव और संधियाँ की व्याख्या। विवादों का समाधान : राज्यों के विवादों का शान्तिपूर्ण समाधान। संयुक्त राष्ट्र संघ द्वारा बाध्यतापूर्ण तरीके (उपाय)। संयुक्त राष्ट्र संघ का संगठन, कार्य और शीतयुद्ध के उत्तरवादी युग में उसकी भूमिका।
- इकाई 5 अन्तरराष्ट्रीय कानून में युद्ध का स्थान, युद्ध का त्याग, युद्ध का अन्त, भूमि, समुद्र और हवाई युद्ध के नियम। तटस्थता का अर्थ, तटस्थ देशों के अधिकार और कर्तव्य, नाकेबन्दी और निषिद्ध वस्तुएँ; संकटाधिकार; गैर तटस्थ सेवाएँ निरीक्षण और खोजबीन का अधिकार। पर्यावरण और अन्तरराष्ट्रीय कानून : आतंकवाद और अन्तर राष्ट्रीय कानून; मानवाधिकार।

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ग्रुप बी : अन्तरराष्ट्रीय सम्बन्ध

(ii) “राजनय का सिद्धान्त एवं व्यवहार एवं अन्तर राष्ट्रीय वित्तीय संस्थाएँ”

- इकाई 1 परिचय — राजनय का अर्थ, प्रकृति एवं क्षेत्र, उद्देश्य। राष्ट्रीय हितों के संवर्धन के साधक के रूप में राजनय। राजनयिक सिद्धान्त का उद्भव एवं विकास। राजनय के उद्भव में आधुनिक समय से वर्तमान तक इसके तरीके और प्रविधियाँ। यूनानी, भारतीय, रोमन, बाइजेन्टाइन, इटालियन और आधुनिक, उनकी राजनय को देन।
- इकाई 2 प्राचीन राजनय के लक्षण (विशेषताएँ), प्राचीन राजनय से नवीन राजनय में परिवर्तित होने के उत्तरदायी तत्व। अभिनव राजनय की मुख्य विशेषताएँ। प्राचीन और नवीन राजनय में अन्तर। राजनयिक व्यवहार और प्रक्रिया में आधुनिक प्रवृत्तियाँ। लोकतांत्रिक राजनय — अर्थ, गुण-दोष, सर्वाधिकारवादी राजनय — अर्थ, प्रकृति, पद्धति, उद्देश्य, गुण एवं दोष।
- इकाई 3 सम्मेलन के माध्यम से राजनय — अर्थ, गुण-दोष, इसकी बढ़ती हुई महत्ता। शिखर राजनय; अर्थ गुण एवं दोष, राजनयिक दूत : वर्गीकरण, नियुक्ति, स्थापन एवं सेवा समाप्ति, विशेषाधिकार, विमुक्तियाँ तथा राजनयिक दूत की सीमाएँ। कूटनीतिक के कार्य। कूटनीति संबंधी वियेना कन्वेंशन। वाणिज्य दूतावासी सेवाएँ-वर्गीकरण, नियुक्ति, विशेषाधिकार एवं कार्य, कूटनीतिक संबंध और वाणिज्यिक संबंध में अंतर, आदर्श कूटनीतिज्ञ और उसके गुण।
- इकाई 4 कूटनीति (राजनय) के विभिन्न प्रकार : संसदीय राजनय, तेल राजनय और सांस्कृतिक राजनय। राजनय के तरीके : ब्रिटिश, अमेरिका और भारतीय राजनय की मुख्य विशेषताएँ
- इकाई 5 अन्तरराष्ट्रीय वित्तीय संस्थाओं का विकास : द्वितीय विश्वयुद्धोत्तर ब्रेटनवुड्स व्यवस्था, विश्व बैंक संरचना एवं विकासात्मक क्रियाकलाप। अन्तरराष्ट्रीय मुद्रा कोष : संरचना और कार्यात्मक पुनरीक्षण। गैट एवं (वर्ल्ड ट्रेड आर्गनाइजेशन) विश्व व्यापार संगठन।

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
ग्रुप सी : लोक प्रशासन

(i) "भारतीय प्रशासन"

- इकाई 1 भारतीय प्रशासन का विकास— कौटिल्य, मुगलयुग और ब्रिटिश वसीयत। संवैधानिक ढाँचा : राजनीतिक संरचना और प्रशासन— राष्ट्रपति, प्रधानमंत्री और मंत्रिपरिषद्
- इकाई 2 केन्द्रीय प्रशासन की संरचना : मंत्रिमंडल सचिवालय, प्रधानमंत्री कार्यालय, केन्द्रीय सचिवालय, प्रमुख मंत्रालय और विभाग
- इकाई 3 लोक सेवाएँ : अखिल भारतीय सेवाएँ, केन्द्रीय सेवाएँ। संघीय लोक सेवा आयोग। शासन के बदलते हुए संदर्भ में प्रशिक्षण। राजनीतिक और स्थायी कार्यपालिका के बीच सम्बन्ध, प्रशासन में विशेषज्ञ और सामान्य
- इकाई 4 आर्थिक प्रशासन : केन्द्र—राज्य वित्तीय सम्बन्ध, वित्त आयोग, योजना आयोग का संगठन और कार्यप्रणाली, राष्ट्रीय विकास परिषद्, संघवाद पर आयोजन का प्रभाव। आर्थिक उदारीकरण, भूमंडलीकरण और प्रशासन पर इसका प्रभाव।
- इकाई 5 प्रशासनिक सुधार; स्वतंत्रता के अनुवर्ती युग में सुधार। प्रशासनिक सुधार आयोग का प्रतिवेदन, सरकारिया आयोग की सिफारिशें, नागरिकों की शिकायतों के निवारण के लिए भारत में विद्यमान व्यवस्था।

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ग्रुप सी : लोक प्रशासन
(ii) “स्थानीय स्वशासन और भारत में विकास प्रशासन”

- इकाई 1 स्थानीय स्वशासन का अर्थ और महत्व, भारत में स्थानीय स्वशासन का विकास, 73वें और 74वें संवैधानिक संशोधन अधिनियम की विशेषताएँ।
- इकाई 2 राजस्थान के विशेष संदर्भ में ग्रामीण स्थानीय स्वशासन : ग्रामसभा की संरचना, कार्य एवं भूमिका। पंचायत समितियाँ, जिला परिषद्— विकास अधिकारी और मुख्य कार्यकारी अधिकारी की भूमिका और कार्य।
- इकाई 3 राजस्थान के विशेष संदर्भ में नगरीय स्थानीय स्वशासन — नगरपालिका तथा नगरनगमों की संरचना, कार्य और भूमिका; राज्य वित्त आयोग, स्थानीय निकायों पर राज्य का नियंत्रण।
- इकाई 4 विकास प्रशासन : स्थानीय स्तर पर विकास की मशीनरी—जिलाधीश, जिला नियोजन और स्वयंसेवी अभिकरणों की भूमिका।
- इकाई 5 स्थायी स्वशासन की प्रवृत्तियाँ एवं समस्याएँ : लोक आत्मविकास और सशक्तिकरण में अभिनव प्रवृत्तियाँ, स्थानीय स्तर पर चुनावी राजनीति और राज्य निर्वाचन आयोग की भूमिका, ग्रामीण विकास कार्यक्रम और उसके क्रियान्वयन की समस्याएँ। विकास प्रक्रिया पर पंचायतीराज का प्रभाव।

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ग्रुप डी : भारतीय राजनीति

(i) “संघवाद और भारत में राज्यीय राजनीति”

- इकाई 1 भारतीय संविधान के ढांचे के अन्तर्गत राज्य राजनीति के अध्ययन का सैद्धान्तिक ढांचा। भारत में राज्यों का विकास, भाषायी राज्य और राज्यों का पुनर्गठन, राज्यीय राजनीति के सामाजिक और आर्थिक निर्धारक तत्व। राज्यीय राजनीति का व्यावहारिक रूप। भारत में राज्यीय राजनीति की उभरती हुई प्रवृत्तियाँ
- इकाई 2 भारतीय संघीय व्यवस्था : पृष्ठभूमि, भारत में संघवाद का विकास और प्रकृति। 1947 से भारत में संघवाद का विकास। केन्द्र-राज्य सम्बन्ध – विधायी, प्रशासनिक और वित्तीय संबंध, आर्थिक आयोजन और संघवाद, दलीय व्यवस्था और संघवाद की राजनीतिक गत्यात्मकता, राज्यों के लिए वृहत्तर स्वायत्तता की माँग। केन्द्र-राज्य कार्यशैली सम्बन्धों में प्रवृत्तियाँ एवं समस्याएँ, केन्द्र-राज्य सम्बन्धों पर गठित आयोग की सिफारिशों पर एक नजर।
- इकाई 3 राज्य सरकार : राज्यपाल का पद, नियुक्ति का तरीका, शक्तियाँ और कार्य। राज्यीय राजनीति में राज्यपाल की भूमिका और संवैधानिक स्थिति। मुख्यमंत्री का कार्यालय— शक्तियाँ, कार्य और राज्यीय राजनीति में उभरती भूमिका, राज्य की राजनीति में मंत्रिपरिषद्; राज्य व्यवस्थापिका—संगठन, कार्य और राज्य की राजनीति में उभरती हुई भूमिका।
- इकाई 4 दल बदल और भारत में राज्यीय राजनीति – हरियाणा, राजस्थान एवं बिहार में दल बदल राजनीति के अध्ययन के संदर्भ में। भारतीय राज्यों में साझा (मिलीजुली) राजनीति, केरल, पश्चिमी बंगाल और उत्तर प्रदेश में साझा सरकारों के कार्यशीलता के संदर्भ में। भारत में क्षेत्रीय राजनीतिक दलों की भूमिका ए. आई.ए.डी.एम.के., अकालीदल, तेलगुदेशम, और अखिल भारतीय अन्नाद्रमुक कड़गम के संदर्भ में
- इकाई 5 राजस्थान में राज्यीय राजनीति— रियासतों का एकीकरण और आधुनिक राजस्थान का उद्भव। राजस्थान की राजनीति में राजाओं की भूमिका। राजस्थान में चुनावी राजनीति और राजनीतिक विकास। राजस्थान में राजनीतिक दल। राजस्थान विधानसभा में विपक्ष की भूमिका। राजस्थान में जाति और राजनीति। राजस्थान में राज्यीय राजनीति की मुख्य विशेषताएँ।

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ग्रुप डी : भारतीय राजनीति
(ii) राजनीतिक दल और भारत में चुनावी राजनीति

- इकाई 1 भारत में दलीय व्यवस्था, राजनीतिक दलों का उद्भव; 1885 में भारतीय राष्ट्रीय कांग्रेस की स्थापना से (आज की) कांग्रेस व्यवस्था तक। स्वतंत्रता के बाद (उत्तरवर्ती) भारत में दलीय व्यवस्था की प्रकृति। राजनीतिक दलों का वर्गीकरण— राष्ट्रीय राजनीतिक दल उनका उद्भव, कार्यक्रम, संगठन और समर्थन आधार, भारत में दलीय व्यवस्था की मुख्य विशेषताएं। उभरती हुई द्विदलीय व्यवस्था।
- इकाई 2 क्षेत्रीय राजनीतिक दल — उनका उद्भव, कार्यक्रम, संगठन, समर्थन आधार। राष्ट्रीय और क्षेत्रीय राजनीतिक दलों के बीच अन्तर क्रिया के प्रारूप।
- इकाई 3 भारतीय राजनीति में दबाव समूह, ऐतिहासिक पृष्ठभूमि, भारत में दबाव समूहों के प्रकार, प्रमुख दबाव समूह— ट्रेड यूनियन, चेम्बर ऑफ कॉमर्स, कृषि हित समूह, मानवाधिकार और पर्यावरणीय आन्दोलन समूह के विशेष संदर्भ में। दबाव समूह के प्रतिदर्श की मुख्य विशेषताएँ
- इकाई 4 भारत में सन् 1950 से चुनावी व्यवस्था, भारत का निर्वाचन आयोग : शक्तियाँ, कार्य और उभरती हुई भूमिका। चुनावी राजनीति और लोक सभा निर्वाचन, चुनावी राजनीति और विधानसभा निर्वाचन। निर्वाचन और राजनीतिकरण की प्रक्रिया। दल बदल विरोधी कानून : एक आलोचनात्मक अध्ययन। स्वतंत्र एवं निष्पक्ष चुनाव करवाने के मार्ग में निर्वाचन आयोग के सम्मुख समस्याएँ।
- इकाई 5 भारत में निर्वाचकीय सुधार : तारकुण्डे, गोस्वामी और इन्द्रजीत गुप्त रिपोर्ट, स्वतंत्र और निष्पक्ष चुनाव के लिए आचार संहिता, चुनावी व्यवहार के निर्धारक तत्व। बहुमतीय संसदीय व्यवस्था बनाम प्रतिनिध्यात्मक संसदीय व्यवस्था।

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एम.ए. उत्तरार्द्ध राजनीति विज्ञान
नवम् प्रश्न पत्र
शोध पद्धति

- इकाई 1 शोध का अर्थ एवं प्रकृति, सामाजिक विज्ञान में शोध की भूमिका राजनीति विज्ञान के विशेष संदर्भ में; शोध के रूप—मानपरक, अनुभवजन्य और व्यवहारवादी; अवधारणा एवं चर, वैज्ञानिक अनुसंधान—विशेषताएं एवं प्रकार।
- इकाई 2 प्रतिरूप (मॉडल) और रूप निदर्शन (पैराडाईम); राजनीति विज्ञान में सिद्धान्त निर्माण, वैज्ञानिक पद्धति : अर्थ, प्रकृति, उद्देश्य एवं वैज्ञानिक पद्धति के चरण।
- इकाई 3 शोध समस्या का निर्धारण : शोध प्ररचना, प्रकल्पना की अवधारणा, आंकड़ा संकलन के स्रोत—प्राथमिक एवं द्वितीयक, निदर्शन, समग्र का चयन।
- इकाई 4 आंकड़ा संकलन की विधियां — अवलोकन, प्रश्नावली एवं अनुसूची, साक्षात्कार, विषय वस्तु विश्लेषण, अध्ययन के विभिन्न रूप—पेनल, केस, क्षेत्रीय।
- इकाई 5 मापन के स्तर एवं सामाजिक शोध में मापन की समस्याएं, अनुमापन की तकनीक, सूचकांक निर्माण, कोडिंग और सारणीयन, आंकड़ों का विश्लेषण, प्रतिवेदन लेखन, समस्या का विश्लेषण, अनुसंधान नैतिकता

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SYLLABUS

MASTER OF ARTS

POLITICAL SCIENCE

M.A.


(Under the Choice Based Credit System)

(M.A. I & II Semester)

(M.A. III & IV Semester)



JAI NARAIN VYAS UNIVERSITY
JODHPUR


(Prof. Kanta Kataria)
HEAD
Prof. & Head
Department of Political Science
Jai Narain Vyas University
Jodhpur (Raj.)

IMPORTANT

With a view to bring about greater reliability, validity and objectivity in the examination system and also for closer integration of teaching, learning and evaluation.

- (i) The syllabus has been divided into units. Questions will be set from each unit with provision for internal choice.
- (ii) In order to ensure that the students do not leave out the important portion of the syllabus, examiners shall be free to repeat the questions set in the previous examinations.

(Ref. Resolution No. 21 (c) of Academic Council dated 9.2.84)

The examinees be permitted to use their personal transistorized pocket battery operated calculators in the examinations. The calculator to be used by the candidates in the examinations should not have more than 12 digits, 6 functions and 2 memories and should be noiseless and cordless. A Calculator belonging to one candidate shall not be allowed to be used by another candidate. The Superintendent of the centre will have complete discretion to disallow the use of a calculator which does not confirm to the above specification.


(Ref. Resolution No. 6/90 of Academic Council dated 20th July, 1990)

In Engineering and any other examinations where the use of calculators is already permitted, it shall remain undisturbed.

NOTIFICATION

In compliance of decision of the Hon'ble High Court all students are required to fulfill 75% attendance rule in each subject and there must be 75 % attendance of the student before he/she could be permitted to appear in the examination.

**REGISTRAR
(Academic)**


(Prof. Kanta Kataria)
HEAD
Prof. & Head
Department of Political Science
Jai Narain Vyas University
Jodhpur (Raj.)

SYLLABUS


MASTER OF ARTS

POLITICAL SCIENCE

M.A. (Semester System),
(M.A. I & II Semester)
(M.A. III & IV Semester)



JAI NARAIN VYAS UNIVERSITY
JODHPUR


(Prof. Kanta Kataria)
HEAD
Prof. & Head
Department of Political Science
Jai Narain Vyas University
Jodhpur (Raj.)

GUIDELINES FOR CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM

Definitions of Key Words:

1. **Academic Year:** Two consecutive (one odd + one even) semesters constitute one academic year.
2. **Choice Based Credit System (CBCS):** The CBCS provides choice for students to select from the prescribed elective and skill courses. A student need to select **two elective papers** offered by the Department in which he/she is doing core course this shall be part of core programme during third and fourth semester. Each student has to complete **four skill courses**: two within the Department and two from other Department within JNV University or the Universities approved by J.N.V. University
3. **Course:** Usually referred to, as 'papers' is a component of a programme. All courses need not carry the same weight. The courses should define learning objectives and learning outcomes. A course may be designed to comprise lectures/ tutorials/laboratory work/ field work/ project work/ self-study etc. or a combination of some of these.
4. **Credit Based Semester System (CBSS):** Under the CBSS, the requirement for awarding a degree is prescribed in terms of number of credits to be completed by the students.
5. **Credit Point:** It is the product of grade point and number of credits for a course.
6. **Credit:** A unit by which the course work is measured. It determines the number of hours of instructions required per week. One credit is equivalent to one period of teaching (lecture or tutorial) or two periods of practical work/field work per week.
7. **Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA):** It is a measure of overall cumulative performance of a student over all semesters. The CGPA is the ratio of total credit points secured by a student in various courses in all semesters and the sum of the total credits of all courses in all the semesters. It is expressed up to two decimal places.
8. **Grade Point:** It is a numerical weight allotted to each letter grade on a 10-point scale.
9. **Letter Grade:** It is an index of the performance of students in a said course. Grades are denoted by letters O, A+, A, B+, B, C, P and F.
10. **Programme:** An educational programme leading to award of the Postgraduate Degree in the Core subject in which he/she is admitted.
11. **Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA):** It is a measure of performance of work done in a semester. It is ratio of total credit points secured by a student in various courses registered in a semester and the total course credits taken during that semester. It shall be expressed up to two decimal places.
12. **Semester:** Each semester will consist of 15-18 weeks of academic work equivalent to 90 actual teaching days. The odd semester may be scheduled from July to November/ December and even semester from December/January to May.
Odd semester University examination shall be during second/third week of December and even semester University examination shall be during second/third week of May.
13. **Transcript or Grade Card or Certificate:** Based on the grades earned, a statement of grades obtained shall be issued to all the registered students after every semester. This statement will display the course details (code, title, number of credits, grade secured) along with SGPA of that semester and CGPA earned till that semester


Fairness in Assessment

Assessment is an integral part of system of education as it is instrumental in identifying and certifying the academic standards accomplished by a student and projecting them far and wide as an objective and impartial indicator of a student's performance. Accordingly the Faculty of Arts, Education & Social Sciences resolves the following:

- a. All internal assessments shall on term test and seminar. Attendance shall carry the prescribed marks in all papers.
- b. In each semester two out of four theoretical components of the University examinations shall be undertaken by external examiners from outside J.N.V. University, who may be appointed by the competent authorities.

Grievances and Redressal Mechanism

- a) The students will have the right to make an appeal against any component of evaluation. Such appeal has to be made to the Head of the Department as the case may be clearly stating in writing the reason(s) for the complaint / appeal.
- b) The appeal will be assessed by the Chairman and he/she shall place before the **Grievance Redressal Committee (GRC)**, Chaired by the Dean, Faculty of Arts, Education & Social Sciences comprising of the HOD of the concerned Department and if need be Course Teacher(s) be called for suitable explanation; GRC shall meet at least once in a semester and prior to CCA finalization.


 (Prof. Kanta Kataria)
 HEAD
Prof. & Head
 Department of Political Science
 Jai Narain Vyas University
 Jodhpur (Raj.)

- c) The Committee will consider the case and may give a personal hearing to the appellant before deciding the case. The decision of the Committee will be final.

Table 1: Grades and Grade Points

| S.No. | Letter Grade | Meaning | Grade Point |
|-------|--------------|---------------|-------------|
| 1 | ‘O’ | Outstanding | 10 |
| 2 | ‘A+’ | Excellent | 9 |
| 3 | ‘A’ | Very Good | 8 |
| 4 | ‘B+’ | Good | 7 |
| 5 | ‘B’ | Above Average | 6 |
| 6 | ‘C’ | Average | 5 |
| 7 | ‘P’ | Pass | 4 |
| 8 | ‘F’ | Fail | 0 |
| 9 | ‘Ab’ | Absent | 0 |

- i. A student obtaining Grade F in a paper shall be considered failed and will be required to reappear in the University End Semester examination.
- ii. For noncredit courses (Skill Courses) ‘Satisfactory’ or ‘Unsatisfactory’ shall be indicated instead of the letter grade and this will not be counted for the computation of SGPA/CGPA

Grade Point assignment
= and > 95 % marks Grade Point 10.0
90 to less than 95 % marks Grade Point 9.5
85 to less than 90 % marks Grade Point 9.0
80 to less than 85 % marks Grade Point 8.5
75 to less than 80 % marks Grade Point 8.0
70 to less than 75 % marks Grade Point 7.5
65 to less than 70 % marks Grade Point 7.0
60 to less than 65 % marks Grade Point 6.5
55 to less than 60 % marks Grade Point 6.0
50 to less than 55 % marks Grade Point 5.5
45to less than 50 % marks Grade Point 5.0
40 to less than 45 % marks Grade Point 4.5
35 to less than 40 % marks Grade Point 4.0

Computation of SGPA and CGPA:

- i. The SGPA is the ratio of sum of the product of the number of credits with the grade points scored by a student in all the courses taken by a student and the sum of the number of credits of all the courses undergone by a student,
i.e.

SGPA (Si) = $\Sigma (Ci \times Gi) / \Sigma Ci$

WhereCi is the number of credits of the ith course and Gi is the grade point scored by the student in the ith course.

- ii. The CGPA is also calculated in the same manner taking into account all the courses undergone by a student over all the semesters of a programme,
i.e.


CGPA = $\Sigma (Ci \times Si) / \Sigma Ci$

where Si is the SGPA of the ith semester and Ci is the total number of credits in that semester.

- iii. The SGPA and CGPA shall be rounded off to 2 decimal points and reported in the transcripts.

Illustration for SGPA

| S.No. | Course | Credit | Grade letter | Grade point | Credit Point (Credit x Grade) |
|-------|----------|--------|--------------|-------------|----------------------------------|
| 1 | Course 1 | 6 | B | 6 | 6 x 6 =36 |


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| | | | | | |
|---|----------|----|----|----|-----------------|
| 2 | Course 2 | 6 | B+ | 7 | 6 X 7 =42 |
| 3 | Course 3 | 6 | B | 6 | 6X 6 = 36 |
| 4 | Course 4 | 6 | O | 10 | 6 X 10 =60 |
| | Total | 24 | | | 36+42+36+60=174 |

Thus, SGPA = 174/24 = 7.25

Illustration for CGPA

| | | | | |
|--------|-------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|
| | Semester- I | Semester-II | Semester-III | Semester-IV |
| Credit | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 |
| SGPA | 7.25 | 7.25 | 7 | 6.25 |


CGPA = (24X 7.25 + 24X7.25 + 24 X 7+ 24 X 6.25)/ 96

666/96 = 6.94

Semester-wise Theory Papers/Practical / Skill component

| Type of course | Course code | Title of the Course | Lecture-Tutorial-Practical/Week | No. of credits | Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA) | End-Semester Examination (ESE) [University Examination] | Total |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| Semester I | | | | | | | |
| Core course 1 | POL 101 | | 6-0-0 | 6 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| Core course 2 | POL 102 | | 6-0-0 | 6 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| Core course 3 | POL 103 | | 6-0-0 | 6 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| Core course 4 | POL 104 | | 6-0-0 | 6 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| *Skill Course I | As per the list | | 2-0-0 | | | | |
| Total | | | | 24 | 120 | 280 | 400 |
| Semester II | | | | | | | |
| Core course 5 | POL 201 | | 6-0-0 | 6 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| Core course 6 | POL 202 | | 6-0-0 | 6 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| Core course 7 | POL 203 | | 6-0-0 | 6 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| Core course 8 | POL 204 | | 6-0-0 | 6 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| *Skill course II | As per the list | | 2-0-0 | | | | |
| Total | | | | 24 | 120 | 280 | 400 |
| Semester III | | | | | | | |
| Core course 9 | POL 301 | | 6-0-0 | 6 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| Core course 10 | POL 302 | | 6-0-0 | 6 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| Discipline Specific Elective/s 1 | Elective papers | | 6-0-0 | 6 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| Discipline Specific Elective/s 2 | Elective papers | | 6-0-0 | 6 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| *Skill course III | As per the list | | 2-0-0 | | | | |
| Total | | | | 24 | 120 | 280 | 400 |
| Semester IV | | | | | | | |
| Core course 11 | POL 401 | | 6-0-0 | 6 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| Core course 12 | POL 402 | | 6-0-0 | 6 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| Discipline Specific Elective/s 3 | Elective paper | | 6-0-0 | 6 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| Discipline Specific Elective/s 4 | Elective paper | | 6-0-0 | 6 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| *Skill course IV | As per the list | | 2-0-0 | | | | |
| Total | | | | 24 | 120 | 280 | 400 |

*The Department shall offer one skill course per semester from the list of skill courses approved for the Department.


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In view of the course content, the Department of Political Science distributed the Periods between Theory/Tutorial/~~Practical~~ as under per paper

- 6: 0 : 0 (six lectures only (no tutorial and no practical) per week) – For Theory
- 2+0+0 (two lectures) - For Skill course

The Duration of the Period shall be forty five minutes. In each of these combinations, the first value stands for the same number of lecture instructions per week.

Course Evaluation (Evaluation of the Students)

All courses (Core/ Elective) involve an evaluation system of students that has the following two components:-

- (i) **Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA)** accounting for 30% of the final grade that a student gets in a course; and
 - (ii) **End-Semester Examination (ESE)** accounting for the remaining 70% of the final grade that the student gets in a course.
- (i) **Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA):** This would have the following components:
- a. **Term Test:** One term test shall be arranged for each paper prior to End-Semester Examination; examination duration shall be of three hours; maximum marks shall be 60 (reduced to 15).
 - b. **Seminar:** Each student shall prepare and deliver a seminar per theory paper; maximum marks shall be 40 (reduced to 10). The seminar shall be completed prior to term test for all the papers.
 - c. **Classroom Attendance** – Each student will have to attend a minimum of 75% Lectures / Tutorials / Practicals. A student having less than 75% attendance will not be allowed to appear in the End-Semester Examination (ESE). Attendance marks will be awarded by following the system proposed below:

Those having 75% attendance and greater than that will be awarded CCA marks as follows:-
75% to 80% = 1 mark
81% to 85% = 2 marks
86 to 90% = 3 marks
91% to 95% = 4 marks
96% and above = 5 marks
- Note : Compensation in classroom attendance of a student will be as per prevalent University rules.**
- Each student’s cumulative attendance shall be displayed in the Department Notice Board every month with a copy to the Dean, Faculty of Arts, Education & Social Sciences.**
- d. CCA is based on open evaluation system without any bias to any student.
 - e. Any grievance received in the Department from student shall be placed before the **Grievance Redressal Committee** with adjudicated comments

Each component marks will be added making it rounding as per norms.


Marking Scheme of Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA)

| Components | Maximum Marks | Reduced and Original Marks |
|----------------------|---------------|----------------------------|
| Term Test | 60 | (reduced to 15) |
| Seminar | 40 | (reduced to 10) |
| Classroom Attendance | 05 | 05 |
| Total Marks of CCA | 100 | 30 |

Note : Classroom Attendance marks will be as follows :-

Those having 75% attendance and greater than that will be awarded CCA marks as follows:-

| Percentage | Marks |
|------------|--------|
| 75% to 80% | 1 mark |


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| | |
|---------------|---------|
| 81% to 85% | 2 marks |
| 86 to 90% | 3 marks |
| 91% to 95% | 4 marks |
| 96% and above | 5 marks |

Skill Course Evaluation: Based on his/her performance and hands on practice, the respective Department shall declare the result as “Satisfactory” or “Non-Satisfactory”; each student need to get a minimum of three “Satisfactory” declaration for the course completion

For the Term test and ESE:

Part A

Ten questions (Definitions, illustrations, functions, short explanations, etc; 25-50 words) for one mark each. 10 × 1= 10 marks; comprising questions from each Unit; no choice in this part

Part B

Four questions of long/explanatory answer (500 words) type, one drawn from each Unit; with internal choices : 4 x 15 = 60 marks.

10+60 = 70 marks

Qualifying for Next semester

- 1. A student acquiring minimum of 40% in total of the CCA is eligible to join next semester.**
- A student who does not pass the examination (CCA+ESE) in any course(s) (or due to some reason as he/she not able to appear in the ESE, other conditions being fulfilled, and so is considered as ‘Fail’), shall be permitted to appear in such failed course(s) in the subsequent ESE to be held in the following October / November or April / May, or when the course is offered next, as the case may be.
- A student who fails in one or more papers in a semester shall get three more chances to complete the same; if he/she fails to complete the same within the prescribed time, i.e. three additional chances for each paper; the student is ineligible for the Postgraduate degree in the Subject in which he/she is admitted, for additional chances examination fee shall be on additive basis.

Improvement Option:

Every student shall have the opportunity to improve Credit thorough University Examination only. Improvement opportunity for each paper is only with two additional chances; improvement examination fee shall be on additive basis; the Credit obtained in improvement examination shall be final.

Result Declaration:

The ESE (End Semester Examination/University Examination) results shall be declared within twenty days of the last examination. The Theory Classes of even semesters shall begin from the next day of ESE; whereas odd semester classes shall commence after summer vacation.

POST -GRADUATE COURSE: A DESCRIPTION

The full course is of FOUR SEMESTERS spread for TWO YEARS duration. A semester-wise list of courses to be offered is given below. In each paper there will be four unit.

SEMESTER I


SEMESTER II

SEMESTER III

Elective paper group – First – Semester III
Elective paper group – Second – Semester III

SEMESTER IV

Elective paper group – First – Semester IV
Elective paper group – Second – Semester IV


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Skill Courses in the respective subject

Electives would be discipline centric and only students from concerned departments can register.

ADMISSION

The minimum qualification for admission to M.A. Course is Graduate Degree. The details of eligibility conditions and admission procedure will be as per University rules. The candidates are required to attend minimum of a 75% of classes.

TEACHING AND EXAMINATION SCHEME

Per Semester

| Course | Periods/Week | Examination hours | CCA | ESE | Total |
|---------------|--------------|-------------------|-----|-----|-------|
| Theory Papers | | | | | |
| Course I | 6 | 3 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| Course II | 6 | 3 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| Course III | 6 | 3 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| Course IV | 6 | 3 | 30 | 70 | 100 |

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION

Each course paper shall be of three hours duration.

Note: The number of elective to be taught from each group in a particular year shall be decided by the Department. Electives offered will be announced at the beginning of the academic session. Each student shall be assigned one Elective Paper from Group ONE and the second from Group TWO. Elective papers will be allotted on merit-cum-choice basis as far as possible. In the odd semester two skill courses will be those offered by the respective departments in the even semester skill courses will be from other departments.

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION FOR M.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE (SEMESTER SYSTEM) FOR THE EXAMINATION

INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER SETTERS AND THE STUDENTS

Max. Marks - 70
Min. Marks – 25


Duration – 3 hours

Note :

- (i) There shall be 9 questions in all. Five questions have to be attempted.
- (ii) The first question shall be short answer type containing 10 short questions spread over the whole syllabus to be answered in about 30 words each. It shall carry 10 marks and shall be a compulsory question.
- (iii) Rest of the paper shall contain 8 questions with internal choice. The entire syllabus has been divided into four units. Each unit shall have two questions and the candidates shall be given internal choice i.e. the candidate shall attempt one question from each unit.

SEMESTER I

| THEORY PAPERS (Four Core Papers) | ESE | CCA | Total | Lecture- Tutorial- Practical/ Week | Credits |
|-------------------------------------------|-----|-----|------------------|---------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Paper I : POL 101 | 70 | 30 | 100 | 6-0-0 | 6 |
| Paper II : PoL 102 | 70 | 30 | 100 | 6-0-0 | 6 |
| Paper III : POL 103 | 70 | 30 | 100 | 6-0-0 | 6 |
| Paper IV : POL 104 | 70 | 30 | 100 | 6-0-0 | 6 |
| Skill Course Human Rights in India | | | | | |
| Grand Total | | | 400 marks | | 24 credits |


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| THEORY PAPERS (Four Core Papers) | SEMESTER II | | | Lecture- Tutorial- Practical/ Week | Credits |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|-----|-----------|---------------------------------------------|------------|
| | ESE | CCA | Total | | |
| Paper V : POL 201 | 70 | 30 | 100 | 6-0-0 | 6 |
| Paper VI : POL 202 | 70 | 30 | 100 | 6-0-0 | 6 |
| Paper VII : POL 203 | 70 | 30 | 100 | 6-0-0 | 6 |
| Paper VIII :POL204 | 70 | 30 | 100 | 6-0-0 | 6 |
| | Grand Total | | 400 marks | | 24 credits |

SEMESTER III

| THEORY PAPERS (Core/Elective Papers) | ESE | CCA | Total | Lecture- Tutorial- Practical/ Week | Credits |
|-----------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-------|---------------------------------------------|---------|
| Paper IX : POL 301 | 70 | 30 | 100 | 6-0-0 | 6 |
| Paper X : POL 302 | 70 | 30 | 100 | 6-0-0 | 6 |
| Paper XI : POL 303 | 70 | 30 | 100 | 6-0-0 | 6 |
| Any one of the following | | | | | |
| POL 303 (a) | Trends in Western Political Theory | | | | |
| POL 303 (b) | International Law & International Organization | | | | |
| POL 303 (c) | India and the World | | | | |
| POL 303 (d) | Freedom Struggle in Rajasthan and the Government and Politics in the State | | | | |
| Paper XII : POL 304 | 70 | 30 | 100 | 6-0-0 | 6 |
| Any one of the following | | | | | |
| POL 304 (a) | Indian Administration | | | | |
| POL 304 (b) | Federal System & Federalism in India | | | | |
| POL 304 (c) | Research Methodology | | | | |
| POL 304 (d) | Party System and Political Parties in India | | | | |

Skill Course Peace and Conflict in International Politics

Grand Total 400 marks

24 credits

SEMESTER IV

| THEORY PAPERS (Core/Elective Papers) | ESE | CCA | Total | Lecture- Tutorial- Practical/ Week | Credits |
|-----------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-------|---------------------------------------------|---------|
| Paper XIII : POL 401 | 70 | 30 | 100 | 6-0-0 | 6 |
| Paper XIV : POL 402 | 70 | 30 | 100 | 6-0-0 | 6 |
| Paper XV : POL 403 | 70 | 30 | 100 | 6-0-0 | 6 |
| Any one of the following | | | | | |
| 403(a) | Trends in Indian Political Theory | | | | |
| 403(b) | Theory and Practice of Diplomacy and International Financial Institutions | | | | |
| 403(c) | Understanding Dr. B.R.Ambedkar | | | | |
| 403(d) | Social Movements and Politics in India | | | | |
| Paper XI : POL 304 | 70 | 30 | 100 | 6-0-0 | 6 |
| Any one of the following | | | | | |
| 404(a) | Local Self Government & Development Administration in India | | | | |
| 404(b) | State Politics in India | | | | |
| 404(c) | Public Policy | | | | |
| 404(d) | Elections and Electoral Politics in India | | | | |

Grand Total 400 marks 24 credits

Grand Total 400 marks 24 credits

Total Marks of M.A. (Semester I, II, III & IV) 1600 marks and credit 96

List of Papers

M.A. (I Semester) Examination

| Paper | Course Code | Name of Paper |
|-----------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------|
| Paper I | POL 101 | Western Political Thought: Ancient and Medieval |
| Paper II | POL 102 | Indian Constitutional System |
| Paper III | POL 103 | Comparative Political Theory |
| Paper IV | POL 104 | Major Ideas and Issues in Public Administration |

M.A. (II Semester) Examination

| Paper | Course Code | Name of Paper |
|------------|-------------|------------------------------------------------|
| Paper V | POL 201 | Modern Western Political Thought. |
| Paper VI | POL 202 | Government and Politics in India |
| Paper VII | POL 203 | Comparative Political Institutions |
| Paper VIII | POL 204 | Indian Political Thought: Ancient and Medieval |


M.A. (III Semester) Examination

| Paper | Course Code | Name of Paper |
|-----------|-------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Paper IX | POL 301 | Contemporary Indian Political Theory |
| Paper X | POL 302 | Theories of International Relations |
| Paper XI | POL 303 | Any one of the following |
| Paper XI | POL 303 (a) | Trends in Western Political Theory |
| Paper XI | POL 303 (b) | International Law & International Organization |
| Paper XI | POL 303 (c) | India and the World |
| Paper XI | POL 303 (d) | Freedom Struggle in Rajasthan and the Government and Politics in the State |
| Paper XII | POL 304 | Any one of the following |
| Paper XII | POL 304 (a) | Indian Administration |
| Paper XII | POL 304 (b) | Federal System & Federalism in India |
| Paper XII | POL 304 (c) | Research Methodology |
| Paper XII | POL 304 (d) | Party System and Political Parties in India |

M.A. (IV Semester) Examination

| Paper | Course Code | Name of Paper |
|------------|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Paper XIII | POL 401 | Contemporary Western Political Theory |
| Paper XIV | POL 402 | Foreign Policies and Global Politics |
| Paper XV | POL 403 | Any one of the following |
| Paper XV | 403(a) | Trends in Indian Political Theory |
| Paper XV | 403(b) | Theory and Practice of Diplomacy and International Financial Institutions |
| Paper XV | 403(c) | Understanding Dr. B.R.Ambedkar |
| Paper XV | 403(d) | Social Movements and Politics in India |
| Paper XVI | POL 404 | Any one of the following |
| Paper XVI | 404(a) | Local Self Government & Development Administration in India |
| Paper XVI | 404(b) | State Politics in India |
| Paper XVI | 404(c) | Public Policy |
| Paper XVI | 404(d) | Elections and Electoral Politics in India |

| | |
|--------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Skill Course | Only for Students of the Department of Political Science |
| Semester I | Human Rights in India |
| Semester III | Peace and Conflict in International Politics |
| Skill Course | Only for Students of Other than the Department of Political Science |


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| | |
|-------------|----------------------------------------------------|
| Semester II | Indian Constitution, Political System & Governance |
| Semester IV | India and Global Perspective. |

M.A. I Semester (2020-21)
PAPER I (Course Code POL 101)
Western Political Thought: Ancient and Medieval

Course Content

- Unit 1 Plato – Theory of Justice, Education, Communism, and the concept of Ideal State; Aristotle – As the first scientific Political Thinker – views on Classification of States, Revolution, Citizenship and Slavery.
- Unit 2 Polybius-(History of Rome): Cyclic Theory of Government, Mixed form of Government Cicero- (De Republica): Natural Law, Forms of Government
- Unit 3 Church and State Controversy – Main Political Ideas of St. Augustine and St.Thomas Aquinas
- Unit 4 Marsilio of Padua (Defensor Pacis): State, Law, Sovereignty;. Dante- (De-Monarchia): Universal Monarchy

Recommended Readings

1. Sabine : A History of Political Theory
2. Barker : Plato and His Predecessors
3. Dunning : History of Political Theory (3 vols.)
4. Hearnshaw : Some Medieval Thinkers
5. Maxey : Political Philosophy
6. Allen : A History of Political Thought in 16th Century
7. Vaughan : Studies in Political Philosophy (vols. I and II)
8. Harman : Political Thought from Plato to the Present
9. Davidson : Political Thought in England – The Utilitarians
10. Michael Oakeshott : Political and Social Doctrines of Contemporary Europe
11. Subrata Mukherjee & Sushila Ramaswamy : A History of Political Thought – Plato to Marx (Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.)
12. के.एन.वर्मा 'पाश्चात्य राजनीतिक विचारक भाग 1 व 2'
13. डॉ.बी.एल.फड़िया 'पाश्चात्य राजनीतिक विचारक'
14. डॉ.पी.डी.शर्मा 'पाश्चात्य राजनीतिक विचारक'

PAPER II (Course Code POL 102)
Indian Constitutional System

Course Content

- Unit 1 Approaches to the Study of Indian Politics; Ideological Contents: Preamble, Fundamental Rights, Directive Principles, Fundamental Duties and Secularism
- Unit 2 The Union Government – President, Prime Minister and the Council of Ministers. The Parliament – Powers and Functions of Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha; Functioning of the Parliamentary System in India
- Unit 3 The Supreme Court and High Courts – Judicial Activism, Public Interest Litigation and Judicial Reforms
- Unit 4 State Government : Governor, Chief Minister and State Legislative Assemblies; Centre-State relations

Recommended Readings

1. Atul Kohli : The Success of India's Democracy (ed.) Cambridge University Press – 2001
2. Bhabani Sen Gupta : India – Problems of Governance, Konark Publishers, Delhi – 1996
3. Bipan Chandra : India After Independence, Penguin Books – 2000
4. C.P.Bhambri, The Indian States : fifty years, New Delhi, Shipra, 1999.
5. Granville Austin : Working a Democratic Constitution, Oxford University Press – 1999
6. Granville Austin : The Indian Constitution : Cornerstone of a Nation
7. Gupta, D.C. : Indian Government and Politics
8. J.R.Siwach : Dynamics of Indian Government and Politics, Streling, New Delhi – 1990
9. Morris Jones : Government and Politics in India

10. Myron Weiner : Party Building in a New Nation : The Congress Party of India
11. Norman D. Palmer : The Indian Political System
12. P.R.Brass, Politics of India Since Independence, 2nd edn., Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1994.
13. P.R.Brass, Caste, Faction and Party in Indian Politics, Vols. 2, Delhi, Chanakya Publications, 1984-1985.
14. P.R.Brass, Ethnic Groups and the State, London, Croom Helm, 1985
15. M.V. Pylee : Constitutional Government in India.
16. Rasheeduddin Khan : Federal India – A design for change, Vikas – 1992
17. Subhash C.Kashyap : Our Parliament, National Book Trust, New Delhi – 1992
18. Zoya Hasan : Politics and The State in India(ed.) Sage Publication, New Delhi – 2000
19. डॉ.बी.एल.फड़िया 'भारतीय राजनीति एवं शासन' साहित्य भवन आगरा, 2012
20. डॉ.एम.पी.रॉय 'भारतीय राजनीति एवं शासन'

PAPER III (Course Code 103)
Comparative Political Theory

Course Content

- Unit 1 Nature and Scope of Comparative Politics; Traditional and Modern Perspectives; Comparative Method; Constitutionalism
- Unit 2 Major Approaches: Political System Approach; Structural-Functional Approach.
- Unit 3 Marxist-Leninist Approach; Behavioural Approach; Political Communication.
- Unit 4 Political Development, Political Modernization, Political Culture, Political Socialization

Recommended Readings

1. Allen Ball : Modern government and Politics
2. A.Pourgerami, Development and Democracy in the Third World, Boulder Colorado, Westview, Press, 1991.
3. C.F.Strong : Modern Constitutions.
4. C.J.Friederich : Constitutional Government and Democracy
5. D.E., Apter, The Politics of Modernization, Chicago, University of Chicago Press, 1965.
6. D.Engels and S. Marks (eds.), Contesting Colonial Hegemony, State and Society in Africa and India, London, I.B. Tauris, 1994
7. G.A.Almond, and J.S.Coleman, The Politics of the Developing Areas, Princeton NJ, Princeton University Press, 1960.
8. G.A.Almond, and S.Verba, The Civic Culture: Political Attitudes and Democracy in Five Nations, Princeton, NJ, Princeton University Press, 1963.
9. G.A.Almond(eds.), The Civic Culture Revisited, Boston, Little Brown, 1989.
10. G.A.Almond, and G.B. Powell Jr., Comparative Politics : A Development Approach, Boston, Little Brown, 1966.
11. G.A.Almond, Comparative Politics Today : A World View, 7th edn., New York, London, Harper/Collins, 2000.
12. H.Eekstein & David Apter : Comparative Politics :: A Reader
13. Herman Finer : Theory and Practice of Modern Governments
14. Jean Blondel : An introduction to Comparative Government
15. J.E. Goldthrope, The Sociology of Post-Colonial Societies : Economic Disparity, Cultural Diversity and Development, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1966.
16. L.Diamond (ed.), Political Culture and Democracy in Developing Countries, Boulder Colorado, Lynne Rienner, 1993.
17. M.Kamrava, Politics and Society in the Third World, London, Routledge, 1993.
18. Palombara : Politics within Nations.
19. S.E.Finer : Comparative Government.
20. Wheare : Modern Constitutions
21. Vile : Constitutionalism and the separation of powers
22. प्रभुदत्त शर्मा : तुलनात्मक राजनीतिक संस्थाएं
23. सी.बी.गैना : तुलनात्मक राजनीति एवं राजनीतिक संस्थाएं
24. जे.सी.जौहरी : तुलनात्मक राजनीति

PAPER IV (Course Code 104)
Major Ideas and Issues in Public Administration

Course Content

- Unit 1 Basic Premises : Meaning, Scope & Nature of Public Administration; Politics & Administration; New Public Administration; New Public Management perspective.
- Unit 2 Theories of Organisation : Scientific Management; The Bureaucratic Theory, The Classical Theory, The Human Relations Theory, Behavioural Approach, Systems Approach
- Unit 3 Administrative Behaviour : Rational Decision Making Approach (Simon), Theories of Leadership, Theories of Motivation and Communication
- Unit 4 Position Classification, Recruitment, Training, Promotion, Neutrality of Civil Services, Downsizing of Bureaucracy, Modernization of Bureaucracy and Administrative Culture.

Recommended Readings

1. Avasthi & Maheshwari, Public Administration (Hindi & English)
2. Bhattachary ,Mohit, New Horizons of Public Administration
3. Gladden, Essentials of Public Administration
4. Gorwala, Report on the Public Administration of India
5. Government of India, Fifth Central pay Commission Report Vol. I, II & III.
6. Henry , Nicholos, Public Administration and Public Affairs.
7. Paul Appleby, Report on the Public Administration of India: Re-examination of India's Administrative System.
8. Sharma , M.P., Public Administration : Theory and Practice (English and Hindi)
9. White, L.D., Introduction to the study of Public Administration
10. Willoughby, Principles of Public Administration
11. T.N.Chaturvedi, (ed.), Contemporary Administrative Culture of India, New Delhi, Mittal, 1997.
12. M.Crozier, The Bureaucratic Phenomenon, Chicago, University of Chicago Press, 1969.
13. P.R.Dubashi, Recent Trends in Public Administration, Delhi, Kaveri Books, 1995.
14. D.Waldo (ed.), Ideas and Issues in Public Administration, Durham, Duke University Press, 1970.
15. डॉ.बी.एल.फड़िया 'लोकप्रशासन'
16. डॉ.पी.डी.शर्मा 'लोकप्रशासन'
17. बी.एम.सिन्हा 'लोकप्रशासन के सिद्धान्त एवं व्यवहार'
18. परमात्मा शरण 'लोकप्रशासन'
19. चन्द प्रकाश भाम्भरी 'लोकप्रशासन प्रशासन'
20. आर.एल.सिंह 'लोकप्रशासन'
21. एच.सी.शर्मा 'प्रशासनिक संस्थाएं'
22. अन्तर सिंह एवं जियाउद्दीन खॉ 'प्रशासनिक संस्थाएं'

Skill Course Semester I
HUMAN RIGHTS IN INDIA

Course Content

- Unit 1 The Concept of Human Rights: Western and Indian Perspective; Human Rights: National and International Dimensions; Human Rights and Constitutional - Legal framework in India, Fundamental Rights, b. Directive Principles of State Policy, c. Protection of Human Rights Act, 1993
- Unit 2 Human Rights: Issues and Challenges: Refugees and Displaced Persons, Caste, Minorities, Women, Children, Tribes, Landless, Bonded Labour, Unorganised Labour and Peasants, People with Disability
- Unit 3 State Response to Human Rights: Role of Police, Administration, Army and Paramilitary Forces, Administration of Justice, Judicial Intervention and Activism, Judicial Commissions on Human Rights, Affirmative Action for Weaker Sections, Development Strategies.
- Unit 4 Civil Society and Human Rights: Media, Public Opinion and Human Rights, New Social Movements and NGO's

READINGS:

1. Alston Philip, *The United Nations and Human Rights-A Critical Appraisal*, Oxford, Clarendon, 1995.
2. Baxi, Upendra (ed.), *The Right to be Human*, Delhi, Lancer, 1987
3. Beetham, David edited, *Politics and Human Rights*, Oxford, Blackwell, 1995
4. Desai, A R. (ed), *Violations of Democratic Rights in India*, Bombay, Popular Prakashan, 1986.
5. Evans, Tony, *The Politics of Human Rights: A Global Perspective*, London, Pluto Press, 2001.
6. Human Rights in India- *The Updated Amnesty International Reports*, Delhi, Vistaar

7. Iyer, V.R. Krishna, *The Dialectics and Dynamics of Human Rights in India*, Delhi, Eastern Law House, 1999.
8. Kothari, Smitu and Sethi, Harsh (eds.), *Rethinking Human Rights*, Delhi, Lokayan, 1991. Saksena, K.P. edited, *Human Rights: Fifty Years of India's Independence*, Delhi, Gyan, 1999. Subramanian, S., *Human Rights: International Challenges*, Delhi, Manas, 1997.

M.A. II Semester (2020-21)
PAPER V (Course Code POL 201)
Modern Western Political Thought

Course Content

- Unit 1 Machiavelli : His main Political Ideas, Machiavelli as the first modern Political Thinker; Bodin : Theory of Sovereignty , Pioneer of Modernity
- Unit 2 Hobbes, Locke and Rousseau as the contractulist Political Thinkers – Their views about Human Nature, State of Nature, Natural Rights, Social Contract and Sovereignty; Rousseau's General Will
- Unit 3 Bentham as Utilitarian Political Thinker, His views on Law and Representative Government ; J.S.Mill's views on Liberty & Representative government; Mill's modification in Bentham's Utilitarianism.
- Unit 4 Hegel – Dialectical Method, Theory of State, Karl Marx – His Main Political ideas with reference to Dialectical Materialism, Economic interpretation of History, Theory of Class Struggle & Theory of Surplus Value. Marxian Theory of State

Recommended Readings

1. Sabine : A History of Political Theory
2. Barker : Plato and His Predecessors
3. Dunning : History of Political Theory (3 vols.)
4. Hearnshaw : Some Medieval Thinkers
5. Maxey : Political Philosophy
6. Allen : A History of Political Thought in 16th Century
7. Vaughan : Studies in Political Philosophy (vols. I and II)
8. Harman : Political Thought from Plato to the Present
9. Davidson : Political Thought in England – The Utilitarians
10. Michael Oakshott : Political and Social Doctrines of Contemporary Europe
11. Subrata Mukherjee & Sushila Ramaswamy : A History of Political Thought – Plato to Marx (Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.)
12. के.एन.वर्मा 'पाश्चात्य राजनीतिक विचारक भाग 1 व 2'
13. डॉ.बी.एल.फड़िया 'पाश्चात्य राजनीतिक विचारक'
14. डॉ.पी.डी.शर्मा 'पाश्चात्य राजनीतिक विचारक'

PAPER VI (Course Code POL 202)
Government and Politics in India

Course Contents

- Unit 1 Patterns of State Politics; Socio-Economic determinants of State politics, Impact of national politics on State politics, Emerging Trends in State Politics
- Unit 2 Party System in India – Major National Parties – ideology and social base of parties – Regional Political Parties and Its Linkages with National Parties; Pressure Groups in Indian Politics; Patterns of Coalition Politics; Trends in Electoral Behaviour – Need for Electoral Reforms.
- Unit 3 Challenges to Indian Democracy – Impact of Caste, Religion, Regionalism and Language; Criminalisation; Terrorism and Naxalism.
- Unit 4 Impact of Liberalisation on Indian Politics, Problems of Social and Economic Justice, Gender Issues; New social Movements.

Recommended Readings

1. Atul Kohli : The Success of India's Democracy (ed.) Cambridge University Press – 2001
2. Bhabani Sen Gupta : India – Problems of Governance, Konark Publishers, Delhi – 1996
3. Bipan Chandra : India After Independence, Penguin Books – 2000
4. C.P.Bhambri, The Indian States : fifty years, New Delhi, Shipra, 1999.
5. Granville Austin : Working a Democratic Constitution, Oxford University Press – 1999
6. Granville Austin : The Indian Constitution : Cornerstone of a Nation
7. Gupta, D.C. : Indian Government and Politics
8. J.R.Siwach : Dynamics of Indian Government and Politics, Streling, New Delhi – 1990
9. Morris Jones : Government and Politics in India
10. Myron Weiner : Party Building in a New Nation : The Congress Party of India

11. Norman D. Palmer : The Indian Political System
12. P.R.Brass, Politics of India Since Independence, 2nd edn., Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1994.
13. P.R.Brass, Caste, Faction and Party in Indian Politics, Vols. 2, Delhi, Chanakya Publications, 1984-1985.
14. P.R.Brass, Ethnic Groups and the State, London, Croom Helm, 1985
15. M.V. Pylee : Constitutional Government in India.
16. Rasheeduddin Khan : Federal India – A design for change, Vikas – 1992
17. Subhash C.Kashyap : Our Parliament, National Book Trust, New Delhi – 1992
18. Zoya Hasan : Politics and The State in India(ed.) Sage Publication, New Delhi – 2000
19. डॉ.बी.एल.फड़िया 'भारतीय राजनीति एवं शासन' साहित्य भवन आगरा, 2012
20. डॉ.एम.पी.रॉय 'भारतीय राजनीति एवं शासन'

PAPER VII (Course Code 203) **Comparative Political Institutions**

Course Contents

- Unit 1 Forms of Government: Leading Classification of Governments (both traditional and modern) and their evolution; Parliamentary and Presidential, Unitary and Federal types of governments and their theory and practice; Democracy and Dictatorship and their merits and demerits.
- Unit 2 Political Parties and Party System; Pressure Groups; Political Elites; Social Movements.
- Unit 3 Legislature: Organization, Functions and Powers, Decline of Legislatures; Executive: Kinds, Functions and Powers; Judiciary: Organization, Functions, Independence of Judiciary, Judicial Review.
- Unit 4 The theory of Separation of Power; Theories of Representation, Electoral System and Voting Behaviour.

Recommended Readings

1. Allen Ball : Modern government and Politics
2. A.Pourgerami, Development and Democracy in the Third World, Boulder Colorado, Westview, Press, 1991.
3. C.F.Strong : Modern Constitutions.
4. C.J.Friederich : Constitutional Government and Democracy
5. D.E., Apter, The Politics of Modernization, Chicago, University of Chicago Press, 1965.
6. D.Engels and S. Marks (eds.), Contesting Colonial Hegemony, State and Society in Africa and India, London, I.B. Tauris, 1994
7. G.A.Almond, and J.S.Coleman, The Politics of the Developing Areas, Princeton NJ, Princeton University Press, 1960.
8. G.A.Almond, and S.Verba, The Civic Culture: Political Attitudes and Democracy in Five Nations, Princeton, NJ, Princeton University Press, 1963.
9. G.A.Almond(eds.), The Civic Culture Revisited, Boston, Little Brown, 1989.
10. G.A.Almond, and G.B. Powell Jr., Comparative Politics : A Development Approach, Boston, Little Brown, 1966.
11. G.A.Almond, Comparative Politics Today : A World View, 7th edn., New York, London, Harper/Collins, 2000.
12. H.Eekstein & David Apter : Comparative Politics :: A Reader
13. Herman Finer : Theory and Practice of Modern Governments
14. Jean Blondel : An introduction to Comparative Government
15. J.E. Goldthrope, The Sociology of Post-Colonial Societies : Economic Disparity, Cultural Diversity and Development, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1966.
16. L.Diamond (ed.), Political Culture and Democracy in Developing Countries, Boulder Colorado, Lynne Rienner, 1993.
17. M.Kamrava, Politics and Society in the Third World, London, Routledge, 1993.
18. Palombara : Politics within Nations.
19. S.E.Finer : Comparative Government.
20. Wheare : Modern Constitutions
21. Vile : Constitutionalism and the separation of powers
22. प्रभुदत्त शर्मा : तुलनात्मक राजनीतिक संस्थाएं
23. सी.बी.गैना : तुलनात्मक राजनीति एवं राजनीतिक संस्थाएं
24. जे.सी.जौहरी : तुलनात्मक राजनीति

PAPER VIII (Course Code 204) **Indian Political Thought : Ancient and Medieval**

Course Contents

- Unit 1 Indian Political Thought: Sources and Nature, Political Thought in Vedas and Mahabharata
- Unit 2 Political Thought of Manu, Shukra and Kautilya.
- Unit 3 Political Thought in Buddhism and Jainism.
- Unit 4 Political Thought of Berni and Abul Fazal

Recommended Readings

- 1- D.D.Kosambi : Culture and Civilizations in Ancient India, Vikas, 1980
- 2- V.P. Verma: Studies in Hindu Political Thought and Its Metaphysical Foundation Motilal Banarsidass, 1974
- 3- U.N. Ghoshal: A History of Indian Political Ideas, London, Oxford University Press

Kataria
(Prof.Kanta Kataria)
HEAD
Prof. & Head
Department of Political Science
Jai Narain Vyas University
Jodhpur (Raj.)

- 4- K.P. Jayaswal: Hindu Polity, Calcutta, Butterworth, 1924.
- 5- Jha Rakesh Kumar: Religion, Dharma and Polity, Concept Publication Ltd., New
- 6- Arvind, Sharma : Classical Hindu Thought : An Introduction, Oxford, 2000
- 7- V.P.Varma, Modern Indian Political Thought, Laxmi narain Agarwal, Agra
- 8- V.R.Mehta Foundtion of Indian Political Thought, Manohar, New Delhi
9. मधुकर श्याम चतुर्वेदी, प्रमुख भारतीय राजनीतिक विचारक, कॉलेज बुक हाउस, जयपुर
10. रामशरण शर्मा, प्राचीन भारतीय राजनीतिक चिन्तन में प्रशासनिक नियन्त्रण का स्वरूप, जयपुर, 2006
11. मंजु शर्मा, प्राचीन भारत में राजनय (एक तुलनात्मक अध्ययन) आर.बी.एस. पब्लिशर्स, जयपुर 2007
12. श्यामलाल पाण्डेय, भारतीय राजशास्त्र प्रणेता, उत्तर प्रदेश हिन्दी ग्रंथ अकादमी, लखनऊ

Semester III (2021-22)

Paper IX (Course Code 301)

Contemporary Indian Political Theory

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| Unit 1 | Indian Renaissance – Salient features, Apostle of Indian Renaissance – Raja Ram Mohan Roy : Liberal and Humanist streak – views about Freedom, Law and Morality – evaluation. Active Vedantic Swami Vivekananda : - Vedantic Secularism – concept of Spiritual Nationalism legacy. |
| Unit 2 | Challenge of Extremism : Political ideas of Bal Gangadhar Tilak. Revolutionary Nationalism : Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose – Philosophy of Nation, the nature of Indian struggle for freedom |
| Unit 3 | Mahatma Gandhi – Philosophical bases of Political Thought : views on Imperialism and Democracy , Reconstruction of Indian Polity. Jawahar Lal Nehru : Political thought of J.L.Nehru |
| Unit 4 | Dr.B.R.Ambedkar : Abolition of Untouchability, Contribution towards Nation Building, Buddha and Karl Marx. Dr. Ram Manohar Lohiya –Philosophy of History – Basic features of Lohiya's Socialism. Humanism- Radical (M. N. Roy) and Integral (Pandit Deen Dayal Upadhyaya) |

Recommended Readings –

1. V.P.Varma, *Modern Indian Political Thought*, Agra: Laxmi Narain Agrawal, 1978
2. G.C.Nayak, *Indian Political Tradition*, New Delhi: Kalyani publishers, 1994
3. Kataria, *Relevance of Ambedkar's Ideology*, Rawat Publications, Jaipur, 2015
4. Grover Verinder, *Modern Indian Thinkers*, (30 Vols), New Delhi: Deep and Deep, 1990
5. G.B.Nandana, *Political Philosophy of Swami Vivekananda*, Dharwad: Devi Prakashan, 2002
6. M.N.Roy, *Radical Humanism*, New Delhi: Eastern Economist Pamphlets, 1952
7. Dr.V.S.Patil, *Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose, His Contribution to Indian Nationalism*, Delhi: Sterling, 1988
8. T.V.Parvate, *Bal Gangadhar Tilak*, Ahmedabad; Navjeevan, 1958
9. U.Sharma, *Modern Indian Political Thought*, Agra: Laxmi Narain Agarwal, 1997
10. Dev Raj Bali, *Modern Indian Thought (From Rammohan Roy to Jayaprakash Narayan)*, Bangalore: Sterling publishers Pvt. Ltd. 1988
11. Dr.Ram Chandar Gupta, *Indian Political Thought*, Agra: Laxmi Narain Agarwal, 1999
12. Dr.A.V.Rathna Reddy, *Political Philosophy of Swami Vivekananda*, Bangalore: Sterling publishers Pvt. Ltd., 1984
13. J.Bandopadhaya, *Social and Political Thoughts of Gandhi*, New Delhi: Allied Publications, 1969
14. Dr.Nau Nihal Singh, Jagjivan Ram, *Symbol of Social Change*, Delhi: Sandeep Publication, 1977
15. वर्मा, एस.एल. एवं शर्मा, बी.एम., प्रमुख भारतीय राजनीतिक विचारक

Paper X (Course Code 302)

Theories of International Relations

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|--------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Unit 1 | Introduction : Meaning and basic characteristics of International Relations, Theories and Approaches to the study of International Relations : Idealist and Realist. |
| Unit 2 | System Theory; Game Theory; Communication Theory; Decision–Making Theory; Liberalism and Neo Liberalism. |
| Unit 3 | Marxist Theory; Constructivism, Critical theory; Post Modernism, Feminism. |
| Unit 4 | National Power : Meaning and elements ; The Struggle for Power : as status quo, as Imperialism and as Prestige; Limitations of National Power–The Balance of power and Collective security; National Interests : Formulation and Promotion. |

Recommended Readings –

1. Chalmers, P.Schlechar : International Relations
2. Hans J. Morgenthau : Politics Among Nations
3. Holsti : International Politics

4. James, E.Dougherty and Robert, L.Pfatzgaff : Contending theories of International Relations
5. James N.Rosenau : International Politics and Foreign Policy
6. Mahendra Kumar : Theoretical Aspect of International Politics
7. N. Palmer and H. Perkins : International Relations – The World Community in Transition
8. Quincy Wright : The Study of International Relations
9. Treyor Taylor : Approaches and Theory of International Relations
10. Rajan Kumar Mishra : International Relations and Political Alliances ; Kanishka Publication
11. James N.Rosenau : The Scientific study of foreign Policy.
12. J.Frankel, International Politics : Conflict and Harmony, London, Penguin, 1969.
13. J.Frankel, Contemporary International Theory and the Behaviour of States
14. M.Albrow and E.King (eds.), The Global Age, Cambridge, Polity, 1996.
15. शर्मा प्रभुदत्त, अन्तराष्ट्रीय राजनीति की पृष्ठभूमि
16. महेन्द्र कुमार, अन्तराष्ट्रीय राजनीति के सैद्धान्तिक पक्ष
17. फड़िया, बी.एल., अन्तराष्ट्रीय सम्बन्ध
18. चड्ढा, पी.के., अन्तराष्ट्रीय सम्बन्ध
19. पंत, एच.जी., अन्तराष्ट्रीय सम्बन्ध

Paper XI (Course Code 303 (a))
Trends in Western Political Theory

- Unit 1 Meaning, Nature, Characteristics and Varieties of Political Theory, Decline of Political theory–Arguments of Easton and Cobban; Resurgence of Political Theory–Arguments of Berlin, Blondel and Strauss
- Unit 2 .Critical Theory – Marcuse and Habermass; Value Pluralism – Berlin; open society – Popper
- Unit 3 Contemporary Liberalism – Rawls ; Inadequacy of Liberalism – Macpherson ; Libertarianism– Hayek and Nozick. Multiculturalism,
- Unit 4 Post Structuralism, Neo Institutionalism, Recent Critics of Liberalism–Communitarians, Post–modernists, Feminists and Marxists.

Recommended Readings –

1. B.Parekh, Contemporary Political Thinkers, Oxford, Martin Robertson, 1982.
2. H.Draper, Karl Marx's Theory of Revolution : State and Bureaucracy
3. J.A.Corlett (ed.), Equality and Liberty : Analyzing Rawls and Nozick, Basingstoke, Macmillan, 1991.
4. M.Freeden, The New Liberalism, Oxford and New York, Oxford University Press, 1978.
5. N.Poulantaz, Political power and Social Classes, London, New Left Books, 1973.
6. R.Corvi, An Introduction to the Thought of Karl Popper, London, and New York, Routledge, 1997.
7. R.Miliband, The State in the Capitalist Society, London, Weidenfeld & Nicholson, 1969.
8. S.Chang, Marxian Theory of the State, New York, Holt. 1965.
9. J.P.Sood : Western Political Thinkers
10. गाबा, ओमप्रकाश, राजनीति चिन्तन की रूपरेखा
11. मुखर्जी, सुब्रत एवं रामास्वमी सुशीला, पाश्चात्य राजनीतिक चिन्तन
12. कमल, के.एल., प्रमुख पाश्चात्य राजनीतिक विचारक
13. जैन, पुखराज, कतिपय प्रमुख राजनीतिक विचारक

Paper XI (Course Code 303 (b))
International Law & International Organization

Course Content

- Unit 1 International Law: Meaning, Nature, Scope and Sources; Relation between Municipal Law and International Law; Codification of International Law
- Unit 2 Recognition : Meaning and theories, Consequences of Recognition; State Succession: Meaning, Rights and Duties of Successor State; State Jurisdiction: Territorial Jurisdiction of state over Land, Sea and Air; Modes of Acquiring and Losing state territory
- Unit 3 Treaties: Meaning, Termination and Interpretation of treaties; Settlement of Disputes: Amicable (Peaceful) and Compulsive Methods of Settlement of disputes
- Unit 4 Neutrality: Meaning, Rights and Duties of Neutral States; Blockade and Contraband.
United Nations: General Assembly, Security Council, International Court of Justice; Terrorism and International Law; Human Rights

Recommended Readings

1. Brierley : Law of Nations
2. Fenwick : International Law
3. Green : International Law Through Cases
4. Oppenheim : International Law

5. Schwargen Berger : A Manual of International Law
6. Starke : Public International Law
7. Tandon : International Law
8. W.H.Lewis (ed.), The Security Role of the United Nations, New York, Praegar, 1991.
9. I.Rikhey, Strengthening UN Peacekeeping, London, Hurst and Co., 1993.
10. Rathore, L.S. kataria Kanta: Principles of Diplomacy and International Financial Intuitions, regal Publications, Delhi, 2015
11. टडन, अन्तराष्ट्रीय विधि
12. वेदालंकार, हरिदत्त, अन्तराष्ट्रीय कानून
13. हरिमोहन जैन, अन्तराष्ट्रीय विधि
14. भाटिया, पी.आर., अन्तराष्ट्रीय कानून
15. आसोपा, एस.के., अन्तराष्ट्रीय विधि
16. कपूर, एस.के., अन्तराष्ट्रीय विधि
17. चतुर्वेदी अरुण, तायल, विमलेन्दु, नये राष्ट्र व अन्तराष्ट्रीय विधि
18. Bannel Roy: International Organisation-Principles & Issues 1977.

Paper XI 303 (C)
India and The World

Course Content

- Unit 1 Evolution of India's Foreign Policy; Major Determinations of Indian Foreign Policy; Domestic Politics, National Power, Economic Factors etc, Institutions and Structures of Foreign policy Making in India
- Unit 2 India and the US; Continuity and Change; Indian Foreign Policy and Non-alignment Movement; Indo-Pak relations; India and China; Competition and Cooperation, Tibet Issue; India as Emerging Power; India's Engagement in Asia
- Unit 3 India and World Economic Order; Major Security Challenges: Traditional and Non-Traditional.
- Unit 4 India's Engagement with Multilateral Forums : UN, EU, WTO, ASEAN, SAARC, BRICS.

Recommended Readings

1. Ahmed, Imtiaz., *State and Foreign Policy: India's Role in South Asia*, Delhi, Vikas Publishing House Ltd, 1993.
2. Bandyopadhyaya, Jayanta, *The Making of India's Foreign Policy*. New Delhi, Allied, 1970.
3. Brands, H.W. *India and the United States: The Cold Peace*. Boston, Twayne Publishers, 1990.
4. Choudhury, G.W. *India, Pakistan, Bangladesh and the Major Powers*. New York., The Free Press, 1975.
5. Cohen, Stephen P., and Richard L. Park. *India: Emergent Power?* New York: Crane, Russak and Company, 1978.
6. Gould, Harold A. and Ganguly, Sumit, (eds.), *The Hope and the Reality: U.S – Indian Relations from Roosevelt to Bush*. Boulder. Westview, 1992.
7. Harrison, Selig S. and Subrahmanyam, K.. (eds.) *Superpower Rivalry in the Indian Ocean: Indian and American Perspectives*. New York, Oxford University Press, 1989.
8. Heimsath, Charles H., and Surjit Mansing. *A Diplomatic History of Modern India*. New Delhi, Allied, 1971.
9. Hoffmann, Steven A. *India and the China Crisis*. Berkeley, University of California Press, 1990. Kapur, Ashok, *Pokhran and Beyond: India's Nuclear Behavior*. New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2001.
10. Kapur, Ashok and Wilsen, A. J.. *Foreign Policy of India and her Neighbors*. Houndmills, Macmillan Press, 1996.
11. Limaye, Satu P. *U.S-Indian Relations: The Pursuit of Accommodation*. Boulder, Westview, 1993.
12. Mathur, D. and Kamath, P.M.. *Conduct of India Foreign Policy*. Delhi, South Asian Publishers. 1996.
13. Merrill, Dennis and et al. *The United States and India's Economic Development, 1947-1961*.
14. Muni, S.D., *Understanding South Asia: Essays in the Memory of Late Prof. Urmiia Phadnis*. New Delhi, South Asian Publishers, 1994.
15. Punjabi, Riyaz and A.K., Pasha (eds.) *India and the Islamic World*. Delhi Radiant Publishers, 1998.
16. Rose, Leo E. and Sisson, Richard. *War and Secession: Pakistan, India and the Creation of Bangladesh*. Berkeley, University of California Press, 1990.
17. C Rajamohan, *Crossing the Rubicon: The Shaping of India's New Foreign Policy* (New Delhi: Penguin, 2005).

Paper XI 303 (D)

Freedom Struggle in Rajasthan and the Government and Politics in the State

Course Content

- Unit 1 Pre-Independence Political Structure in Rajasthan – Princely States and their relations with the British. Freedom Struggle in Rajasthan during Nineteenth century: Uprising of 1857 in Rajasthan. Emergence of Indian National Congress and its impact on Rajasthan.
- Unit 2 Movements relevant to freedom Struggle in Rajasthan (i) Revolutionary Movement; (ii) Peasant Movement; (iii) Bhil Movement (iv) Bijolia Movement
- Unit 3 Congress and Prajamandals in Rajasthan, Agitation for responsible or an representative government in the Princely States of Jodhpur, Bikaner, Jaipur, Udaipur, Kota, Alwar and Bharatpur.

India's Independence and emergence of modern Rajasthan - Accession of Princely States to Indian Dominion; Role of Sardar Patel in the formation of Rajasthan: Phases of the formation or integration of Rajasthan.

- Unit 4** Post-Independence Political Structure in Rajasthan– Rajasthan State Government: Office of the Governor; Chief Minister, Vidhan Sabha
Local Self Government: Democratic decentralization and Panchayati Raj.

Books Recommended

1. B.K. Sharma : Peasant Movement in Rajasthan, 1920-1949
2. Brij Kisore Sharma : Mass Movements and Freedom Struggle in Rajasthan 1818-1949
3. Bipin Chandra, Amal Tripathi, Barua De : Freedom Struggle
4. Dr. Shamsul Islam, Indian Freedom Movement and RSS : A Story of Betrayal
5. Shyam Lal : Ambedkar & Dalit Movement : Special Reference to Rajasthan
6. Sudha Pai : State Politics – New Dimensions
7. Weiner, Myron (ed.) : State Politics in India
8. Rajni Kothari : Politics in India, 2012
9. बी.एल. पनगड़िया : राजस्थान में स्वतंत्रता संग्राम
10. डॉ.के.एस.सक्सेना : राजस्थान में राजनीतिक जनजागरण
11. डॉ. विनीता परिहार : राजस्थान में प्रजामंडल आन्दोलन
12. डॉ.मोहनलाल गुप्ता : राजस्थान स्वतंत्रता आन्दोलन और राजस्थान का एकीकरण
13. डॉ.मोहनलाल गुप्ता : राजपुताना के सक्षम राज्यों का भारत संघ में विलय एवं राजस्थान में एकीकरण (जयपुर, जोधपुर, बीकानेर एवं उदयपुर के संदर्भ में)
14. माथुर, पी.सी. एवं शर्मा, रविन्द्र, (संपादित), भारती में पंचायतीराज निर्वाचन, 2013

**Paper XII (Course Code 304 (a))
Indian Administration**

- Unit 1** Evolution of Indian Administration – Kautilya, Mughal period & British legacy. Constitutional framework : Political Structure and Administration –President, Prime Minister and Council of Ministers.
- Unit 2** Structure of Central Administration : Cabinet Secretariat , Prime Minister's Office, Central Secretariat, Major Ministries & Departments
- Unit 3** Public Services : All India Services, Central Services; Union Public Service Commission, Training in the changing context of governance. Economic Administration : Centre-State Financial Relations; Finance Commission, Composition and Working of NITI Aayog (National Institution for Transforming India) and National Development Council – Impact of Planning on Federalism
- Unit 4** Administrative Reforms: Reforms since Independence – Reports of the Administrative Reforms Commission, Recommendations of the Sarkaria Commission – Machinery for the Removal of Citizen's Grievances in India, Right to Information Act.

Recommended Readings

1. Maheshwari, S.R. : Indian Administration
2. Jain, R.B. : Contemporary Issues in Indian Administration
3. Jain, R.B. : Public Administration in India : 21st Century Challenges for Good Government (Deep & Deep, 2002)
4. Hoshier Singh & Mohendra Singh : Public Administration in India
5. Parmatma Sharan : Public Administration in India.
6. Mishra, B.B. : Government and Bureaucracy in India
7. J.S. Meena : Soochana ka Adhikar ; Lok Sewa Gurantee kanoon
8. Ashok Chanda : Indian Administration
9. Kaushik, S.L. & Others (eds.) : Public Administration in India
10. Arora & Others (eds.) : Indian Administrative System
11. R.K.Arora (ed.) Administrative Change in India, Jaipur, Alekh Publishers, 1974
12. C.P.Bhambri, Bureaucracy and Politics in India, Delhi, Vikas Publications, 1971.
13. Mohit Bhattacharya, Bureaucracy and Development Administration, New Delhi, Uppal, 1978.
14. Administrative Reform Commission (Chairman : K.Hanumanthaiya), Report on Economic Administration, Delhi, the Manager of Publication, 1968.
15. Ramesh Arora & Rajni Goyal: Indian Public Administration
16. P.D. Sharma & B.M. Sharma : Indian Administration.(H&E)
17. होशियार सिंह : भारतीय प्रशासन (किताब महल , नई दिल्ली)
18. फड़िया, बी.एल., भारत में लोकप्रशासन
19. अवस्थी एवं अवस्थी, भारतीय प्रशासन
20. माहेश्वरी, एस.आर., भारतीय प्रशासन

**Paper XII (Course Code 304 (b))
Federal System and Federalism in India**

- Unit 1** The Indian Federal System : Background, Evolution and Nature and diterments of Federalism in India; Developments in Indian Federalism since 1947.
- Unit 2** Centre–State Relations–Legislative, Administrative and Financial Relations ; Economic Planning and

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Jai Narain Vyas University
Jodhpur (Raj.)

- Federalism.
- Unit 3 Political Dynamics of federalism; Demands for Greater autonomy for States; Trends and Problems in the working of Centre – State relations; An overview of the recommendations of the commission on Centre-State Relations.
- Unit 4 Federal System in United States, Canada and Australia and their comparison with Indian Federal System.

Recommended Readings

1. Ashok Chanda : Federalism in India : A Study of Union – State Relations
3. B.L.Panagariya : State Politics in India
4. Bombwall, K.R. : The Foundations of Indian Federalism
6. Iqbal Narain (ed.) : State Politics in India
7. I.N.Tewari : State Politics in India
8. Kamal, K.L. : Spotlight on Rajasthan Politics
9. Kashyap, Subhash : The Politics of Defection : A Study of State Politics in India
10. Menon, V.P. : The Story of Integration of Indian States
11. Myron Weiner and John Osgood Field (eds.) : Electoral Politics in the Indian States (4 vols.)
12. Paul Brass : Functional Politics in an Indian State
13. Paul Wallace and Surendra Chopra (eds.) : Political Dynamics of Punjab (4 vols.)
14. Richard Sission : The Congress Party in Rajasthan : Political Integration and Institution
15. Santhanam : Union-State Relations in India
16. Sudha Pai : State Politics – New Dimensions
17. Weiner, Myron (ed.) : State Politics in India
18. Rajni Kothari : Politics in India, 2012

Building in an

Paper XII Course Code 304 C
Research Methodology

- Unit 1 Meaning and Nature of Research, Role of Research in Social Science with special reference to Political Science; Forms of Research-Normative, Empirical and Behavioural, Scientific Research : Characteristics and types.
- Unit 2 Models and Paradigms; Theory Building in Political Science, Scientific Method: Meaning, Nature, Aims and Steps of Scientific Research.
- Unit 3 Formulation of Research Problem: Research Design, Concept of Hypothesis, Sources of Data – Primary & Secondary, Sampling, Selection of Universe.
- Unit 4 Techniques of Data Collection-Observation, Questionnaire and Schedules, Interviews, Survey Method –Utility, Application and Limitations, Data Analysis, Significance & use of SPSS in Social Science Research and Report Writing.

Recommended Readings –

1. Goode, W.J. and Hatt, P.K., 'Methods in Social Science Research'. New Delhi, McGraw Hill, 1986
2. Halperin, Sandra and Heath, Oliver, 'Political Research : Methods and Practical Skills', New York, Oxford University Press, 2012.
3. Kothari, C.R., 'Research Methodology', Delhi, New Age International, Wishwa Publications, 2008.
4. Jaspal Singh, Instruement of Social Research, Rawat Publications, Jaipur.
5. Wilkinson & Bhandarkar, Methodology and Techniques of Social Research, Himalaya Publishing House, Delhi.
6. Young, P.V., 'Scientific Social Survey & Research', Prentice – Hall Inc., New York, NY, U.S.A. 1946.
7. Trivedi, R.N. and Shukla, D.P., 'Research Methodology' (Hindi & Eng.) College Book Depot Jaipur, 2007.
8. Ahuja, Ram, 'Research Methodology' (Hindi & English), Rawat Publication, Jaipur.
9. वर्मा, एस.एल., 'राजनीति विज्ञान में अनुसंधान प्रविधि', राजस्थान हिन्दी ग्रन्थ अकादमी, जयपुर।
10. वेद प्रकाश शर्मा, 'अनुसंधान प्रविधि', पंचशील प्रकाशन, जयपुर।
11. सिंहल, एस.सी., 'राजनीति विज्ञान में अनुसंधान पद्धतियाँ', लक्ष्मीनारायण अग्रवाल, आगरा।
12. पाण्डेय, गणेश एवं पांडेय अरुणा, 'शोध प्रविधि', राधा पब्लिकेशन्स, दिल्ली।
13. रावत, हरिकृष्ण, 'सामाजिक शोध की विधियाँ', रावत पब्लिकेशन्स, जयपुर।

Paper XII Course Code 304 D
Party System and Political Parties in India

- Unit 1 Party System in India, Origins of Political Parties : From the Establishment of the Indian National Congress in 1885 to the Congress System – Nature of Party System in the Post Independent India.

- Unit 2 Classification of Political Parties–National Political Parties with special reference to Indian National Congress and Bharatiya Janata Party : Their origin, programme, organization and support base, Salient Features of the Party System in India, Emerging bipolar party system.
- Unit 3 Regional Political Parties : their origin, programme, organization and support base, Patterns of Interaction between National and Regional Political Parties.
- Unit 4 Pressure Groups in Indian Politics, Historical background, Types of Pressure Groups in India, Salient features of the Indian Model of Pressure Groups.

Skill Course For Semester III

PEACE AND CONFLICT IN INTERNATIONAL POLITICS

- Unit 1 Peace and Conflict Studies: History of Peace Ideas and Movements, Revolutions in Military Affairs, Dominant Concepts of Security: Traditional Security and Threat Perceptions, Concept of Strategy, Nuclear Weapons and Security through Deterrence, Disarmament Measures: Chemical, Biological and Nuclear Weapons
- Unit 2 Internal and Transnational Security Issues: Ethnicity and Culture, Ecological Dangers, Terrorism, Demography, Narcotics, Politics of Oil, Understanding Globalization: Concepts, Mechanism, Impact and Theoretical Disputes
- Unit 3 Alternative Perspectives on Security: Feminist Critique, Cooperative Security, Common Security, Collective Security, Comprehensive Security, Human Security and Development, UN Peace-Keeping and Peace-Keeping, Military Humanism.
- Unit 4 Gandhian Perspective of Conflict Resolution and Non Violence, Philosophy of Non Violence.

READINGS:

1. F. Halliday, *Rethinking International Relations*, Macmillan Press, London, 1994
2. F. Halliday, *The Making of the Second Cold War*, Verso, London, 1983
3. F. Halliday, *The World at 200: Perils and Promises*, Palgrave Publishers, New York, 2001
4. P. Gowan & P. Anderson (eds.), *The Question of Europe*, Verso, London, 1997
5. S. Hall, D. Held, T. McGrew (eds.), *Modernity and its Futures*, Polity Press, UK, 1996
6. J. Baylis & S. Smith (eds.), *The Globalization of World Politics*, OUP, UK, 4th edition, 2007
7. W. Bello, *Deglobalization*, Zed Books, London, 2002
8. P.R. Vioti and M.V. Kauppi, *International Relations and World Politics: Security, Economy, Identity*, Third Edition, Pearson Publishers, Delhi, 2007
10. J.S. Goldstein, *International Relations*, Sixth Edition, Pearson Publishers, Delhi, 2008
11. D. Held & A. McGrew (eds.), *The Global Transformations Reader: An Introduction to the Globalization Debate*, Polity Press, 2000
13. Shahrbanou Tadjbakhsh and Anuradha Chenoy, *Human Security*, Routledge Publishers, Delhi, 2008
15. P. Hirst, *War and Power in the 21st Century*, Polity Press, Cambridge, UK, 2001

Semester IV (2021-22)

**Paper XIII (Course Code 401)
Contemporary Western Political Theory**

- Unit 1 Nature and Significance of Political Theory; Importance of the Classical Tradition, The Behavioural and Post Behavioural Movement in Political Theory. Debate about the Decline of Political theory, Nature of Revival of Political Theory,
- Unit 2 Debate about end of the Ideology and its impact on Political Theory, Debate about the end of History, Recent Trends in Political Theory.
- Unit 3 Libertarianism, Communitarianism; Multiculturalism, Citizenship.
- unit 4 Social Justice; Green Political theory Justice: Rawls and after, Power: Foucault and after.

Recommended Readings

1. Robert Dahl : Modern Political Analysis
2. S.P.Verma : Modern Political Theory (H. and E.)
3. V.R.Mehta, Foundations of Indian Political Thought, New Delhi, Manohar, 1992.
4. Charlesworth : Contemporary Political Analysis
5. Easton : The Political System – An Inquiry into the State of Political Science
6. Johari J.C. : Contemporary Political Theory (E & H)
7. Rathore, L.S. : In Defence of Political Theory
8. Bhati, P.S. : The Normative Tradition in Political Theory
9. Brecht : Political Theory
10. Sartori : Democratic Theory
11. William Bluhm : Theory of Political System.
12. लक्ष्मण सिंह राठौड़ : राजनीतिक सिद्धान्त-बौद्धिक शैलियों
13. एस.पी.वर्मा-आधुनिक राजनीतिक सिद्धान्त
14. जे.सी.जौहरी – समकालिक राजनीतिक सिद्धान्त
15. गाबा, ओमप्रकाश, समकालीन राजनीति सिद्धान्त
16. गाबा, ओमप्रकाश, राजनीति सिद्धान्त की रूपरेखा

17. वर्मा, ए.पी., आधुनिक राजनीतिक सिद्धान्त
18. वर्मा, एस.एल., आधुनिक राजनीतिक सिद्धान्त
19. शर्मा, प्रभुदत्त, अर्वाचीन राजनीतिक चिंतन

Paper XIV (Course Code 402)
Foreign Policies and Global Politics

Course Code

- Unit 1 India's Role in International Affairs : Basic Features & Emerging trends in India's Foreign Policy ; India's relations with the U.S.A. and neighbouring countries.
- Unit 2 Foreign Policies of the U.S.A., Russia and China – Main Issues and Current Developments.
- Unit- 3 The Concept of Non – Alignment : Bases, Role and Relevance ; Disarmament and Arms Control, Regional Organizations : SAARC and ASEAN; Factors leading to the end of Cold War.
- Unit 4 Key Issues in North – South Relationship ; Globalization; Twenty First Century World Order; Global Environmental Issues; Human Rights; Global Justice; Global Terrorism.

Recommended Readings –

1. Chalmers, P. Schleicher : International Relations
2. Hans J. Morgenthau : Politics Among Nations
3. Holsti : International Politics
4. James, E. Dougherty and Robert, L. Pfaltzgauff : Contending theories of International Relations
5. James N. Rosenau : International Politics and Foreign Policy
6. Mahendra Kumar : Theoretical Aspect of International Politics
7. N. Palmer and H. Perkins : International Relations – The World Community in Transition
8. Quincy Wright : The Study of International Relations
9. Trevor Taylor : Approaches and Theory of International Relations
10. Rajan Kumar Mishra : International Relations and Political Alliances ; Kanishka Publication
11. James N. Rosenau : The Scientific study of foreign Policy.
12. J. Frankel, International Politics : Conflict and Harmony, London, Penguin, 1969.
13. J. Frankel, Contemporary International Theory and the Behaviour of States
14. M. Albrow and E. King (eds.), The Global Age, Cambridge, Polity, 1996.
15. शर्मा प्रभुदत्त, अन्तराष्ट्रीय राजनीति की पृष्ठभूमि
16. महेन्द्र कुमार, अन्तराष्ट्रीय राजनीति के सैद्धान्तिक पक्ष
17. जैन, पुखराज, अन्तराष्ट्रीय सम्बन्ध
18. फड़िया, बी.एल., अन्तराष्ट्रीय सम्बन्ध
19. चड्ढा, पी.के., अन्तराष्ट्रीय सम्बन्ध
20. पंत, एच.जी., अन्तराष्ट्रीय सम्बन्ध

Paper XV (Course Code 403 (a))
Trends in Indian Political Theory

- Unit 1 Modern Indian Political Thought- Sources and Salient features – Rising voice of Indian Renaissance : Ram Mohan Roy : Main aspects of Liberal and humanist thinking; Bankim Chandra–Vande Matram and Indian Nationalism; Swami Vivekananda–Spiritual Nationalism; concept of Vedantic secularism.
- Unit 2 Dada Bhai Naoroji – concept of Swaraj and Drain theory – Extremists Challenge – Lokmanya Tilak : Views on Swarajya and Nationalism; Sri Aurobindo : concept of spiritual nationalism.
- Unit 3 Legacy of Mahatma Gandhi to Indian political thought. J. L. Nehru : concept of Indian Nation; World view; Gandhi & Nehru.
- Unit 4 Dr. Ram Manohar Lohiya ; Philosophy of History ; Basic features of his socialist ideas. Dr. Bhim Rao Ambedkar : Sources of his Ideology, Social Justice, Role in the Constitution making, annihilation of Caste, Nation Building . M.N Roy and Pandit Deen Dayal Upadhyaya : Concept of Humanism.

Recommended Readings

1. A. Appadorai, Indian Political Thinking Through the Ages, Delhi, Khanna Publishers, 1992.
2. Arora, V.K. : The Social and Political Philosophy of Vivekananda
3. Buch, M.M. : Rise and Growth of Indian Liberalism ; Rise and Growth of Militant Nationalism
4. Das, M.A. : The Political Philosophy of Jawahar Lal Nehru
5. Dhawan : Political Philosophy of Mahatma Gandhi
6. K. Damodaran, Indian Thought : A Critical Survey, London, Asia Publishing House, 1967.
7. K.P. Kaunakaran, Modern Indian Political Tradition, New Delhi, Allied Publishers, 1962.
8. Karan Singh : Aurobindo : The Prophet of Indian Nationalism
9. Lal Bahadur : Muslim League
10. Mathur, D.B. : Gokhale : Political Bibliography

11. Raman Murti : Non – Violence in Politics
12. Sharma, B.S. : The Political Philosophy of M.N.Roy
13. Shay : The Legacy of Lokmanya
14. V.R.Mehta, Foundations of Indian Political Thought, New Delhi, Manohar, 1992.
15. Verma, V.P. : Modern Indian Political Thought
16. Kanta Kataria, Relevance of Ambedkar's Ideology, Rawat Publications, Jaipur, 2015
17. राजपुरोहित कन्हैयालाल : आध्यात्मिक राष्ट्रवाद
18. गाबा, ओमप्रकाश, समकालीन राजनीति सिद्धान्त
19. राजपुरोहित, बी.आर., भारतीय राजनीतिक चिंतन
20. कमल, के.एल., भारतीय राजनीतिक चिंतन
21. शर्मा, बी.एम., शर्मा, आर.डी., एवं शर्मा, सविता, गांधी दर्शन के विविध आयाम

Paper XV (Course Code 403 (b))

Theory and Practice of Diplomacy and International Financial Institutions

- Unit 1 Diplomacy : Its meaning, nature, scope and objects; Diplomacy as an instrument for the promotion of national interest
- Unit 2 Old and New Diplomacy : Their salient features, Distinction between Old and New Diplomacy; Factors responsible for the change from Old to New Diplomacy; Democratic Diplomacy and Totalitarian Diplomacy: Their meaning, features, merits and demerits.
- Unit 3 Diplomacy by Conference and Summit Diplomacy: Their meaning, features merits and demerits; Diplomatic Envoys: Classification, Functions of Diplomats, Their Privileges and Immunities; Qualities of an Ideal Diplomat
- Unit 4 International Financial Institutions: The World Bank; The International Monetary Fund; GATT and World Trade Organization

Recommended Books

1. Girija Mukerjee, French School of Diplomacy
2. Hankey : Diplomacy by Conference
3. Kennedy, A.L. : Diplomacy Old and New
4. Krishnamurthy : Dynamics of Diplomacy
5. Nicolson : Diplomacy
6. Pannikar, K.M. : Principles and Practice of Diplomacy
7. Parson, Diplomacy in the Nuclear Age
8. Rathore, L.S. kataria Kanta: Principles of Diplomacy and International Financial Institutions, Regal Publications, Delhi, 2015
9. Regall, Trends in Diplomatic Practice
10. Satow, Guide to a Diplomatic Practice
11. Strong, The Diplomatic Career
12. Webster, The Art and Practice of Diplomacy
13. Arun Chaturvedi : Con. Diplomatic law in contemporary Int. relations.
14. H.Kissinger, Diplomacy, New York, Simon and Schuster, 1994.
15. L.B.Pearson, Diplomacy in a Nuclear Age
16. G.Young, Diplomacy Old and New, London, Swarthmore Press, 1921
17. गांधीजी, रॉय, राजनय के सिद्धान्त
18. शर्मा एच.सी., राजनय के सिद्धान्त
19. रॉय, एम.पी., राजनय के सिद्धान्त एवं व्यवहार

Paper XV Course Code 403(c)

Understanding Dr. B. R. Ambedkar

- Unit 1 Introducing Ambedkar: Life, Mission, Formative Influences, Struggle for Human Rights, Round Table Conference, Poona Pact, The framing of the Indian Constitution.
- Unit 2 Caste and Religion: Varna System and its drawbacks, Caste and its annihilation, Untouchability and Critique of Hindu Social Order, Religion and Conversion to Buddhism
- Unit 3 Women and Samata Samaj: The Rise and Fall of Hindu Women, Hindu Code Bill: its main features, Doctrine of Social Justice, Samata Samaj (ideal Society)
- Unit 4 Political Vision and Relevance: Constitutionalism, Democracy and essential conditions for its success, Vision of Nation-Building, Understanding Ambedkar's Relevance Today.

Books Recommended

1. D. R. Jatava: The Political Philosophy of Dr. Ambedkar
2. D. R. Jatava: The Social Philosophy of B. R. Ambedkar
3. D. C. Ahir: Buddhism and Ambedkar
4. D. C. Ahir Dr. Ambedkar and Indian Constitution
5. D. C. Ahir: The Legacy of Dr. Ambedkar
6. Dhananjay Keer: Dr. Ambedkar: Life and Mission
7. Kanta Kataria: Relevance of Ambedkar's Ideology
8. M. G. Chitkare: Dr. Ambedkar and Social Justice
9. M. L. Ranga(ed.): B. R. Ambedkar: Life, Work and Relevance
10. J. J. Shukla: Dr. B. R. Ambedkar on Hinduism
11. W. N. Kuber: Dr. Ambedkar: A Critical Study
12. Kanta Kataria: Dr. Ambedkar's Vision of Nation-Building

13. Dr. B.R. Ambedkar: The Rise and Fall of the Hindu Woman (The Maha Bodhi Journal . Calcutta, June, 1951)
14. Bhagwan Das: Thus Spoke Ambedkar (4 vols.)
15. दत्तोपन्त ठेंगडी, डॉ.अम्बेडकर और सामाजिक क्रांति की यात्रा, लोकहित प्रकाशन, लखनऊ
16. रमेश पंतगे, संघर्ष महामानव का, अर्चना प्रकाशन, भोपाल
17. रावसाहेब कसबे, अम्बेडकर और मार्क्स, संवाद प्रकाशन, मेरठ
18. यशवन्त गोपाल भावे, आधुनिक हिन्दु त्रिमुर्ति, अर्चना प्रकाशन, भोपाल

Paper XV Course Code 403(d)

Social Movements and Politics in India

- Unit 1 Social Movement : Meaning, Scope, Importance and its components; Types of Social Movement.
New Social Movement : Issue of agency and means; Social Movement and Democracy; Democratization of Indian Society.
- Unit 2 Agrarian Movements in Post-independent India : Agitation of Landless, Naxalite Struggle, Peasant and Labour Movements.
- Unit 3 Anti-Caste Movement; Dalit Movement; Backward Class Mobilization; Ethnic and Tribal (Adivasi) Struggle; Hindu Mobilization; Minority Movement.
- Unit 4 Feminist Movement; Issues of Atrocities; Civil Society intervention; Grassroots movements, People's Movements, Environment and Ecological Movements.

Recommended Readings

1. Best Shaun, Introduction to Politics and Society, 2002, New Delhi, Sage
2. Brass Paul, Politics of India since Independence, Cambridge University Press, 1990, Foundation Books, Indian Edition.
3. Chandhoke N. And Priyadarshi (Ed), Contemporary India, 2009, Noida, Dorling Kindersley
4. Datta Ruddar (ed.), Organising the Unorganized Workers, 1998, New Delhi, Viks
5. Dhannagare D.N., Peasant Movement in India, 1983, Delhi, OUP
6. Frankel Francine, Hasan Z., Bhargav R., Balveer Arora (ed.) Transforming India, 2000 New Delhi, Oxford University Press
7. Jafferelot C., India's Silent Revolution, 2003, Delhi, Permanent Black
8. Kothari, Rajni, Caste in Indian Politics, 1970, New Delhi, Orient Longman
9. Mohanty Manoranjan and Partha Nath Mukherjee (ed.) People's rights : Social Movements and the State in Third World, 1997, New Delhi, Sage
10. Menon Nivedita (ed.), Gender and Politics in India, 1999, Delhi, OUP
11. Omvedt Gail, Reinventing Revolution; New social Movements and the Socialist Tradition in India, 1993, New York, M.E. Sharp
12. Omvedi Gail, Dalit Visions; The Anti-Caste Movement and the Constrction of Indian Identity, 1995, Hyderabad, Orient Longman
13. Prasad C.B., Dalit Phobia, 2006, New Delhi, Viarta Publishing
14. Rao M.S.A. (Ed.) Social Movement in India 2004, New Delhi, Manohar Publishers.
15. Shah Ghanshyam, ed., State and Social Movements, 1999, Delhi, Sage
16. Shah, G.Social Movements in India A Review of Literature, 2000, New Delhi, Sage
17. Shiva Vandana, Staying Alive : Women, Ecology and Survival in India, Kali For Women, 1988, New Delhi
18. Political Leadership and Governance
19. Political Efficiency
20. Charging Patterns of Political Leadership in India.

Paper XVI (Course Code 404 (a)

Local Self Government & Development Administration in India

- Unit 1 Meaning, Nature, Scope and Importance of Local Self Government; Evolution of Local Self Government in India; Characteristics of 73rd and 74th Constitution Amendment Acts.
- Unit 2 Rural Local Self Government with special reference to Rajasthan—Composition, functions and role of Gram Sabha, Gram Panchayats, Panchayat Samities and Zila Parishad – Role and functions of Vikas Adhikari and Chief Executive Officer, Electoral Politics at Local Level and Role of State Election Commission; Role of Voluntary Agencies, Rural Development Programmes and Problems of Implementation
- Unit 3 Urban Local Self Government with special reference to Rajasthan – Composition, functions and role of Municipalities and Municipal Corporations; State Finance Commission; State Control over Local Bodies. Machinery of Development at Local Level – District Collector, District Plans.
- Unit 4 Development Administration and Development Machinery: Meaning, Nature, importance and features of Development administration. New Trends in People's Self Development and Empowerment; New experiments in Local bodies i.e. education qualification

Recommended Readings

1. Iqbal Narain And P.C. Mathur:Panchayati Raj-Old Controls And New Challenges
2. R.K.Sapru : Development Administration,1994
3. A.Bajpai, Panchayati Raj and Rural Development, Delhi, Sahitya Prakashan, 1997.
4. T.N.Chaturvedi (ed.), Local Government, New Delhi, Indian Institute of Public Administration, 1984.
5. S.N.Jha, and P.C.Mathur, Decentralization and Local Politics, New Delhi, Sage, 1999.
6. S.Maheshwari, Local Government in India, Agra, Lakshmi Narain Agarwal, 1996.
7. S.N.Mishra, Rural Development and Panchayati Raj, New Delhi, Concept, 1981.

8. G.Ram Reddy, Pattern of Panchayati Raj in India, Delhi, Macmillian, 1977.
9. D.Thakur and S.N.Singh (eds.), District Planning and Panchayati Raj, New Delhi, Deep and Deep, 1991.
10. C.P.Bhambri, Administration in Changing Society, Delhi, National, 1978.
11. O.P.Dwivedi, Development Administration : From Underdeveloped to Sustainable Development, Houndmills, Macmillian, 1994.
12. G.F.Grant, Development Administration : Concepts, Goals, Methods, Madison, University of Wisconsin, 1979.
13. श्री राम माहेश्वरी : भारत में स्थानीय शासन
14. मीणा, जनकसिंह, भारत में ग्रामीण विकास प्रशासन, 2012
15. शर्मा, अशोक, भारत में स्थानीय प्रशासन, 2012
16. शर्मा, रविन्द्र, भारत में स्थानीय प्रशासन, 2012
17. जोशी, प्रीता, विकास प्रशासन, 2012
18. अवस्थी, विकास प्रशासन, 2010
19. सचदेवा, प्रदीप, भारत में स्थानीय सरकार 2012
20. मीणा, जनकसिंह, ग्रामीण विकास के विविध आयाम, 2010
21. बर्थवाल, सी.पी., स्थानीय स्वशासन

Paper XVI (Course Code 404 (b))

State Politics in India

- | | |
|--------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Unit 1 | State Politics in India: Nature, characteristics and Determinants; Rise of Regional Forces and State Politics; Assertion of Identities; Insurgencies and State Politics. |
| Unit 2 | State Government : The office of the Governor – Mode of Appointment, Powers and functions; Role of Governor in State Politics and Constitutional position. The office of the Chief Minister; Powers and functions and emerging role in State Politics; The Council of Ministers in State Politics; The State Legislature – Its organization, functions and emerging role in State Politics. |
| Unit 3 | State Politics in Rajasthan – Integration of Princely States and Emergence of modern Rajasthan; Princes in Rajasthan Politics; Electoral Politics and Political developments in Rajasthan; |
| Unit 4 | Political Parties in Rajasthan; Role of opposition in Rajasthan Vidhan Sabha; Caste and Politics in Rajasthan; Political demography of Rajasthan.; Main features of State Politics in Rajasthan. |

Recommended Readings

1. B.Arora, Political Parties and Party System : The Emergence of New Coalitions, memo, Dec., 1979.
2. C.Baxter, The Jana Sangh : A Biography of an Indian Party, Philadelphia, University of Pennsylvania Press, 1969.
3. P.Brass, Caste, Faction and Party in Indian Politics, vols. 2, Delhi, Chanakya Publications, 1984- 1985.
4. P.Brass, Factional Politics in a Indian State : The Congress Party in Uttar Pradesh, Berkeley, University of California Press, 1966.
5. A.Burger, Opposition in a Dominant Party System, Berkeley, University of California Press, 1969
6. ML.Franda and P.Brass (eds.), Radical Politics in South Asia, Cambridge Massachusetts, MIT, 1973.
7. C.Fuller and C.Jafferlot (eds.), The BJP and the Comulsions of Politics in India, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1998.
8. H.Hartman, Political Parties in India, Merrut, Meenakshi Prakashan, 1980.
9. R.Kothari, "The Congress System Revisited : A Decennial Review", Asian Survey, 1974.,
10. R.Kothari, Party System and Election Studies, Bombay, Asia Publishing House, 1967.
11. S.Kochanek, The Congress Party of India : The Dynamics of One Party Democracy, Princeton : Princeton University Press, 1968.
12. B.Sengupta, Communism in Indian Politics, New York, Columbia University Press, 1972.
13. B.Sengupta, CPI-M: Promises, Prospects and Problems, New Delhi, Young Asia, 1979.
14. M.Weiner, Party Politics in India, Princeton NJ, Princeton University Press, 1957.
15. M.Weiner, Party Building in a New Nation : The Indian National Congress, Chicago, University of Chicago Press, 1967.
16. A.Bajpyee, Indian Electoral System : An Analytical Study, New Delhi, Nardeen Book Centre, 1992.
17. A.K.Bhagat, Elections and Electoral Reforms in India, Delhi, Vikas, 1996.
18. V.Grover (ed.), Election and Politics in India, New Delhi, Deep and Deep, 1989.
19. S.Kaushik, Election in India : its Social Bases, New Delhi, K.P.Bagchi and Co., 1982.
20. M.D.Palmer, Elections and Political Development : The South Asian Experience
21. S.L.Shakdher, The Law and Practice of Elections in India, New Delhi, national, 1992.
22. S.L.Shakdher, Electoral Reforms in India, New Delhi, National 1992.
23. माथुर, पी.सी. एवं शर्मा, रविन्द्र, (संपादित), भारती में पंचायतीराज निर्वाचन, 2013

Paper XVI (Course Code 404 (c))

PUBLIC POLICY

- | | |
|--------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Unit 1 | Public Policy: Concept –Meaning, Nature and Scope of Public Policy.Public Policy : Types and Significance, Institutional Development for Policy, Public Policy Advocacy : Citizens as Individuals, Communications Media, Power in Political Parties. |
| Unit 2 | Models of Policy Analysis: Institutional Model, Process Model, Rational Model, Mixed-Scanning Model, Incremental Model, Group Model, Elite Model, Public Choice Model, Game Theory. |
| Unit 3 | Constitutional Rules and Power of State Organs in Policymaking, Role of Legislature, Executive in Policy Making and Interaction among them.Policy Making and Bureaucracy.Policy Impact and Policy Analysis : An Overview |
| Unit 4 | Determinants of Policy Making : Political Parties, Pressure Groups, Public Opinion and Mass Media. Policy implementation: Theory and Models,Policy Process : Policy Making Process, Implementation, Monitoring and Evaluation.Public Policy in India : Public Health and Education, Right-based Social Policy : MGNREGA-2005. |

Recommended Readings:

1. Birkland, Thomas A., *An Introduction to the Policy Process*, London, M. E. Sharpe, 2001.
2. Dror, Yehezket, *Public Policy Making Reexamined*, Oxford, Transaction Publication, 1989.

3. Dye, Thomas R., *Understanding Public Policy*, New Jersey, Prentice Hall. 1975.

4. Ham, Christopher and Hill, Michael, *The Policy Process in the Modern Capitalist State*, Sussex, Harvester, 1984.

5. House, Peter W., *The Art of Public Policy Analysis*, Delhi, Sage, 1982.

6. Gunn, L. and Hogwood, B., *Modes of Public Policies*, University of Strathclyde, Glasgon, 1982.

7. Self, Peter, 'Market Ideology and Public Policy', in Peter Self, *Government by the Market?* The Political of Public Choice, Boulder. Westview, 1993.

8. Wamsley, Gary, et.al. 'Public Administration and the Governance Process: Shifting the Political Dialogue', In Trary Wamsley, et. al. *Refounding Public Administration*, New Delhi, Sage, 1990

9. Charles O. Jones : An Introduction to the Study of Public Administration Policy, Books

10. Cale Pub. Co., Monterey Califaronia (3 Rd Ed.)

11. Fred M. Froheck: Public Policy: Scope & Logic, Prentice Hall, London, 1979

12. Thomas R. Dye: Understanding Public Policy, Prentice Hall, London, 1979

13. E. Jacole Charles: Policy and Bureaucracy, D.Van Nostranad Co., 1970

14. Pradeep Sahni : Public Policy Conceptual Dimension, Allahabad: Kitab Mahal, 1987

15. James F. Anderson: Public Policy Making , New York; Preaget, 1979

16. R.K.Sapru, Public Policy: Sage Publication, New Delhi

17. B. Chakrabarty & P. Chand, Public Policy: Sage Publication, New delhi

18. Sangeeta Sharma, Preeta Joshi & Janak Singh Meena, Lok Niti : Siddhant evam Vyavhar, Kitab Mahal, New Delhi

19. S.N.Ambedkar & Janak Singh Meena, Public Policy & Governance in India, ABD,Jaipur

Paper XVI (Course Code 404 (D))
Elections and Electoral Politics in India

| | |
|--------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Unit 1 | Electoral System in India since 1950, Election Commission of India : Powers, Functions and Emerging Role, Electoral Machinery and Conduct of Elections. |
| Unit 2 | Electoral Politics and Lok Sabha Elections, Electoral Politics and Vidhan Sabha Elections, Elections and the Process of politicization, Anti–Defection Law : A Critical Study. |
| Unit 3 | Problems of Election Commission in conducting Free and Fair Elections. Defects and Reforms of the Electoral Process : Tarkunde, Goswami and Indrajit Gupta Reports, Code of Conduct for Free and Fair Elections. |
| Unit 4 | Determinants and pattern of Voting Behaviour, Majoritarian Parliamentary System vs. Representational Parliamentary System. |

Recommended Readings

1. B.Arora, Political Parties and Party System : The Emergence of New Coalitions, memo, Dec., 1979.

2. C.Baxter, The Jana Sangh : A Biography of an Indian Party, Philadelphia, University of Pennysivania Press, 1969.

3. P.Brass, Caste, Faction and Party in Indian Politics, vols. 2, Delhi, Chanakya Publications, 1984- 1985.

4. P.Brass, Factional Politics in a Indian State : The Congress Party in Uttar Pradesh, Berkeley, University of California Press, 1966.

5. A.Burger, Opposition in a Dominant Party System, Berkeley, University of California Press, 1969

6. ML.Franda and P.Brass (eds.), Radical Politics in South Asia, Cambridge Massachusetts, MIT, 1973.

7. C.Fuller and C.Jafferlot (eds.), The BJP and the Comulsions of Politics in India, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1998.

8. H.Hartman, Political Parties in India, Merrut, Meenakshi Prakashan, 1980.

9. R.Kothari, “The Congress System Revisited : A Decennial Review”, Asian Survey,1974.,

10. R.Kothari, Party System and Election Studies, Bombay, Asia Publishing House, 1967.

11. S.Kochanek, The Congress Party of India : The Dynamics of One Party Democracy, Princeton : Princeton University Press, 1968.

12. B.Sengupta, Communism in Indian Politics, New York, Columbia University Press, 1972.

13. B.Sengupta, CPI-M: Promises, Prospects and Problems, New Delhi, Young Asia, 1979.

14. M.Weiner, Party Politics in India, Princeton NJ, Princeton University Press, 1957.

15. M.Weiner, Party Building in a New Nation : The Indian National Congress, Chicago, University of Chicago Press, 1967.

16. A.Bajpyee, Indian Electoral System : An Analytical Study, New Delhi, Nardeen Book Centre, 1992.

17. A.K.Bhagat, Elections and Electoral Reforms in India, Delhi, Vikas, 1996.

18. V.Grover (ed.), Election and Politics in India, New Delhi, Deep and Deep, 1989.

19. S.Kaushik, Election in India : its Social Bases, New Delhi, K.P.Bagchi and Co., 1982.

20. M.D.Palmer, Elections and Political Development : The South Asian Experience

21. S.L.Shakdher, The Law and Practice of Elections in India, New Delhi, national, 1992.

22. S.L.Shakdher, Electoral Reforms in India, New Delhi, National 1992.


23. माथुर, पी.सी. एवं शर्मा, रविन्द्र, (संपादित), भारती में पंचायतीराज निर्वाचन, 2013

Skill Courses for Students of Other Departments

Semester II

Indian Constitution, Political System & Governance

| | |
|--------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Unit 1 | National Movement of India from 1857 to 1947, Constitutional Development & Indian Constitution. |
| Unit 2 | Nature of Indian Constitution, Preamble, Fundamental Rights, Directive Principles of State, Fundamental Duties, Federal Structure, Constitutional Amendments, |


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Jodhpur (Raj.)

- Emergency Provisions, Public Interest Litigation (P.I.L.) and Judicial Review.
- Unit 3 Indian Political System and Governance, Nature of Indian State, Democracy in India, Reorganization of States, Coalition Governments, Political Parties, National Integration. Union and State Executive; Union and State Legislative, Judiciary President, Parliament, Supreme Court, Election Commission, Comptroller and Auditor General, Planning Commission, National Development Council, Central Vigilance Commission (CVC), Central Information Commission, Lokpal, National Human Rights Commission (NHRC).
- Unit 4 Political and Administrative System of Rajasthan Governor, Chief Minister, State Assembly, High Court, Rajasthan Public Service Commission, District Administration, State Human Rights Commission, Lokayukt, State Election Commission, State Information Commission.

Recommended Readings

1. Atul Kohli : The Success of India's Democracy (ed.) Cambridge University Press – 2001
2. Bhabani Sen Gupta : India – Problems of Governance, Konark Publishers, Delhi – 1996
3. Bipan Chandra : India After Independence, Penguin Books – 2000
4. C.P.Bhambri, The Indian States: fifty years, New Delhi, Shipra, 1999.
5. Granville Austin : Working a Democratic Constitution, Oxford University Press – 1999
6. Granville Austin : The Indian Constitution : Cornerstone of a Nation
7. Gupta, D.C. : Indian Government and Politics
8. J.R.Siwach : Dynamics of Indian Government and Politics, Streling, New Delhi – 1990
9. Morris Jones : Government and Politics in India
10. Myron Weiner : Party Building in a New Nation : The Congress Party of India
11. Norman D. Palmer : The Indian Political System
12. P.R.Brass, Politics of India Since Independence, 2nd edn., Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1994.
13. P.R.Brass, Caste, Faction and Party in Indian Politics, Vols. 2, Delhi, Chanakya Publications, 1984-1985.
14. P.R.Brass, Ethnic Groups and the State, London, Croom Helm, 1985
15. M.V. Pylee : Constitutional Government in India.
16. Rasheeduddin Khan : Federal India – A design for change, Vikas – 1992
17. Subhash C.Kashyap : Our Parliament, National Book Trust, New Delhi – 1992
18. Zoya Hasan : Politics and The State in India(ed.) Sage Publication, New Delhi – 2000
19. डॉ.बी.एल.फड़िया 'भारतीय राजनीति एवं शासन' साहित्य भवन आगरा, 2012
20. डॉ.एम.पी.रॉय 'भारतीय राजनीति एवं शासन'

Skill Paper For Semester IV India and Global Perspective

- Unit 1 India in Global Perspective- Current Global Developments impeaching upon Society and Economy of India. Emerging World Order in the Post Cold War Era, Role and Impact of UNO and different world Organisations.
- Unit 2 Comparative status of Developing, Emerging and Developed Countries, Problems of Developing Countries. Threat of War and Disastrous Weapons, Risks of Nuclear Power.
- Unit 3 Global Economic issues and trends- Issue of Economic Imbalances. Role of World Bank, IMF WTO

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- & other Important International Organisations in world Economy Impacts of Globalisation, Privatisation, Liberalisation
- Unit 4 International Affair and Diplomatic Strategy- International Affair and Indian Foreign Policy. International Treaties and Summits. Geo-Political and Strategic Developments in India's Neighbourhood and their Impact on India.

Recommended Readings

1. Ahmed, Imtiaz., *State and Foreign Policy: India's Role in South Asia*, Delhi, Vikas Publishing House Ltd, 1993.
2. Bandyopadhyaya, Jayanta, *The Making of India's Foreign Policy*. New Delhi, Allied, 1970.
3. Brands, H.W. *India and the United States: The Cold Peace*. Boston, Twayne Publishers, 1990.
4. Cohen, Stephen P., and Richard L. Park. *India: Emergent Power?* New York: Crane, Russak and Company, 1978.
5. Gould, Harold A. and Ganguly, Sumit, (eds.), *The Hope and the Reality: U.S – Indian Relations from Roosevelt to Bush*. Boulder. Westview, 1992.
6. Harrison, Selig S. and Subrahmanyam, K.. (eds.) *Superpower Rivalry in the Indian Ocean: Indian and American Perspectives*. New York, Oxford University Press, 1989.
7. Heimsath, Charles H., and Surjit Mansing. *A Diplomatic History of Modern India*. New Delhi, Allied, 1971.
8. Hoffmann, Steven A. *India and the China Crisis*. Berkeley, University of California Press, 1990. Kapur, Ashok, *Pokhran and Beyond: India's Nuclear Behavior*. New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2001.
9. Kapur, Ashok and Wilsen, A. J.. *Foreign Policy of India and her Neighbors*. Houndmills, Macmillan Press, 1996.
10. Limaye, Satu P. *U.S-Indian Relations: The Pursuit of Accommodation*. Boulder, Westview, 1993.
11. Mathur, D. and Kamath, P.M.. *Conduct of India Foreign Policy*. Delhi, South Asian Publishers. 1996.
12. Merrill, Dennis and et al. *The United States and India's Economic Development, 1947-1961*.
13. Muni, S.D., *Understanding South Asia: Essays in the Memory of Late Prof. Urmila Phadnis*. New Delhi, South Asian Publishers, 1994.
14. Punjabi, Riyaz and A.K., Pasha (eds.) *India and the Islamic World*. Delhi Radiant Publishers, 1998.
15. Rose, Leo E. and Sisson, Richard. *War and Secession: Pakistan, India and the Creation of Bangladesh*. Berkeley, University of California Press, 1990.
16. C Rajamohan, *Crossing the Rubicon: The Shaping of India's New Foreign Policy* (New Delhi: Penguin, 2005).

M.Phil Political Science Examination

A Candidate is required to pursue the following course :

(A) CORE COURSE

There shall be two core courses carrying 100 marks each.

- i) Contemporary Political Theory
- ii) Research Methodology

(B) ELECTIVE COURSE

There shall be one elective course carrying 100 marks. A Candidate can choose any one of the following elective courses.

- iii)a. Theory of International Relations.
- iii)b. Political Dynamics and National-Building in India
- iii)c. Political Ideas of Gandhi, Nehru and Roy
- iii)d. Administrative Thought
- iii)e. Key Concepts in Political Theory

(C) AUDIT COURSE

There shall be an audit course (non-credit course) as stated under :

Typology of Law

(D) SEMINAR

(E) DISSERTATION

There shall be a dissertation carrying 100 marks. The dissertation shall be on the subject of research as may be prescribed. The dissertation shall contain the result of research work carried out by the candidate. The candidate shall also be required to give at least one seminar on the topic of the dissertation and shall be required to attend seminars held in department.

(F) VIVA – VOCE

There shall be a viva-voce carrying 100 marks.

(A) CORE COURSE

PAPER I

CONTEMPORARY POLITICAL THEORY

- Unit 1 : The meaning and scope of Political Science and Political Theory : The traditional and modern; The Value-fact dichotomy; The Behavioural Movement and the Post-Behaviour Movement The Decline and the Revival of Political Theory
- Unit 2 : Approaches to Political Theory : The Philosophical mode of Political Analysis; The Institutional Analysis, The System-Analysis. The Structural-functional approach; and the Decision Making approach
- Unit 3: Political Ideologies : The Meaning of ideology and its basic features; The Ideologies of Marx, Lenin, Mao and Max Weber
- Unit 4: Basic Concepts : Political Culture, Political Development, Political Socialisation. Political Elites, and the concept of Power
- Unit 5: New Left Existentialism : Main features of the New Left; Main features of Existentialism; Jean Paul Satre, Herbert Marcuse and Albert Camus

SUGGESTED READINGS

Donald, M. Freeman (ed) : Foundations of Political Science : Research Methods and Scope
Brecht : Political Theory
Pennock & Smith : An Introduction to Political Science
Meehan, Eugene : Contemporary Political Thought : A Critical Study
Meehan, Eugene : The Theory and Method of Political Analysis
Charlesworth : Contemporary Political Analysis
Verma, S.P. : Modern Political Theory
Carnston, Maurice (ed) : The New Left
Hyman, Herbert : Political Socialisation
Lasswell & Kaplan : Power and Society
Pye, Lucian & Verba, Sidney : Political Culture and Political Development
Mackenzie, W.J.M. : The Study of Political Science Today
Finifter, Ada W. (ed.) : Political Science : The State of the Discipline
Midgley, E.B.F. : The Ideology of Max Weber
Parry Geraint : Political Elites
McLellan, David : Marxism After Marx
Almond & Powell : Comparative Politics : A Developmental Approach
Easton, David : The Political System : An Inquiry into the State of Political Science
Bluhm, William : Theory of Political System
Germino, Dante : Beyond Ideology : The Revival of Political Theory
Runciman : Social Science and Political Theory
Kolakowski, Leszek : Main Culture of Marxism (3 vols.)
Hardling, Neil : Lenin's Political Thought (2 vols.)
Fitzgerald : Mao-Tse-tung and China
Rathore, L.S. : In Defence of Political Theory

PAPER II
RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

- Unit 1 : Nature of Social Research : Definition, scope, goals, and limitations of social research; Planning of social research; Major steps in social research
- Unit 2 : Scientific Method : The Nature and aim of scientific method; Applicability in social sciences; the scientific method and political philosophy; Fact, Concept, Theory and Law; Facts and Values in Political analysis
- Unit 3 : Techniques of Data Collections : Observations, Questionnaire and Schedule, interview, The Case Study Method
- Unit 4 : Data Analysis and Presentation : Coding, Tabulation, Interpretation; General principles and techniques of Scaling; Techniques of Report Writing : Organizing paragraphs, chapters, footnotes, reference, bibliography; Rule of Citing and quotations
- Unit 5 : Sampling and Statistical Techniques : Meaning, uses, and types of Sampling; Basic Statistics : Frequency, Distribution Average (Mean, Mode, Median) Measure of variability (Mean Deviation, Standard Deviation) Correlation test of significance : Chi-square and 't' test; Uses and limitations of statistical methods

SUGGESTED READINGS

Jahoda and others : Research Methods in Social Sciences
Madge, John : The Tools of Sciences
Gode and Hatt : Methods in Social Research
Dahl, Robert : Modern Political Analysis
Cohen, Morris and Nagel, Ernest : Introduction to Logic and Scientific Method
Popper, Karl : The Logic of Scientific Discovery
Braithwaite, R.B. : Scientific Explanation
Nagel, Ernest : The Structure of Science
Verma, V.P. : Political Philosophy
Downic and Health : Basic Statistical Methods
Dornhusch and Schmid : A Primer of Social Statistics
Allen, Edwards : Statistical Methods for the Behavioural Scientists

(B) ELECTIVE COURSE
PAPER III (a)
THEORY OF INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

- Unit 1 : International Relations : Nature and scope; International Relations as Art, Philosophy and Science, Approaches to the study of International Relations; Morgenthau's Realist Approach; the System Theory and the Decision Making theory
- Unit 2 : Determinants of National Power : Geography, Climate, Population, Natural Resource. Technology, Ideology and Leadership
- Unit 3 : National Interest : Meaning of National Interest; Diplomacy as an Instrument of National Policy; Propaganda and Political warfare as instruments of national policy; Economic Instruments of national policy, Imperialism and Colonialism; War as an instruments of national policy
- Unit 4 : Major Concepts : The Concept of Balance of Power; the Concept of Collective Security; The Concept of the Third World; The Concept of Non-Alignment; and the Concept of Peace
- Unit 5 : The future of World Community in the Nuclear and Space Age : The Atomic and Nuclear Age and its international implications; Peaceful uses of Atomic Energy; The International implication of Space Age; The International Systems in Transition


SUGGESTED READINGS

Palmer ,Norman and Perkins, Howard : International Relations – The World Community in Transition
Morgenthau Hans J. : Politics Among Nations
Rana, A.P. : The Imperative of Non-Alignment
Rosenau, James N. : International Politics and Foreign Policy
Schlechar, Chalres, P. : International Relations
Frankel , Joseph : International Politics – Conflict and Harmony
Taylor, Treyor : Approaches and Theory of International Relations
Kumar, Mahendra : Theoretical Aspect of International Politics
Dougherty , James, E. and Pfatzgaff, Robert, L. : Contending theories of International Relations
Organsk : World Politics
Kaplan (ed) : New Approaches to International Relations
Hartman : The Relation of Nations
Herz, John : International Politics in the Atomic Age
Wright, Quincy : The Study of International Relations
Holsti : International Politics

OR
PAPER III (b)

POLITICAL DYNAMICS AND NATION-BUILDING IN INDIA

- Unit 1 : Political Parties in India (National Level) : Role and Importance of political parties in a democracy; the National parties in India, their changing patter and programmes; The Congress (I), the Bhartiya Janata Party, The Janta Dal, The Dalit Kishan Mazdoor Party, and the CPI and CPI-M
- Unit 2 : Regional Politics in India : The Akali Dal and its politics, the DMK and AIADMK; The Telugu Desam; the communal political parties in India, Regionalism and Eastern Sector
- Unit 3 : Pressure groups and castes : The role of pressure groups and castes in Indian politics; the nature and role of business groups, trade unions, Agrarian groups, and linguistic groups; the politicisation of casters and the emergence of neo-caste elites and their nature
- Unit 4 : Problem of Nation Building : Poverty and Inequalities : Caste in Indian politics; The Nature of Secularism; Problems of National Integration; Communalism and the nature of political


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leadership and the Role of Opposition

Unit 5 : Elections and Electoral System : The Electoral machinery, the Election Commission, the election method of the President, Reform in the Electoral System, the determinants of Voting Behaviour in India

SUGGESTED READINGS

Jones , Morris : Government and Politics in India
Kothari, Rajni : Politics in India (Hindi & English)
Verma and Bhambhri : Elections and Political Consciousness in India
Weiner, Myron : Party System in India
Kothari and others : Party System and Election Studies
Weiner, Myron : India at the Polls : The Parliamentary Election of 1977
Weiner, Myron & Kothari (ed.) : Indian Voting Behaviour
Paul, Sharda : 1977 General Election in India
Weinhr. Myron and Field John Osgood (eds.) : Electoral Politics in the Indian States (4 Vols.)
Masani : Communist Party of India : A Short History
Sarhadi, Ajit Singh : Panjabi Suba – The Story of the Struggle
Wallace, Paul and Chopra, Surendra (ed.) : Political Dynamics of Punjab
Hardgrave : India : The Dravidian Movement
Weiner, Myron (ed.) State Politics of Scarcity
Boudurant, John : Regionalism Versus Provincialism : A Study in Problem of Indian National Unity
Harrison, Selig : The Most Dangerous Decade
Nambodiripad : Problems of National Integration
Narain, Iqbal (ed.) : State Politics in India
Jones, Morris and Dasgupta : Pattern and Trends in Indian Politics
Murty, I.S. : Assam : The Difficult Year
Singh Bhawani : Politics of Alientation in Assam
Narain, Iqbal: Bhartiya Sarkar avam Rajniti

OR

PAPER III (c)

POLITICAL IDEAS OF GANDHI, NEHRU AND ROY

Unit 1 : M.K.Gandhi : Life and Role, Sources of Gandhian thought, Metaphysical Idealism
Unit 2 : M.K. Gandhi : His Political and Economic Ideas; The Philosophy of Freedom : Gandhian Techniques – Non co-operation and Satyagraha; Place and Contribution
Unit 3 : J.L. Nehru : Life and Writing; Formative Influences on Nehru's Political thought; His philosophy of Life and Scientific Humanism : The Philosophy of History of Nehru and Gandhism
Unit 4 : J.L. Nehru : Nehru's Concept of Socialism; Nehru on Marxism and Communism; Nehru's view on nationalism, Internationalism and Panchashila, Democracy, Secularism: Place in the history of Modern India Political thought
Unit 5 : M.N. Roy : Introduction, Roy's materialism, Philosophy of History, Scientific Politics, Critique of Marxism, Roy's New Humanism, Roy's economic ideas and his contribution to Indian Thought

SUGGESTED READINGS

Verma, V.P. : Modern Indian Political Thought
Das, M.A. : The Political Philosophy of Jawahar Lal Nehru
Sharma, B.S. : The Political Philosophy of M.N.Roy
Dhawan : Political Philosophy of Mahatma Gandhi
Nehru, J.L. : The Discovery of India : An Autobiography : Glimpes of World History
Roy, M.N. : Reason, Romanticism and Revolution; Science and Philosophy; New Humanism Scientific Politics
Gandhi : My Experiments with Truth
Smith, Donald : Nehru and Democracy
Zakaria Rafiq (ed.) : A Study of Nehru
Brecher, Michael, : Nehru : A Political Biography
Prasad, Ganesh : Nehru : A Study of Colonial Liberalism
Verma, V.P. : Gandhian Concept of State
Rolland, R. : Mahatma Gandhi

Verma, V.P. : Political Philosophy of Mahatma Gandhi and Sarvodaya
Tendulkar, D.G. : Mahatma

OR

PAPER III (d)

ADMINISTRATIVE THOUGHT

- Unit 1 : Politics and Administration : A Study of the Writings of Wilson, Goodnow and Appleby
- Unit 2 : The Concept of Bureaucracy : The Theory of Max Weber and Blau
- Unit 3 : Classical Theories : The Theories of Organisation as Propounded by Urwick, Gulick, and Fayol; The Scientific Management Theory of Taylor
- Unit 4 : Human Relations Approach : A Study of the Writings of Miss Follett and Elton Mayo
- Unit 5 : Informal and Formal Organization : Theory of Chester Barnard; and the Behaviouralistic approach of Herbert Simon

SUGGESTED READING

Gulick and Urwick : Papers on the Science of Administration
Millet : Government and Administration
Weber and Max : Essays on Sociology
Merton : Reader in Bureaucracy
Urwick : Dynamic Administration
Rowat : Ideas and Issues in Public Administration
Simon : Administrative Behaviour
Chester Barnard : Functions of The Executive
Dimock : Administrative Vitality
Etzioni, Amital : Modern Organization
Wilson, Woodrow : the Study of Administration
Goodnow : Politics and Administration
Appleby : Policy and Administration
Taylor : Principles of Scientific Management
Fayol : General and Industrial Management
Follett : Creative Experience
Chester Barnard : Organization and Management
Simon : The New Science of Management Decision
Scott : Organization Theory : A Behavioural Analysis
Michel : The Bureaucratic Phenomenon

OR

PAPER III (e)

KEY CONCEPTS IN POLITICAL THEORY

- Unit 1 : Rawls's Concept of Justice; The concept of political obligation; The Concept of Political Legitimacy and Effectiveness; The Marxian Concept of Revolution; Laski's Concept of Pluralism
- Unit 2 : The Marxian Concept of Political Alienation; Lasswell and Kaplan's Concepts of Political Power; The Fascist Concept of the State; Mosca and Pareto's Concept of Political Elites
- Unit 3 : Historicism : The notion of Historicism as developed by Hegel, Comte, Marx; Karl Popper's criticism of Marx's version of historical determinism; Nietzsche's view about the use and abuse of history, critical appraisals
- Unit 4 : Linguistic Analysis and Politics : Types of Linguistic Philosophy. T.D. Weldon, Ludwig Wittgenstein, A.J. Ayer and H.L.A. Hart as philosophers of language analysis.
- Unit 5 : The Existentialism : Meaning of existentialism, sources of existentialism, Søren Kierkegaard and Edmund Husserl; Existential ideas of Karl Jaspers, Martin Heidegger, Gabriel Marcel, Albert Camus and Sartre

SUGGESTED READING

Rawls John : A Theory of Justice
Johri, J.C. : Contemporary Political Theory
Lipset, S.M. : The Political Man

Oliman, B. : Alienation : Marx's Conception of Man in a Capitalist Society
Laski, H.J. : A Grammar of Politics
Breeht, Arnold : Political Theory : Foundations of Twentieth Century Political Thought
Farry, Geraint : Political Elites
Charleworth : Philosophy and Linguistic Analysis
Blokham, H.J. : Six Existentialist Thinkers
Popper, Karl : The Poverty of Historicism
Burns : Principles of Revolutions
Lasswell and Kaplan : Power and Society
Woddis Jack : New Theories of Revolution
Verma, S.P. : Modern Political Theory

(C) AUDIT COURSE (NON-CREDIT COURSE)

TYPOLGY OF LAW

- Unit 1 : Law : Its meaning; purpose and utility; The Codification of Law, Law as an instrument of Social Change
Unit 2 : Jurisprudence : Meaning, nature and scope of Jurisprudence
Unit 3 : Constitutional Law : The meaning and theory of the Rule of Law, the nature of English and Indian Constitutional Law
Unit 4 : Administrative Law : Meaning and scope of Administrative Law; The Nature of French Droit Administratif
Unit 5 : International Law : Meaning and emerging Dimension, Sources of International Law, Relationship between International Law and Municipal Law

SUGGESTED READING

Tandon, M.B. : A Text Book on Jurisprudence
Sawer and Geoffrey : Law in Society
Black and Charles : Prospective in Constitutional Law
Jennings, Sir Ivor : The Law and the Constitution
Starke, J.G. : Introduction to International Law
Dicey, A.V. : Introduction to the Study of the Law of the Constitution
Chapman Brian : The Profession of Government

(D) SEMINAR

(E) DISSERTATION

There shall be a dissertation carrying 100 marks. The dissertation shall be on the subject of research as may be prescribed. The dissertation shall contain the results of research work carried out by the candidate. The candidate shall also be required to given at least one seminar on the topic of their dissertation and shall be required to attend seminars held in the Department.

(G) VIVA-VOCE

There shall be a viva-voce carrying 100 marks.

Department of Political science
Jai Narain Vyas University, Jodhpur
POST GRADUATE DIPLOMA IN GANDHIAN STUDIES

(DURATION – 1 YEAR)

Syllabus

Paper I Gandhi's life and Central Philosophy

Unit I

Life of Gandhi i) Childhood ii) Student life iii) Lawyer iv) Satyagrahi v)
Social reformer vi) Revolutionary leader

Unit II

Influence of Indian and Western Thinkers and of Religions a: Gopal
Krishna Gokhale iii) Ruskin iv) Dadabhai Naoroji v) Thoreau vi)
Tolstoy; The Gita, The Bible, The Buddha, Jainism, Islam and Hindu.

Unit III

Central Philosophy View of Human life: The philosophy and Sadhana
of Satyagraha Concept, theory, variants and techniques of Satyagraha
Preparation, preconditions, strategy and operational forms
Satyagraha and Passive Resistance;

Unit IV

Civil Disobedience in Indian tradition Civil Disobedience in Western
tradition Satyagraha and the pacifist movement

Unit V

Major Satyagrahas led by Gandhi Satyagraha in South Africa
Champaran Satyagrahi Kheda Satyagraha Ahmedabad Satyagraha,
Salt Satyagraha Individual Civil Disobedience Quit India 1942.

Paper II Social and Economic Thought of Gandhi

Unit I

Philosophy of Sarvodaya; Gandhian approach to the village community; Concept of Gramswaraj; Constructive Varanshram system and its distinction from caste system; Untouchability and the method of struggle against it;

Unit II

Basic thoughts on health and cure, Place of hygiene, sanitation and safayi.

Unit III

Education – Basic meaning and aims of education Gandhian Education, Duties of students, parents and teachers in education and their interrelationship Higher and Technical Education.

Unit IV

Gandhi's ideas and efforts in the field of economics Gandhi's critique of Industrialism. Philosophy of work: Employment – Yajna. Need Vs Greed (and Wants) - Consumption Production – Technology – Appropriate/ Intermediate Distribution - Ownership - Trusteeship Centralization - evils and answers

Unit V

Decentralisation Swadeshi - Khadi - Village industries.

Paper III Political Thought of Gandhi

Unit I

Gandhi's concept of politics - goals and methods of action Individual or social associations/organizations through which individual works/has to work Concept and claim of spiritualizing politics Choice/optional associations and others.

Unit II

Nation, Society , State and Governments.

Unit II

Democracy - Communism - Anarchism Gandhi's Concept of Swaraj - Decentralized Administration Gram Swaraj - Ram Rajya - Panchayat Raj.

Unit V


Hind Swaraj or Indian Home Rule.

Unit V

Idea on Peace and Non Violence: Meaning of Peace – Negative and Positive Peace Violence - Structural and Cultural Violence Peace and Disarmament Peace Movements; Gandhian Approach to Conflict Resolution.

Paper IV FIELD WORK

To imbibe the practical field experience, students shall visit some Gandhian Institutions / ashrams, villages engaged in practical /theoretical work under the general frame work of Gandhian Studies. At the end of their visits, the students would be required to submit a report recording their experiences and impressions in the field.



(Prof.Kanta Kataria)
HEAD
Prof. & Head
Department of Political Science
Jai Narain Vyas University
Jodhpur (Raj.)

JAI NARAIN VYAS UNIVERSITY. JODHPUR (RAJ)

Faculty of Arts, Education & Social Sciences

(Department of Political Science)

M.P.E.T. Entrance Exam Syllabus of Political Science for the year

- 1 : Nature and Significance of Political Theory – Classical, Modern and Contemporary; Decline and Revival of Political Theory, End of Ideology and End of History, Ideologies – Individualism, Liberalism, Marxism, Pluralism, Fascism and Nationalism
- 2 : Indian Political Thinkers : Kautilya, Manu, Raja Ram Mohan Roy, Swami Vivekananda, Mahatma Gandhi, Pandit Jawahar Lal Nehru, Dr.B.R. Ambedkar, Swami Dayanand Saraswati, M.N.Roy
- 3 : Western Political Thinkers : Plato, Aristotle, Machiavelli, Hobbes, Locke, Rousseau, Bentham, J.S. Mill, Karl Marx, Rawls and Nozick.
- 4 : Nature and Scope of Comparative Politics; Traditional and Modern Perspectives of Comparative Politics; Approaches to the Study of Comparative Politics, Structural-Functional and System Approach; Political Development, Political Culture and Political Socialization
- 5 : Leading Classification of Government – Traditional and Modern; Kinds of Government : Unitary and Federal, Parliamentary and Presidential – their Theory and Practice

Legislature : Composition and Power of the British Parliament, US Congress, Swiss Federal Assembly; Executive : British King, Prime Minister and Cabinet, U.S. President, Swiss Plural Executive; Judiciary : U.S. Supreme Court and Administrative Courts of France
- 6 : Ideological bases of Indian Constitution, Preamble, Fundamental Rights, Directive Principles, Nature of Indian Federalism, Centre-State Relations, President, Prime Minister, Parliament and Supreme Court of India, Judicial Review and Judicial Activism
- 7 : Party System in India; Political Parties and Pressure Groups in Indian Politics, Election Commission, Electoral Reforms and Determinants of Voting Behaviour, Challenges to Indian Democracy, State Politics in India, Governor, Chief Minister, Council of Ministers, State

Legislature and High Court

- 8 : Meaning and Nature of Public Administration; Decision Making, Leadership and Communication Approaches of Public Administration; Principles of Organization – Line and Staff, Unity of Command, Hierarchy and Span of Control; Theories of Organization – Classical, Scientific Management and Human Relation Theory, Types of Organization – Formal and Informal; Chief Executive – Kinds and functions; Personnel Administration – Recruitment and Training; Bureaucracy – Theories and Types, Max Weber's views
- 9 : Approaches and Theories to the Study of International Relations – Idealist Approach and Realistic Approach, System Theory and Game Theory; Meaning and Elements of National Power; Cold War : Meaning, Causes, Impact and End of Cold War, Concept of Non-Alignment : Its Achievements and Challenges; Globalization; Pacific means of Settlement of International Disputes
- 10 : United Nations (UN): Organization, Working and Role in peace keeping; Regional Organization – SAARC, ASEAN & OPEC, Basic Features of Indian Foreign Policy; India's Role in International Politics – India and Its Neighbour; Contemporary International Issues : Human Rights, Environment and Terrorism

जय नारायण व्यास विश्वविद्यालय, जोधपुर (राजस्थान)
कला, शिक्षा एवं सामाजिक विज्ञान संकाय
(राजनीति विज्ञान विभाग)

राजनीति विज्ञान का एम.पी.ई.टी. प्रवेश परीक्षा पाठ्यक्रम वर्ष 2021

- 1 : राजनीतिक सिद्धान्त की प्रकृति और महत्व – परम्परागत, आधुनिक एवं समसामयिक; राजनीति सिद्धान्त का पतन एवं पुनरुत्थान, विचारधारा का अंत एवं इतिहास का अंत; विचारधाराएं – व्यक्तिवाद, उदारवाद, मार्क्सवाद, बहुलवाद, फासीवाद और राष्ट्रवाद
- 2 : भारतीय राजनीतिक विचारक : कौटिल्य, मनु, राजा राम मोहन राय, स्वामी विवेकानन्द, महात्मा गांधी, पंडित जवाहरलाल नेहरू, डॉ.बी.आर.अम्बेडकर, स्वामी दयानन्द सरस्वती, एम.एन.रॉय
- 3 : पाश्चात्य राजनीतिक विचारक : प्लेटो, अरस्तु, मैकियावली, हॉब्स, लॉक, रूसो, बेंथम, जे.एस.मिल, कार्ल मार्क्स, रॉल्स एवं नॉजिक
- 4 : तुलनात्मक राजनीति की प्रकृति एवं क्षेत्र; तुलनात्मक राजनीति का परम्परागत एवं आधुनिक परिप्रेक्ष्य, तुलनात्मक राजनीति के अध्ययन के विभिन्न उपागम, संरचनात्मक-प्रकार्यात्मक एवं व्यवस्था उपागम; राजनीतिक विकास, राजनीतिक संस्कृति एवं राजनीतिक समाजीकरण
- 5 : सरकार के प्रमुख वर्गीकरण – परम्परागत एवं आधुनिक; सरकार के प्रकार : एकात्मक एवं संघात्मक, संसदात्मक एवं अध्यक्षात्मक – उनके सिद्धान्त एवं व्यवहार
व्यवस्थापिका : ब्रिटेन की संसद का गठन एवं शक्तियां, यू.एस.कांग्रेस, स्विस् संघीय सभा; कार्यपालिका : ब्रिटिश सम्राट, प्रधानमंत्री एवं मंत्रिमंडल, अमेरिकी राष्ट्रपति, स्विस् बहुल कार्यपालिका, न्यायपालिका : अमेरिकी उच्चतम न्यायालय, फ्रांस के प्रशासनिक न्यायालय
- 6 : भारतीय संविधान का वैचारिक आधार, प्रस्तावना, मौलिक अधिकार, नीति निर्देशक तत्व, भारतीय संघवाद की प्रकृति, केन्द्र राज्य सम्बन्ध, भारत का राष्ट्रपति, प्रधानमंत्री, संसद एवं उच्चतम न्यायालय, न्यायिक पुनरावलोकन एवं न्यायिक सक्रियता

- 7 : भारत में दलीय व्यवस्था; भारतीय राजनीति में राजनीतिक दल और दबाव समूह, निर्वाचन आयोग, चुनाव सुधार, मतदान व्यवहार के निर्धारक तत्व, भारतीय लोकतंत्र के समक्ष चुनौतियां, भारत में राज्य राजनीति, राज्यपाल, मुख्यमंत्री, मंत्रिपरिषद्, राज्य व्यवस्थापिका, उच्च न्यायालय
- 8 : लोकप्रशासन का अर्थ एवं प्रकृति; निर्णयन, नेतृत्व एवं संचार; लोक प्रशासन के उपागम; संगठन के सिद्धान्त – सूत्र और स्टॉफ, आदेश की एकता, पदसोपान एवं नियंत्रण की सीमा; संगठन की विचारधाराएँ – शास्त्रीय, वैज्ञानिक प्रबन्ध एवं मानव सम्बन्ध विचारधारा; संगठन के प्रकार— औपचारिक एवं अनौपचारिक संगठन; मुख्य कार्यपालिका: प्रकार एवं कार्य; कार्मिक प्रशासन – भर्ती एवं प्रशिक्षण; नौकरशाही – विचारधारा एवं प्रकार, मैक्स वेबर के विचार
- 9 : अंतर्राष्ट्रीय संबंधों के अध्ययन संबंधी सिद्धान्त एवं उपागम – आदर्शवादो उपागम एवं यथार्थवादो उपागम, व्यवस्था सिद्धान्त और खेल सिद्धान्त; राष्ट्रीय शक्ति का अर्थ एवं विभिन्न तत्व; शीतयुद्ध : अर्थ, कारण, प्रभाव एवं शीतयुद्ध का अंत, गुटनिरपेक्षता को अवधारणा: इसकी उपलब्धियां एवं चुनौतियां, वैश्वीकरण, अंतर्राष्ट्रीय विवादों के शांतिपूर्ण समाधान के तरीके
- 10 : संयुक्त राष्ट्र : संगठन, कार्यप्रणाली एवं शांति स्थापित करने में भूमिका, क्षेत्रीय संगठन – सार्क, आसियान एवं ऑपेक, भारतीय विदेश नीति को मुख्य विशेषताएं; अंतर्राष्ट्रीय राजनीति में भारत की भूमिका – भारत एवं उसके पड़ोसी; समकालीन अंतर्राष्ट्रीय मुद्दें : मानव अधिकार, पर्यावरण एवं आतंकवाद

Syllabus for MPET Course-work in Political Science

Paper – I

KEY CONCEPTS OF POLITICAL THEORY AND INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

Marks: 100

One period per week

- Unit I** : **Political Theory:** Overview of Political Theory; The Behavioral and Neo Classical.
Political Theory and the Real World.
Concepts and Ideologies: State, Power, Justice, Differences in Political Ideology
- Unit II** : **Political Thinkers : An overview** : Plato, Aristotle, Machiavelli, St. Augustine, Hobbes, Locke, Rousseau, Hegel, T.H. Green, Mao Tse Tung, Stalin, Lenin
Manu, Kautaliya, Sawarkar, M.N. Roy, Vivekananda, Dayanand Saraswati, Gandhi, Nehru, Ambedkar, Aurbindo, Mohd Ali, Mohd Iqbal, M.A. Jinnah
- Unit III** : **International Relations:** Major Theoretical Perspectives of International Relations: International Political Economy & Foreign Policy. The Concept of Non – Alignment, Globalization and Post-Cold-War Order.
- Unit IV** : **Key Issues in Contemporary IR:** Environmental Issues, Human Rights and International Terrorism, Regionalism, Religion & Culture in IR, Nuclear Proliferation. Indian Foreign Policy: Issues and Trends.
- Unit V** : **International Law and Diplomacy:** Old and New Diplomacy, Types of Diplomacy, Recent Trends in Diplomatic Practice and Procedure. International Law: Treaties, Amicable Settlement of State Disputes, Compulsive Methods

Suggested Readings

1. Sabine : A History of Political Theory
2. Barker : Plato and His Predecessors
3. Dunning : History of Political Theory (3 vols.)
4. डॉ.बी.एल.फड़िया 'पाश्चात्य राजनीतिक विचारक'
5. लक्ष्मण सिंह राठौड़ : राजनीतिक सिद्धान्त—बौद्धिक शैलियाँ
6. Hans J. Morgenthau : Politics Among Nations
7. Holsti : International Politics
8. N. Palmer and H. Perkins : International Relations – The World Community in Transition
9. फड़िया, बी.एल., अन्तराष्ट्रीय सम्बन्ध
10. B.Parekh, Contemporary Political Thinkers, Oxford, Martin Robertson, 1982.
11. रॉय, एम.पी., राजनय के सिद्धान्त एवं व्यवहार
12. हरिमोहन जैन, अन्तराष्ट्रीय विधि

Paper II
COMPARATIVE POLITICS AND POLITICAL SYSTEMS


Marks: 100
One period per week

- Unit I** : **Comparative Politics:** Evolution and Approaches of Comparative Politics. Comparative Research Methods
Actors and Processes: Political Parties, Party Systems, Social Movement, Political Culture & Political Participation.
Comparing Political System: Politics of U.K., U.S.A., France and Japan. Issues and Politics in Developing World: Gender, Inequality, ethno politics and Conflicts.
- Unit II** : **Public Policy:** Policy- Making- models and Approaches. Policy-Making in India.
Indian Political System: Fundamental Constitutional Principles and Philosophy, Dimensions of Indian Federalism and Centre State Relations, Parliamentary System of India.
Political Process and Politics in India: Party system, Political Parties and Political Leadership, Interest Articulation, Coalition Politics.
- Unit III** : **State governments and Regional Politics:** Structure and Working of State Government, Patterns and Trends in State Politics.
- Unit IV** : **Public Administration :** Paradigms of Public Administration; Politics and Public administration. Theories of Organization. **Indian Administration:** Characteristics of Public Administration in India, Administrative Reforms, Good Governance, Right to Information, Public Service Guarantee Act, Lokpal Bill, Democratic Decentralization and Panchayati Raj.
- Unit V** : **Development Machinery:** Working of Planning Commission and National Development Council. Machinery of Development at Local Level, New Trends in People's Self Development and Empowerment.

Suggested Readings

1. Atul Kohli : The Success of India's Democracy (ed.) Cambridge University Press – 2001
2. Bhabani Sen Gupta : India – Problems of Governance, Konark Publishers, Delhi – 1996
3. Bipan Chandra : India After Independence, Penguin Books – 2000
4. Granville Austin : Working a Democratic Constitution, Oxford University Press – 1999
5. Granville Austin : The Indian Constitution : Cornerstone of a Nation
6. J.R.Siwach : Dynamics of Indian Government and Politics, Sterling, New Delhi – 1990
7. Morris Jones : Government and Politics in India
8. डॉ.बी.एल.फड़िया 'भारतीय राजनीति एवं शासन' साहित्य भवन आगरा, 2012
9. G.A.Almond, and J.S.Coleman, The Politics of the Developing Areas, Princeton NJ, Princeton University Press, 1960.
10. G.A.Almond, and G.B. Powell Jr., Comparative Politics : A Development Approach, Boston, Little Brown, 1966.
11. सी.बी.गैना : तुलनात्मक राजनीति एवं राजनीतिक संस्थाएं
12. Avasthi & Maheshwari, Public Administration (Hindi & English)
13. Bhattachary ,Mohit, New Horizons of Public Administration
14. Henry , Nicholos, Public Administration and Public Affairs.

15. डॉ.बी.एल.फड़िया 'लोकप्रशासन'


(Prof. Kanta Kataria)
HEAD
Prof. & Head
Department of Political Science
Jai Narain Vyas University
Jodhpur (Raj.)

SYLLABUS


BACHELOR OF ARTS

POLITICAL SCIENCE

B.A. Part I Examination



JAI NARAIN VYAS UNIVERSITY
JODHPUR


(Prof. Kanta Kataria)
HEAD
Prof. & Head
Department of Political Science
Jai Narain Vyas University
Jodhpur (Raj.)

IMPORTANT

With a view to bring about greater reliability, validity and objectivity in the examination system and also for closer integration of teaching, learning and evaluation.

- (i) The syllabus has been divided into units. Questions will be set from each unit with provision for internal choice.
- (ii) In order to ensure that the students do not leave out the important portion of the syllabus, examiners shall be free to repeat the questions set in the previous examinations.

(Ref. Resolution No. 21 (c) of Academic Council dated 9.2.84)

The examinees be permitted to use their personal transistorized pocket battery operated calculators in the examinations. The calculator to be used by the candidates in the examinations should not have more than 12 digits, 6 functions and 2 memories and should be noiseless and cordless. A Calculator belonging to one candidate shall not be allowed to be used by another candidate. The Superintendent of the centre will have complete discretion to disallow the use of a calculator which does not confirm to the above specification.


(Ref. Resolution No. 6/90 of Academic Council dated 20th July, 1990)


In Engineering and any other examinations where the use of calculators is already permitted, it shall remain undisturbed.

NOTIFICATION

In compliance of decision of the Hon'ble High Court all students are required to fulfil 75% attendance rule in each subject and there must be 75 % attendance of the student before he/she could be permitted to appear in the examination.

**REGISTRAR
(Academic)**


(Prof.Kanta Kataria)
HEAD
Prof. & Head
Department of Political Science
Jai Narain Vyas University
Jodhpur (Raj.)


(Prof.Kanta Kataria)
HEAD
Prof. & Head
Department of Political Science
Jai Narain Vyas University
Jodhpur (Raj.)

POLITICAL SCIENCE
NEW EXAMINATION SCHEME
(Pattern of Question Paper)

PART-A (भाग-अ)

भाग अ के सभी प्रश्न अनिवार्य हैं। इन प्रश्नों के उत्तर प्रत्येक 30 शब्दों तक सीमित हैं। प्रत्येक प्रश्न 2 अंक का है।

The questions of Part-A are compulsory. The answer of these questions are limited upto 30 words each. Each question carries 2 marks.

PART-B (भाग-ब)

प्रत्येक इकाई में से एक प्रश्न का चयन करते हुए कुल पाँच प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिये। प्रत्येक प्रश्न का उत्तर लगभग 250 शब्दों तक सीमित है। प्रत्येक प्रश्न 7 अंक का है।

Attempt FIVE questions in all, selecting ONE question from each unit. The answer of each question shall be limited upto 250 words. Each question carries 7 marks.

PART-C (भाग-स)

इस भाग से कुल तीन प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिये। प्रत्येक प्रश्न का उत्तर लगभग 500 शब्दों तक सीमित है। प्रत्येक प्रश्न 15 अंक का है।

Attempt Any THREE questions. The Answer of each question shall be limited upto 500 words. Each question carries 15 marks

B.A. PART I
Political Science

| | |
|------------------------|-----------|
| Paper I | 100 Marks |
| Paper II | 100 Marks |
| Duration of Each Paper | 3 Hours |

Paper I
Political Theory

| | |
|--------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Unit 1 | Meaning, nature and Scope of Political Theory; Methods of Study – The Traditional and Modern approaches with special reference to Behaviouralism and Post Behaviouralism. |
| Unit 2 | State – Its nature, The organic theory of the state, Functions of the State, The concept of Welfare State ; Classification of State, Aristotle’s classification and modern classification. |
| Unit 3 | The concept of Sovereignty, its essential elements and types; Austine’s theory of Sovereignty, The concepts of Liberty, Equality and Justice; Rights – Meaning and various theories |
| Unit 4 | Basic Concepts – Power, Authority, Political Culture, Political Development, Political Socialisation; |
| Unit 5 | The Concept of Democracy – Its meaning, merits and demerits ; Montesquieu’s theory of Separation of Powers, Bicameral legislature; the concept of Minority Representation; its various methods; proportional representation – merits and demerits |

Recommended Readings

1. Sir, E.Barker, Principles of Social and Political Theory, Calcutta, Oxford University Press, 1976.
2. N.P.Barry, Introduction to Modern Political Theory, London, Macmillian, 1995.
3. M.Carnoy, The State and Political Theory, Princeton NJ, Princeton University Press, 1984.
4. G.Catlin, A Study of the Principles of Politics, London and New York, Oxford University Press, 1930.
5. R.Dhal, Modern Political Analysis, Englewood Cliffs NJ, Prentice Hall, 1963.
6. D.Germينو, Beyond Ideology : The Revival of Political Theory, New York, Harper and Row, 1967.
7. D.Held, Models of Democracy, Cambridge, Polity Press, 1987.
8. D.Held, Political theory and the Modern State, Cambridge, Polity Press, 1989.
9. D.Held, Political Theory Today, Cambridge, Polity Press, 1991.
10. C.B.Macpherson, Democratic Theory : Essays in Retrieval, Oxford, The Clarendon Press, 1977.
11. D.Miller, Social Justice, Oxford, The Clarendon Press, 1976.

प्रथम प्रश्न पत्र

राजनीतिक सिद्धान्त

- इकाई 1 राजनीतिक सिद्धान्त का अर्थ, प्रकृति और क्षेत्र ; अध्ययन पद्धतियाँ—व्यवहारवाद एवं उत्तर—व्यवहारवाद के विशेष सन्दर्भ में पारम्परिक एवं आधुनिक दृष्टिकोण ।
- इकाई 2 राज्य : उसकी प्रकृति, राज्य का आंगिक सिद्धान्त; राज्य के कार्य; लोक कल्याणकारी राज्य की अवधारणा; राज्यों का वर्गीकरण— अरस्तु का वर्गीकरण एवं आधुनिक वर्गीकरण ।
- इकाई 3 सम्प्रभुता की अवधारणा : इसके आवश्यक तत्व व प्रकार; ऑस्टिन का सम्प्रभुता सिद्धान्त; स्वतंत्रता, समानता और न्याय की अवधारणाएँ, अधिकार – अर्थ एवं विभिन्न सिद्धान्त ।
- इकाई 4 आधारभूत अवधारणाएँ : शक्ति, सत्ता, राजनीतिक संस्कृति, राजनीतिक विकास, राजनीतिक समाजीकरण ।
- इकाई 5 लोकतंत्र की अवधारणा : अर्थ, गुण एवं दोष ; मॉण्टेस्क्यू का शक्ति पृथक्करण सिद्धान्त; द्विसदनीय विधान मण्डल; अल्प संख्यक प्रतिनिधित्व की अवधारणा एवं इसके विभिन्न तरीके; आनुपातिक प्रतिनिधित्व—गुण एवं दोष

Paper II

Indian Government and Politics

- Unit 1 Constituent Assembly and Framing of Indian Constitution; Main Issues and Approaches; The Preamble, Salient Features of the Indian Constitution, Fundamental Rights and Duties; Directive Principles of State Policy.
- Unit 2 Union Executive : The President, Prime Minister and Council of Ministers – Powers, Functions and Relationship.
- Unit 3 Parliament : Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha – Composition and Powers; Supreme Court : Composition, Powers, Judicial Review and Judicial Activism, The Election Commission and electoral reforms.
- Unit 4 Federalism – Place of States in the Indian Union; Centre-State Relations, New Trends and Development; Demand for Autonomy : Governor – Powers and Its Role in Federal Polity.
- Unit 5 Indian Parliamentary System ; Multi-Party System ; Regional Parties and Coalition Governments; Criminilisation of Politics, Caste in Politics, Poverty Alleviation.

Recommended Readings

1. G.Austin, The Indian Constitution: Corner Stone of a Nation, Oxford University Press, 1966.
2. G.Austin, Working a Democratic Constitution : The Indian Experience, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2000.
3. D.D.Basu, An Introduction to the Constitution of India, New Delhi, Prentice Hall, 1994.
4. U.Baxi, The Indian Supreme Court and Politics, Delhi, Eastern Book Company, 1980.
5. U.Baxi, and B.Parekh (ed.), Crisis and Change in Contemporary India, New Delhi, Sage 1994.
6. P.Brass, Politics of India Since Independence, Hyderabad, Orient Longman, 1990.
7. M.Chadda, Ethnicity, Security and Separatism in India, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1997.
8. R.L.Hardgrave, India : Government and Politics in a Developing Nation, New York, Harcourt, Brace and World, 1965.
9. Kashyap, Our Parliament, New Delhi, National Book Trust, 1992.
10. A.Kohli, Democracy and Discontent : India's Growing Crisis of Governability, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1991.
11. A.Kohli (ed.), The Success of India's Democracy, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 2001.

द्वितीय प्रश्न पत्र

भारतीय शासन एवं राजनीति

- इकाई 1 संविधान निर्मात्री सभा और भारतीय संविधान का निर्माण – प्रमुख मुद्दे एवं दृष्टिकोण; उद्देशिका, भारतीय संविधान की प्रमुख विशेषताएं, मौलिक अधिकार एवं कर्तव्य, राज्य के नीति निदेशक तत्व
- इकाई 2 संघीय कार्यपालिका – राष्ट्रपति, प्रधानमंत्री और मंत्रीपरिषद्-शक्तियां, कार्य एवं परस्पर संबंध
- इकाई 3 संसद : लोक सभा एवं राज्य सभा – गठन एवं शक्तियां, उच्चतम न्यायालय-गठन, शक्तियां, न्यायिक पुनरावलोकन एवं न्यायिक सक्रियता, निर्वाचन आयोग तथा चुनाव सुधार ।
- इकाई 4 संघवाद – भारतीय संघ में राज्यों की स्थिति; केन्द्र राज्य संबंध-नई प्रवृत्तिया और विकास, स्वायत्तता की मांग; राज्यपाल-शक्तियां व संघीय व्यवस्था में उसकी भूमिका
- इकाई 5 भारतीय संसदीय व्यवस्था –बहुदलीय व्यवस्था; क्षेत्रीय दल एवं गठबंधन सरकारें; राजनीति का अपराधीकरण, राजनीति में जातिवाद, निर्धनता उन्मूलन

SYLLABUS


BACHELOR OF ARTS

POLITICAL SCIENCE

B.A. Part II Examination



JAI NARAIN VYAS UNIVERSITY
JODHPUR


(Prof. Kanta Kataria)
HEAD
Prof. & Head
Department of Political Science
Jai Narain Vyas University
Jodhpur (Raj.)

IMPORTANT

With a view to bring about greater reliability, validity and objectivity in the examination system and also for closer integration of teaching, learning and evaluation.

- (i) The syllabus has been divided into units. Questions will be set from each unit with provision for internal choice.
- (ii) In order to ensure that the students do not leave out the important portion of the syllabus, examiners shall be free to repeat the questions set in the previous examinations.

(Ref. Resolution No. 21 (c) of Academic Council dated 9.2.84)

The examinees be permitted to use their personal transistorized pocket battery operated calculators in the examinations. The calculator to be used by the candidates in the examinations should not have more than 12 digits, 6 functions and 2 memories and should be noiseless and cordless. A Calculator belonging to one candidate shall not be allowed to be used by another candidate. The Superintendent of the centre will have complete discretion to disallow the use of a calculator which does not confirm to the above specification.


(Ref. Resolution No. 6/90 of Academic Council dated 20th July, 1990)

In Engineering and any other examinations where the use of calculators is already permitted, it shall remain undisturbed.

NOTIFICATION

In compliance of decision of the Hon'ble High Court all students are required to fulfil 75% attendance rule in each subject and there must be 75 % attendance of the student before he/she could be permitted to appear in the examination.

**REGISTRAR
(Academic)**


(Prof.Kanta Kataria)
HEAD
Prof. & Head
Department of Political Science
Jai Narain Vyas University
Jodhpur (Raj.)

POLITICAL SCIENCE
NEW EXAMINATION SCHEME
(Pattern of Question Paper)

PART-A (भाग—अ)

भाग अ के सभी प्रश्न अनिवार्य हैं। इन प्रश्नों के उत्तर प्रत्येक 30 शब्दों तक सीमित हैं। प्रत्येक प्रश्न 2 अंक का है।

The questions of Part-A are compulsory. The answer of these questions are limited upto 30 words each. Each question carries 2 marks.

PART-B (भाग—ब)

प्रत्येक इकाई में से एक प्रश्न का चयन करते हुए कुल पाँच प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिये। प्रत्येक प्रश्न का उत्तर लगभग 250 शब्दों तक सीमित है। प्रत्येक प्रश्न 7 अंक का है।

Attempt FIVE questions in all, selecting ONE question from each unit. The answer of each question shall be limited upto 250 words. Each question carries 7 marks.

PART-C (भाग—स)

इस भाग से कुल तीन प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिये। प्रत्येक प्रश्न का उत्तर लगभग 500 शब्दों तक सीमित है। प्रत्येक प्रश्न 15 अंक का है।

Attempt Any THREE questions. The Answer of each question shall be limited upto 500 words. Each question carries 15 marks

B.A. PART II
Political Science

| | |
|------------------------|-----------|
| Paper I | 100 Marks |
| Paper II | 100 Marks |
| Duration of Each Paper | 3 Hours |

PAPER I

COMPARATIVE GOVERNMENT & POLITICS

- Unit 1 Comparative Politics : Meaning, Scope and Nature; Evolution of Comparative Politics; Types of Constitution and Constitutionalism.
- Unit 2 Socio – Economic bases and Salient features of the Constitution of United Kingdom, United States of America, China, Switzerland and France; Amendment Process in the Constitution of U.S.A. and Switzerland; Federal System of the U.S.A. and Switzerland.
- Unit 3 Executive : British King and the Crown; British Prime Minister and Cabinet; the President of the U.S.A. and France and Plural Executive of Switzerland.
- Unit 4 Legislature : Composition and Powers of the British Parliament; U.S. Congress; Swiss Federal Assembly; French Parliament and National Peoples Congress of China.
- Unit 5 Judiciary : U.S. Supreme Court and Judicial Review; the Administrative Law and Administrative Courts of France.
- Political Parties in the U.S.A., United Kingdom and France; Role of Communist Party in China; Interests Groups in the U.S.A., United Kingdom and France.

Recommended Readings

1. G.Almond et. al., Comparative Politics Today : A World View, 7th edn., New York, London, Harper/Collins, 2000.
2. A.H.Brich, British System of Government, 4th edn., London, George Allen and Unwin, 1980.
3. J.Blondel, An Introduction to Comparative Government, London, Weidenfeld and Nicolson, 1969.
4. H.Finer, Theory and Practice of Modern Government, London, Methuen, 1969.
5. S.E.Finer, Comparative Government, Harmondsworth, Penguin, 1974.
6. H.C.Huiton, An Introduction to Chinese Politics, London, David and Charles, 1973.
7. H.J.Laski, American Democracy: A Commentary and An Interpretation, London, Unwin, 1948.
8. A.Lijphart, (ed.), Parliamentary Versus Presidential Government, Oxford and New York, Oxford University Press, 1992.
9. H.G.Nicolas, The Nature of American Politics, 2nd edn., Oxford, The Clarendon Press, 1996,
10. V.Wright, Government and Politics of France, 3rd edn., London, Unwin Hyman, 1989.
11. W.Zhang, Transforming China: Economic Reforms and its Political Implications, New York, St. Martin's Press, 2000.

प्रथम प्रश्न पत्र

तुलनात्मक शासन एवं राजनीति

- इकाई 1 तुलनात्मक राजनीति : अर्थ, क्षेत्र एवं प्रकृति; तुलनात्मक राजनीति का विकास; संविधान के प्रकार एवं संविधानवाद ।
- इकाई 2 ब्रिटेन, संयुक्त राज्य अमेरिका, चीन, स्विट्जरलैण्ड और फ्रांस के संविधानों की प्रमुख विशेषताएँ और सामाजिक-आर्थिक आधार; संयुक्त राज्य अमेरिका और स्विट्जरलैण्ड के संविधानों में संशोधन प्रक्रिया; संयुक्त राज्य अमेरिका और स्विट्जरलैण्ड की संघात्मक व्यवस्था ।

- इकाई 3 कार्यपालिका : ब्रिटिश सम्राट और राजमुकुट, ब्रिटिश प्रधानमंत्री और मन्त्रिमण्डल, संयुक्त राज्य अमेरिका और फ्रांस के राष्ट्रपति एवं स्विट्जरलैण्ड की बहुल कार्यपालिका।
- इकाई 4 व्यवस्थापिका : ब्रिटिश संसद का गठन एवं शक्तियाँ ; संयुक्त राज्य अमेरिका की कांग्रेस; स्विस् संघीय व्यवस्थापिका; फ्रांस की संसद और चीन की राष्ट्रीय जन कांग्रेस
- इकाई 5 न्यायपालिका : संयुक्त राज्य अमेरिका का सर्वोच्च न्यायालय एवं न्यायिक पुनरावलोकन; फ्रांस में प्रशासनिक विधि एवं प्रशासनिक न्यायालय
- संयुक्त राज्य अमेरिका, ब्रिटेन एवं फ्रांस में राजनीतिक दल; चीन में साम्यवादी दल की भूमिका, संयुक्त राज्य अमेरिका ब्रिटेन एवं फ्रांस में हित समूह

B.A. PART II

Paper II

Representative Political Thinkers

- Unit 1 Plato : Theory of Justice, Communism and Education; Aristotle-Views on Revolution, Slavery and Citizenship.
- Unit 2 Thomas Aquinas : Principal political ideas and Theory of Law, Machiavelli's principal political ideas and Machiavelli as the first modern political thinker.
- Unit 3 Hobbes, Locke and Rousseau : Their social contract theory and a comparative assessment of their ideas.
- Unit 4 Jaremy Bentham and his theory of utilitarianism; J.S.Mill's concept of Liberty and his modification in Bentham's theory of utilitarianism; Karl Marx : Economic Interpretation of History, Class Struggle, Revolution, the State
- Unit 5 Mahatma Gandhi, Jawahar Lal Nehru and Dr. Bheem Rao Ambedkar : Principal political ideas.

Recommended Readings

1. Hacker, A. : Political Theory
2. Sabine, G.H., : History of Political Theory
3. Wayper, C. : Political Thought
4. Foster : Masters of Political Thought, Vol. I
5. Jones : Master of Political Thought, Vol. II
6. Lancaster : Master of Political thought, Vol. III
7. Chaddha : Pramukh Rajnitik Vicharak (Adarsh Prakashan)
8. Sharma, P.D. : Pratinidhi Rajnitik Vicharak
9. Jain, Pukh Raj : Pramukh Rajnitik Vicharak
10. J.W.Allen, A History of Political Thought in the Sixteenth Century, London, Methuen, 1967.
11. A.Ashcraft, Locke's Two Treaties of Government, London, Unwin and Hyman, 1987.
12. Sir E.Barker, The Political Thought of Plato and Aristotle, New York, Dover Publications, 1959.
13. Sir E. Barker, Greek Political Theory : Plato and His Predecessors, New Delhi, B.I Publications, 1964
14. J.Bowle, Western Political Thought : A Historical Introduction from the Origins to Rousseau, London, Jonathan Cape, 1947

द्वितीय प्रश्न पत्र

प्रतिनिधि राजनीतिक चिंतक

- इकाई 1 प्लेटो—न्याय, साम्यवाद और शिक्षा का सिद्धान्त; अरस्तू—क्रांति, दासता और नागरिकता संबंधी विचार।
- इकाई 2 टॉमस एक्वीनास— प्रमुख राजनीतिक विचार एवं कानून का सिद्धान्त; मैकेयावली के प्रमुख राजनीतिक विचार एवं प्रथम आधुनिक राजनीतिक विचारक के रूप में मैकेयावली।

- इकाई 3 हाब्स, लॉक तथा रूसो : उनका सामाजिक समझौता सिद्धान्त और उनके विचारों का तुलनात्मक मूल्यांकन
- इकाई 4 जैरेमी बेंथम तथा उसका उपयोगितावाद का सिद्धान्त; जे0एस0मिल के स्वतंत्रता संबंधी विचार और बेंथम के उपयोगितावाद में उसके द्वारा प्रस्तावित संशोधन; कार्ल मार्क्स : इतिहास की आर्थिक व्याख्या, वर्ग संघर्ष, क्रांति तथा राज्य
- इकाई 5 महात्मा गांधी, जवाहरलाल नेहरू एवं डॉ.भीमराव अम्बेडकर : प्रमुख राजनीतिक विचार

SYLLABUS


BACHELOR OF ARTS

POLITICAL SCIENCE

B.A. Part III Examination



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
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
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NOTIFICATION

In compliance of decision of the Hon'ble High Court all students are required to fulfil 75% attendance rule in each subject and there must be 75 % attendance of the student before he/she could be permitted to appear in the examination.

**REGISTRAR
(Academic)**


(Prof.Kanta Kataria)
HEAD
Prof. & Head
Department of Political Science
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(Prof.Kanta Kataria)
HEAD
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POLITICAL SCIENCE
NEW EXAMINATION SCHEME
(Pattern of Question Paper)

PART-A (भाग-अ)

भाग अ के सभी प्रश्न अनिवार्य हैं। इन प्रश्नों के उत्तर प्रत्येक 30 शब्दों तक सीमित हैं। प्रत्येक प्रश्न 2 अंक का है।

The questions of Part-A are compulsory. The answer of these questions are limited upto 30 words each. Each question carries 2 marks.

PART-B (भाग-ब)

प्रत्येक इकाई में से एक प्रश्न का चयन करते हुए कुल पाँच प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिये। प्रत्येक प्रश्न का उत्तर लगभग 250 शब्दों तक सीमित है। प्रत्येक प्रश्न 7 अंक का है।

Attempt FIVE questions in all, selecting ONE question from each unit. The answer of each question shall be limited upto 250 words. Each question carries 7 marks.

PART-C (भाग-स)

इस भाग से कुल तीन प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिये। प्रत्येक प्रश्न का उत्तर लगभग 500 शब्दों तक सीमित है। प्रत्येक प्रश्न 15 अंक का है।

Attempt Any THREE questions. The Answer of each question shall be limited upto 500 words. Each question carries 15 marks

B.A. PART III

Political Science

| | |
|------------------------|-----------|
| Paper I | 100 Marks |
| Paper II | 100 Marks |
| Duration of Each Paper | 3 Hours |

Paper I

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

- | | |
|--------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Unit 1 | Meaning , Nature and Scope of International Relations ; Approaches to the Study of International Relations : Idealist and realist approaches, Actors of International Relations; State and other Players. |
| Unit 2 | National Power : Meaning and Elements of National Power ; Struggle for Power : retaining Power, increasing Power, demonstrating Power. Balance of Power: Meaning, Characteristics and devices for maintaining Balance of Power. |
| Unit 3 | Cold War : Meaning, Causes & Impact ; End of the Cold War, Concept of Non Alignment : Its achievements, Problems and Challenges, India's role in Non – alignment movement. |
| Unit 4 | The basic features of the Foreign Policy of U.S.A., Communist China and India, India's relations with U.S.A., China and Pakistan. |
| Unit 5 | Major Contemporary Trend and Issues in International Politics; Changing World Scenario; Environmentalism, Globalisation, Human Rights, Disarmament, SAARC & ASEAN. |

Recommended Readings

1. C.Brown, International Relations Theory : London, Harvester Wheatsheat, 1975.
2. I.Claude, Power and International Relations, New York, Random House, 1962.
3. W.D.Coplin, Introduction to International Politics, Chicago, Markham, 1971.
4. F.I.Greenstein and N.W.Polsby, Theory of International Relations, Reading Massachusetts, Addison-Wesley, 1979.
5. F.S.Northedge, The International Political System, London, Faber and Faber, 1976.
6. K.N.Waltz, Theory of International Politics, Reading Massachusetts, Addison-Wesley, 1979.
7. K.N.Waltz, "The emerging structure of International Politics", International Security, 18, 1993,

प्रथम प्रश्न पत्र

अंतर्राष्ट्रीय संबंध

- इकाई 1 अंतर्राष्ट्रीय संबंध का अर्थ, प्रकृति व क्षेत्र; अंतर्राष्ट्रीय संबंधों के अध्ययन संबंधी उपागम—आदर्शवादी एवं यथार्थवादी उपागम, अंतर्राष्ट्रीय संबंधों के कर्ता—राज्य और अन्य कर्ता।
- इकाई 2 राष्ट्रीय शक्ति — राष्ट्रीय शक्ति से अभिप्राय और तत्व; शक्ति के लिये संघर्ष— शक्ति बनाये रखना, शक्ति विस्तार, शक्ति प्रदर्शन; शक्ति सन्तुलन—अभिप्राय, लक्षण और शक्ति संतुलन बनाये रखने के तरीके।
- इकाई 3 शीत युद्ध—अर्थ, कारण एवं प्रकार; शीत युद्ध का अन्त; गुट निरपेक्षता की अवधारणा— उसकी उपलब्धियाँ, समस्याएँ एवं चुनौतियाँ; गुट निरपेक्ष आन्दोलन में भारत की भूमिका
- इकाई 4 संयुक्त राज्य अमेरिका, साम्यवादी चीन और भारत की विदेश नीति की प्रमुख विशेषताएँ; संयुक्त राज्य अमेरिका, साम्यवादी चीन और पाकिस्तान के साथ भारत के संबंध
- इकाई 5 अंतर्राष्ट्रीय राजनीति में प्रमुख समकालीन प्रवृत्तियाँ और मुद्दे; बदलता वैश्विक परिदृश्य—पर्यावरणवाद, भूमंडलीकरण, मानव अधिकार, निःशस्त्रीकरण, सार्क एवं आसियान

Paper II

Public Administration

- | | |
|--------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Unit 1 | Meaning, Scope and Nature of Public Administration; Evolution of Public Administration as a discipline; Public and Private Administration; Politics and Administration ; New Public Administration; Methods and Approaches of Public Administration. |
| Unit 2 | Administrative Behaviour : Leadership, Decision Making, Communication, Accountability and Motivation. |
| Unit 3 | The concept of Bureaucracy and Civil Service; Role of Civil Service in developing Societies; Recruitment, Training and Promotion. |
| Unit 4 | Budget: Concepts, Techniques, Formulation and Execution of Budget, Role of Finance Ministry. Accounts and Audit. |
| Unit 5 | Legislative, Executive and Judicial Control over Administration; Public Administration in the age of Globalisation and Liberalisation |

Recommended Readings

1. P.H.Appleby, Policy and Administration, Alabama University of Alabama Press, 1957.
2. A.Avasthi and S.R.Maheswari, Public Administration, Agra, Lakshmi Narain Aggarwal, 1996.
3. M.Bhattacharya, Public Administration : Structure, Process and Behaviour, Calcutta, The World Press, 1991.
4. S.R.Maheshwari, Administrative Theories, New Delhi, Allied, 1994.
5. F.A.Nigro and L.S.Nigro, Modern Public Administration, New York, Harper & Row, 1984.
6. D.Waldo (ed.), Ideas and Issues in Public Administration, New York, Mc Graw Hill, 1953.
7. L.D.White, Introduction to the Study of Public Administration New York, Macmillian, 1955

द्वितीय प्रश्न पत्र

लोक प्रशासन

- | | |
|--------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| इकाई 1 | लोक प्रशासन का अर्थ क्षेत्र और स्वरूप; एक विषय के रूप में लोक प्रशासन का उद्द्विकास; लोक प्रशासन एवं निजी प्रशासन; राजनीति और प्रशासन; नवीन लोक प्रशासन; लोक प्रशासन की अध्ययन पद्धतियां एवं उपागम । |
| इकाई 2 | प्रशासनिक व्यवहार – नेतृत्व, निर्णयन, संचार, जवाबदेहिता एवं अभिप्रेरणा । |
| इकाई 3 | नौकरशाही एवं लोकसेवा की अवधारणाएँ; विकासशील समाजों में लोकसेवा की भूमिका; भर्ती, प्रशिक्षण एवं पदोन्नति |
| इकाई 4 | बजट – अवधारणाएँ एवं तकनीकें, बजट निर्माण एवं क्रियान्वयन, वित्त मंत्रालय की भूमिका, लेखांकन और लेखापरीक्षण |
| इकाई 5 | प्रशासन पर विधायी, कार्यकारी और न्यायिक नियंत्रण; भूमंडलीकरण और उदारीकरण के युग में लोकप्रशासन । |

SYLLABUS


BACHELOR OF ARTS

POLITICAL SCIENCE

B.A. HONS Part I Examination



JAI NARAIN VYAS UNIVERSITY
JODHPUR


(Prof. Kanta Kataria)
HEAD
Prof. & Head
Department of Political Science
Jai Narain Vyas University
Jodhpur (Raj.)

IMPORTANT

With a view to bring about greater reliability, validity and objectivity in the examination system and also for closer integration of teaching, learning and evaluation.

- (i) The syllabus has been divided into units. Questions will be set from each unit with provision for internal choice.
- (ii) In order to ensure that the students do not leave out the important portion of the syllabus, examiners shall be free to repeat the questions set in the previous examinations.

(Ref. Resolution No. 21 (c) of Academic Council dated 9.2.84)

The examinees be permitted to use their personal transistorized pocket battery operated calculators in the examinations. The calculator to be used by the candidates in the examinations should not have more than 12 digits, 6 functions and 2 memories and should be noiseless and cordless. A Calculator belonging to one candidate shall not be allowed to be used by another candidate. The Superintendent of the centre will have complete discretion to disallow the use of a calculator which does not confirm to the above specification.


(Ref. Resolution No. 6/90 of Academic Council dated 20th July, 1990)

In Engineering and any other examinations where the use of calculators is already permitted, it shall remain undisturbed.

NOTIFICATION

In compliance of decision of the Hon'ble High Court all students are required to fulfil 75% attendance rule in each subject and there must be 75 % attendance of the student before he/she could be permitted to appear in the examination.

**REGISTRAR
(Academic)**


(Prof.Kanta Kataria)
HEAD
Prof. & Head
Department of Political Science
Jai Narain Vyas University
Jodhpur (Raj.)

POLITICAL SCIENCE
NEW EXAMINATION SCHEME
(Pattern of Question Paper)

PART-A (भाग-अ)

भाग अ के सभी प्रश्न अनिवार्य हैं। इन प्रश्नों के उत्तर प्रत्येक 30 शब्दों तक सीमित हैं। प्रत्येक प्रश्न 2 अंक का है।

The questions of Part-A are compulsory. The answer of these questions are limited upto 30 words each. Each question carries 2 marks.

PART-B (भाग-ब)

प्रत्येक इकाई में से एक प्रश्न का चयन करते हुए कुल पाँच प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिये। प्रत्येक प्रश्न का उत्तर लगभग 250 शब्दों तक सीमित है। प्रत्येक प्रश्न 7 अंक का है।

Attempt FIVE questions in all, selecting ONE question from each unit. The answer of each question shall be limited upto 250 words. Each question carries 7 marks.

PART-C (भाग-स)

इस भाग से कुल तीन प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिये। प्रत्येक प्रश्न का उत्तर लगभग 500 शब्दों तक सीमित है। प्रत्येक प्रश्न 15 अंक का है।

Attempt Any THREE questions. The Answer of each question shall be limited upto 500 words. Each question carries 15 marks

B.A.HONS. PART I
POLITICAL SCIENCE

There shall be four papers of 100 marks each. Time duration for each paper is 3 hours.


| | | |
|-----------|----|-------------------------------------|
| Paper I | :: | Contemporary Political Theory |
| Paper II | :: | Comparative Government & Politics |
| Paper III | :: | Indian Political Thought |
| Paper IV | :: | Principles of Public Administration |

Paper I
Contemporary Political Theory

- Unit 1 Nature and significance of Political Theory; Behaviouralism and Post-Behaviouralism. Birth of New Political Science-Increasing Trends towards Empirical Political theory.
- Unit 2 Decline of Political theory-Arguments of Easton and Cobban
Resurgence of Political Theory-Arguments of Berlin, Blondel and Strauss.
- Unit 3 Systems Approach, Structural-functional Approach, Marxist Approach, Decision Making Approach; Theories of Social Change.
- Unit 4 Scientific Method -The Case of Natural versus Social Sciences-Scientific Political Theory, Dichotomy of Fact and Value, Place of Scientific Value Relativism.
- Unit 5 Concepts of Political Modernization, Political Development, Political Culture & Justice.

Recommended Readings

1. J.C.Johari, Contemporary Political theory (English and Hindi)
2. S.P.Verma, Modern Political Theory (English and Hindi)
3. L.S.Rathore, In Defence of Political Theory
4. A. Brecht, Political Theory: The Foundations of Twentieth Century Political Thought, Bombay, The Times of India Press, 1965
5. Charles Worth, Contemporary Political Analysis
6. P.S.Bhati, The Normative Tradition in Political Theory
7. N.P.Barry, Introduction to Modern Political Theory, London, Macmillan, 1995
8. D.Held, Political Theory Today, Cambridge, Polity Press, 1991.
9. G.H.Sabine, "What is political theory", Journal of Politics, 1939 1(1), pp. 1-16
10. लक्ष्मण सिंह राठौड़ राजनीतिक सिद्धान्त-बौद्धिक शैलियां
11. सी.बी.गैना – तुलनात्मक राजनीतिक संस्थाएं


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Jai Narain Vyas University
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PAPER II
COMPARATIVE GOVERNMENT & POLITICS

- Unit 1 Comparative Politics : Meaning, Scope and Nature; Comparative Method in the study of Political Systems; Approaches – Political Sociology, Political Economy and Structural – Functionalism; Types of Constitution and Constitutionalism.
- Unit 2 Socio – Economic bases and Salient features of the Constitution of United Kingdom, United States of America, China, Switzerland and France; Amendment Process in the Constitution of U.S.A. and Switzerland; Federal System of the U.S.A. and Switzerland.
- Unit 3 Executive : British King and the Crown; British Prime Minister and Cabinet; the President of the U.S.A. and France and Plural Executive of Switzerland.
- Unit 4 Legislature : Composition and Powers of the British Parliament; U.S. Congress; Swiss Federal Assembly; French Parliament and National Peoples Congress of China.
- Unit 5 Judiciary : U.S. Supreme Court and Judicial Review; the Administrative Law and Administrative Courts of France
Political Parties in the U.S.A., United Kingdom and France; Role of Communist Party in China; Interests Groups in the U.S.A., United Kingdom and France.

Recommended Readings

1. G.Almond et. al., Comparative Politics Today : A World View, 7th edn., New York, London, Harper/Collins, 2000.
2. A.H.Brich, British System of Government, 4th edn., London, George Allen and Unwin, 1980.
3. J.Blondel, An Introduction to Comparative Government, London, Weidenfeld and Nicolson, 1969.
4. H.Finer, Theory and Practice of Modern Government, London, Methuen, 1969.
5. S.E.Finer, Comparative Government, Harmondsworth, Penguin, 1974.
6. H.C.Huiton, An Introduction to Chinese Politics, London, David and Charles, 1973.
7. H.J.Laski, American Democracy: A Commentary and an Interpretation, London, Uinwin, 1948.
8. A.Lijphart, (ed.), Parliamentary Versus Presidential Government, Oxford and New York, Oxford University Press, 1992.
9. H.G.Nicolas, The Nature of American Politics, 2nd edn., Oxford, The Clarendon Press, 1996,
10. V.Wright, Government and Politics of France, 3rd edn., London, Unwin Hyman, 1989.
11. W.Zhang, Transforming China: Economic Reforms and its Political Implications, New York, St. Martin's Press, 2000.
12. प्रभुदत्त शर्मा 'तुलनात्मक राजनीतिक संस्थाएं'
13. सी.बी.गैना – तुलनात्मक राजनीति एवं राजनीतिक संस्थाएं
14. जे.सी.जौहरी 'तुलनात्मक राजनीति'
15. बी.एल.फड़िया 'तुलनात्मक शासन एवं राजनीति'

Paper III

Indian Political Thought

- Unit 1 Sources of Indian Political Thought – Political Thought in Ancient India
Manu– Manu as propounder of jurisprudence, meaning and characteristics of DHARMA, Saptang Rajya, functions of State & Judicial system.
Kautilya– Concept of State, Forms of State, Theory of shadgunya.
- Unit 2 Raja Ram Mohan Roy – Political ideas and evaluation.
Swami Dayanand – His Political ideas, Dayanand and Indian Nationalism.
Swami Vivekananda – Spiritual Nationalism, Socialism, Freedom and Nation Building.
- Unit 3 Gopal Krishna Gokhale – Political ideas and evaluation.
Bal Gangadhar Tilak – His ideas on Nationalism, Swarajya and Boycott.
Aurobindo Ghosh – Spiritual Nationalism, ideas about State and Democracy.
- Unit 4 Sir Sayeed Ahmed Khan – His main Political ideas.
Mohammed Ali Jinnah – His main Political ideas.
V.D.Savarkar – Political ideas and his concept of Hindutva.
Mahatma Gandhi – views about State, Democracy and Concept of Trusteeship.
- Unit 5 M.N.Roy – Roy’s New Humanism,
Jawahar Lal Nehru – Nehru’s ideas on Nationalism, Internationalism, Democracy, Secularism and Socialism,
B.R.Ambedkar His main Political ideas.
Ram Manohar Lohiya – Main Political ideas.

Recommended Readings

- 1- Jayaswal, Hindu Polity (E.H)
- 2- Sharma, R.S.: Political ideas and institutions in Ancient India
- 3- Ghosal : History of Indian Political ideas
- 4- Verma V.P. : Modern Indian Political Thought
- 5- J.Bandhopadhyaya, Social and Political Thought of Gandhi, Bombay, Allied, 1969.
- 6- K.Damodaran, Indian Thought : A Critical Survey, London, Asia Publishing House, 1967.
- 7- U.N.Goshal, A History of Indian Political ideas, London, Oxford University Press, 1959.
- 8- V.R.Mehta, Foundations of Indian Political Thought, New Delhi, Manohar, 1992.
- 9- T.Pantham, and K.Deustch (eds.) Political Thought in Modern India, New Delhi, Sage, 1986.
- 10- डॉ. विश्वनाथ प्रसाद वर्मा – आधुनिक भारतीय राजनीतिक चिन्तन
- 11- डॉ. पुरुषोत्तम नागर – आधुनिक भारतीय सामाजिक और राजनीतिक चिन्तन
- 12- डॉ. परमात्मा शरण – प्राचीन भारतीय राजनीतिक चिन्तन
- 13- डॉ. मधुकर श्याम चतुर्वेदी – प्रमुख भारतीय राजनीतिक विचारक
- 14- डॉ. पुखराज जैन – भारतीय राजनीतिक चिन्तन

Paper IV

Principles of Public Administration

- Unit 1: Introduction : Meaning, scope and significance. Evolution and Status of the discipline. Politics and Administration; Public and Private Administration.; New Public Administration; Public Administration in the age of Globalisation and Liberalisation
- Unit 2 Theories of Administration: Scientific Management (Taylor and the Scientific Management Movement), Classical Theory(Fayol, Urwick, Gulick) Bureaucratic Theory (Weber and his critics). Human Relations Approach (Elton Mayo), Systems approach (Chester Barnard)
- Unit 3 Administrative Behaviour : Leadership; Decision Making; Communication and Accountability
- Unit 4 Personnel Administration : Role of Civil Services in developing societies; position classification, Recruitment, Training, Promotion, Relations with the Political Executive.
- Unit 5 Financial Administration : Budget: Concepts and Techniques. Formulation and execution of budget and Role of Finance Ministry
Legislative and Judicial Control over Administration.

Recommended Readings

1. L.D.White, Introduction to the study of Public Administration
2. Gladden , Essentials of Public Administration
3. Willoughby , Principles of Public Administration
4. M.P.Sharma, Public Administration : Theory and Practice (English and Hindi)
5. Avasthi & Maheshwari, Public Administration (Hindi & English)
6. Mohit Bhattacharya , New Horizons of Public Administration
7. Nicholas Henry, Public Administration and Public Affairs.
8. G.E.Caiden, Dynamics of Public Administration: Guidelines to Current Transformation in Theory and Practice, New York, Holt, 1971.
9. R.T. Golentiewski, Public Administration as a Developing Discipline : Perspective on Past, Present and Futures, New York, Marcel Dekker, 1977.
10. R.B.Jain, Contemporary Issues in Indian Administration New Delhi, Vishal, 1976.
11. R.B.Jain and O.P. Dwivedi, India's Administrative State, New Delhi, Gitanjali, 1985.
12. F.A.Nigro and G.L.Nigro, Modern Public Administration, New York, Harper Row, 1980.
13. पी.डी.शर्मा, बी.एम.शर्मा, नीलम ग्रोवर 'भारत में लोकप्रशासन'
14. पी.डी.शर्मा, लोकप्रशासन
15. परमात्मा शरण, लोकप्रशासन
16. चन्द्रप्रकाश भाम्बरी, लोकप्रशासन
17. आर.एल.सिंह, लोकप्रशासन
18. अन्तर सिंह एवं जियाउद्दीन खां, प्रशासनिक संस्थाएं
19. बी.एम.सिन्हा, लोकप्रशासन के सिद्धान्त एवं व्यवहार

बी.ए.आनर्स प्रथम वर्ष राजनीति विज्ञान

प्रथम प्रश्न पत्र
समकालीन राजनीतिक सिद्धान्त

- इकाई 1 राजनीतिक सिद्धान्त की प्रकृति व महत्व : व्यवहारवाद व उत्तर व्यवहारवाद। नवीन राजनीति विज्ञान का जन्म – अनुभवात्मक राजनीतिक सिद्धान्त की बढ़ती हुई प्रवृत्तियाँ।
- इकाई 2 राजनीतिक सिद्धान्त का पतन – ईस्टन व कोबन के तर्क। राजनीतिक सिद्धान्त का पुर्नउत्थान – बर्लिन, ब्लोन्डेल व स्ट्रॉस के तर्क।
- इकाई 3 व्यवस्था उपागम, संरचनात्मक – कार्यात्मक उपागम, मार्क्सवादी उपागम, निर्णय निर्णायक उपागम, सामाजिक परिवर्तन के सिद्धान्त।
- इकाई 4 वैज्ञानिक पद्धति – प्राकृतिक बनाम सामाजिक विज्ञानों का मामला – वैज्ञानिक राजनीतिक सिद्धान्त, तथ्य-मूल्य द्विअर्थता, वैज्ञानिक मूल्य सापेक्षवाद का स्थान।
- इकाई 5 राजनीतिक आधुनिकीकरण की अवधारणा, राजनीतिक विकास, राजनीतिक संस्कृति व न्याय।

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11. सी.बी.गैना – तुलनात्मक राजनीतिक संस्थाएं


बी.ए.आनर्स प्रथम वर्ष राजनीति विज्ञान

द्वितीय प्रश्न पत्र
तुलनात्मक सरकार व राजनीति

- इकाई 1 तुलनात्मक राजनीति : अर्थ, क्षेत्र व प्रकृति; राजनीतिक व्यवस्था के अध्ययन की तुलनात्मक पद्धति; उपागम : राजनीतिक समाजशास्त्र, राजनीतिक अर्थव्यवस्था व संरचनात्मक-प्रक्रियात्मकवाद; संविधान के प्रकार व संविधानवाद।
- इकाई 2 ब्रिटेन, संयुक्त राज्य अमेरिका, चीन, स्विट्जरलैण्ड व फ्रांस के संविधान के प्रमुख लक्षण व सामाजिक, आर्थिक आधार, संयुक्त राज्य अमेरिका व स्विट्जरलैण्ड संविधान की संशोधन प्रक्रिया; संयुक्त राज्य अमेरिका की स्विट्जरलैण्ड की संघीय प्रणाली।
- इकाई 3 कार्यपालिका : ब्रिटिश राजा व राजपद (ताज), ब्रिटिश प्रधानमंत्री व मंत्रिमंडल; संयुक्त राज्य अमेरिका व फ्रान्स के राष्ट्रपति तथा स्विट्जरलैण्ड की बहुल कार्यपालिका।
- इकाई 4 व्यवस्थापिका, ब्रिटिश संसद, संयुक्त राज्य अमेरिका की कांग्रेस, स्विट्जरलैण्ड की संघीय सभा; फ्रांस की संसद। चीन की राष्ट्रीय जन कांग्रेस की संरचना व शक्तियां
- इकाई 5 न्यायपालिका : संयुक्त राज्य अमेरिका का सर्वोच्च न्यायालय व न्यायिक पुनरावलोकन, फ्रांस का प्रशासकीय कानून व प्रशासनिक न्यायालय
- संयुक्त राज्य अमेरिका, ब्रिटेन व फ्रांस के राजनीतिक दल, चीन में साम्यवाद दल की भूमिका, संयुक्त राज्य अमेरिका, ब्रिटेन व फ्रांस के हित समूह

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15. बी.एल.फड़िया 'तुलनात्मक शासन एवं राजनीति'


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तृतीय प्रश्न पत्र भारतीय राजनीतिक विचार

- इकाई 1 भारतीय राजनीतिक विचारों के स्रोत, प्राचीन भारत के राजनीतिक विचार मनु : मनु विधिशास्त्र के जनक के रूप में स्रोत। धर्म का अर्थ व विशेषताएं, संप्रांग राज्य, राज्य के कार्य व न्यायिक प्रणाली। कौटिल्य – राज्य की अवधारणा, राज्य के प्रकार, षड्गुण का सिद्धान्त।
- इकाई 2 राजा राम मोहन राय – राजनीतिक विचार व मूल्यांकन, स्वामी दयानन्द सरस्वती – राजनीतिक विचार, दयानन्द व भारतीय राष्ट्रवाद। स्वामी विवेकानन्द – आध्यात्मिक राष्ट्रवाद, समाजवाद, स्वतन्त्रता, राष्ट्र निर्माण।
- इकाई 3 गोपाल कृष्ण गोखले – राजनीतिक विचार व मूल्यांकन, बाल गंगाधर तिलक – उसके राष्ट्रवाद, स्वराज्य व बहिष्कार पर विचार; अरविन्द घोष – आध्यात्मिक राष्ट्रवाद, राज्य व प्रजातंत्र पर विचार।
- इकाई 4 सर सैयद अहमद खाँ – उसके प्रमुख राजनीतिक विचार, मोहम्मद अली जिन्ना – उसके प्रमुख राजनीतिक विचार। वी.डी. सावरकर – राजनीतिक विचार व हिन्दुत्व की अवधारणा।
- महात्मा गांधी – राज्य व प्रजातन्त्र पर विचार, ट्रस्टीशिप की अवधारणा
- इकाई 5 एम.एन.राँय – राँय का नवमानवतावाद। जवाहरलाल नेहरू – नेहरू के राष्ट्रवाद, अन्तर्राष्ट्रीयतावाद, प्रजातंत्र, धर्मनिरपेक्षता व समाजवाद पर विचार। बी.आर.अम्बेडकर – प्रमुख राजनीतिक विचार। राममनोहर लोहिया – प्रमुख राजनीतिक विचार

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- 12- डॉ. परमात्मा शरण – प्राचीन भारतीय राजनीतिक चिन्तन
- 13- डॉ. मधुकर श्याम चतुर्वेदी – प्रमुख भारतीय राजनीतिक विचारक
- 14- डॉ. पुखराज जैन – भारतीय राजनीतिक चिन्तन

बी.ए.आनर्स प्रथम वर्ष राजनीति विज्ञान

चतुर्थ प्रश्न पत्र लोकप्रशासन के सिद्धान्त

- इकाई 1 प्रस्तावना : अर्थ, क्षेत्र व महत्व। विषय का विकास व स्थिति; राजनीति व प्रशासन; लोक व निजी प्रशासन, नवीन लोक प्रशासन, भूमंडलीकरण व उदारीकरण के युग में लोक प्रशासन।
- इकाई 2 प्रशासन के सिद्धान्त : वैज्ञानिक प्रबन्धक (टेलर व वैज्ञानिक प्रबन्धक आन्दोलन) शास्त्रीय सिद्धान्त (फैयोल, उर्विक, गुलिक), नौकरशाही सिद्धान्त (वैबर व उसके आलोचक); मानव सम्बन्ध उपागम (ऐल्टन मेयो); व्यवस्था उपागम (चैस्टर्ड बर्नाड)
- इकाई 3 प्रशासकीय व्यवहार; नेतृत्व; निर्णय निर्माण, संचार व जवाबदेही
- इकाई 4 कार्मिक प्रशासन : विकासशील समाजों में नागरिक सेवाओं की भूमिका; स्थान वर्गीकरण; भर्ती; प्रशिक्षण; पदोन्नति; राजनीतिक कार्यपालिका से सम्बन्ध
- इकाई 5 वित्तीय प्रशासन : बजट अवधारणा व तकनीकी; बजट की निर्माण व क्रियान्विति तथा वित्त मन्त्रालय की भूमिका;

प्रशासन पर विधायी व न्यायिक नियन्त्रण

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15. परमात्मा शरण, लोकप्रशासन
16. चन्द्रप्रकाश भाम्भरी, लोकप्रशासन
17. आर.एल.सिंह, लोकप्रशासन
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SYLLABUS


BACHELOR OF ARTS

POLITICAL SCIENCE

B.A. Hons. Part II Examination



JAI NARAIN VYAS UNIVERSITY
JODHPUR


(Prof. Kanta Kataria)
HEAD
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Jodhpur (Raj.)

IMPORTANT

With a view to bring about greater reliability, validity and objectivity in the examination system and also for closer integration of teaching, learning and evaluation.

- (i) The syllabus has been divided into units. Questions will be set from each unit with provision for internal choice.
- (ii) In order to ensure that the students do not leave out the important portion of the syllabus, examiners shall be free to repeat the questions set in the previous examinations.

(Ref. Resolution No. 21 (c) of Academic Council dated 9.2.84)

The examinees be permitted to use their personal transistorized pocket battery operated calculators in the examinations. The calculator to be used by the candidates in the examinations should not have more than 12 digits, 6 functions and 2 memories and should be noiseless and cordless. A Calculator belonging to one candidate shall not be allowed to be used by another candidate. The Superintendent of the centre will have complete discretion to disallow the use of a calculator which does not confirm to the above specification.


(Ref. Resolution No. 6/90 of Academic Council dated 20th July, 1990)

In Engineering and any other examinations where the use of calculators is already permitted, it shall remain undisturbed.

NOTIFICATION

In compliance of decision of the Hon'ble High Court all students are required to fulfil 75% attendance rule in each subject and there must be 75 % attendance of the student before he/she could be permitted to appear in the examination.

**REGISTRAR
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**POLITICAL SCIENCE
NEW EXAMINATION SCHEME
(Pattern of Question Paper)**

PART-A (भाग—अ)

भाग अ के सभी प्रश्न अनिवार्य हैं। इन प्रश्नों के उत्तर प्रत्येक 30 शब्दों तक सीमित हैं। प्रत्येक प्रश्न 2 अंक का है।

The questions of Part-A are compulsory. The answer of these questions are limited upto 30 words each. Each question carries 2 marks.

PART-B (भाग—ब)

प्रत्येक इकाई में से एक प्रश्न का चयन करते हुए कुल पाँच प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिये। प्रत्येक प्रश्न का उत्तर लगभग 250 शब्दों तक सीमित है। प्रत्येक प्रश्न 7 अंक का है।

Attempt FIVE questions in all, selecting ONE question from each unit. The answer of each question shall be limited upto 250 words. Each question carries 7 marks.

PART-C (भाग—स)

इस भाग से कुल तीन प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिये। प्रत्येक प्रश्न का उत्तर लगभग 500 शब्दों तक सीमित है। प्रत्येक प्रश्न 15 अंक का है।

Attempt Any THREE questions. The Answer of each question shall be limited upto 500 words. Each question carries 15 marks

B.A.HONS. PART II

POLITICAL SCIENCE

There shall be four papers each of three hours duration and each carrying 100 marks.

| | | |
|-----------|----|--------------------------------|
| Paper I | :: | Western Political Thought |
| Paper II | :: | Political Ideologies |
| Paper III | :: | Indian Government and Politics |
| Paper IV | :: | International Politics |

PAPER I

Western Political Thought

- Unit 1 Plato : Main political ideas with special reference to his concept of Ideal State, Justice and Communism; Aristotle and his main political ideas, his views on classification of States, Revolution and Slavery : Aristotle as the First Scientific Political Thinker.
- Unit 2 St. Thomas Aquinas : Main political ideas and the concept of law; Machiavelli : His main political ideas, Machiavelli as the first modern political thinker.
- Unit 3 Hobbes, Locke and Rousseau as the contractualist political thinkers, their views about human nature, nature of state, natural rights, social contract and sovereignty; Their place in the history of political thought; Rousseau's General Will.
- Unit 4 Bentham as a utilitarian political thinker, his views on Law and Representative Governments; J.S.Mill's views on Liberty and Representative Government, Mill's modification in Bentham's Utilitarianism.
- Unit 5 Hegel : Dialectic method, Concept of Freedom and State; Karl Marx : His main political ideas with reference to Dialectical Materialism, Class Struggle, Revolution and the State. Place of Marx in the history of political thought.

Recommended Readings

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2. Davidson. Political Thought from Bentham to J.S.Mill
3. Dunning , History of Political Theories, vols. I,II and III
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8. Macilwain, Growth of Political Thought in the West
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13. J.Bowle, Western Political Thought : A Historical Introduction, London. Jonathan Cape, 1947.
14. बी.एल.फड़िया, पाश्चात्य राजनीतिक विचारक
15. के.एन.वर्मा, पाश्चात्य राजनीतिक विचारक, भाग 1 व 2

16. डॉ.पी.डी.शर्मा, पाश्चात्य राजनीतिक विचारक

Paper II

Political Ideologies

- Unit 1 Ideology – Meaning, Characteristics and Types, Ideology and Political power, State versus Individual debate
- Unit 2 Individualism – Principles, Merits and Demerits.
Utilitarianism – Principles, Merits and Demerits.
Liberalism – Principles, Merits and Demerits.
Idealism – Principles, Merits and Demerits.
- Unit 3 Marxism – Principles, and its criticism.
Communism – Principles, and its criticism.
Anarchism – Salient features and its criticism.
Relationship between communism and Anarchism.
- Unit 4 Democratic Socialism – Meaning and Criticism.
Syndicalism – Principles, Merits and demerits.
Guild Socialism – Principles, Merits and demerits.
Fabianism – Salient features, merits and demerits.
- Unit 5 Nationalism – Principles, Merits and demerits.
Internationalism – Principles, Merits and demerits.
Pluralism – Pluralistic attack on state sovereignty, Contributors of Pluralism, its criticism.
Fascism – Salient features and Criticism.

Recommended Readings

1. Joad, Modern Political Theory
2. Ashirvadam, Political Theory
3. L.P.Baradat, Political Ideologies : Their Origins and Impact, Englewood Cliffs, NJ, Prentice Hall, 1989
4. D.Bell, The End of Ideology, New York, The Free Press, 1960.
5. R.N.Berki, Socialism, London, John Dent and Sons, 1975.
6. R.H.Cox, Ideology, Politics and Political Theory, Belmont California, Wadsworth, 1969.
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8. गणेश प्रसाद, राजनीतिक विचारधाराएँ
9. पुखराज जैन, आधुनिक राजनीतिक विचारधाराएँ
10. आर.सी.अग्रवाल, राजनीतिक विचारधाराएँ
11. एस.एन.दुबे, प्रमुख राजनीतिक विचारधाराएँ

Paper III
Indian Government and Politics

- Unit 1 The Making of Indian Constitution and Its sources; Basic features of Indian Constitution; Preamble, Fundamental Rights and Duties and the Directive Principles of State Policy.
- Unit 2 The Union Executive-President, Prime Minister and Council of Ministers; The Union Parliament-organisation, functions and powers; The Supreme Court-Judicial review, Public Interest-Litigation and Judicial activism.
- Unit 3 Amendment of the Constitution-Doctrine of Basic structure; Union State relations-Recommendations of the Sarkaria Commission.
- Unit 4 Political Parties – National and Regional Parties, The Election Commission and Electoral Reforms; Elections and voting behaviour.
- Unit 5 Major Issues in Indian Politics : Caste, Religion, Languages, Region, and Poverty Alleviation.

Recommended Readings

1. Granville Austin, The Indian Constitution : Cornerstone of a Nation, Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1966.
2. Granville Austin, Working a Democratic Constitution : The Indian Experience, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2000.
3. Norman D Palmer, The Indian Political System
4. M.V.Pylee, Constitutional Government in India
5. Morris Jones, Government and Politics of India
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7. Atul Kothari, Democracy and Discontent : India's Growing Crisis of Governability, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1991.
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12. P.Brass, Ethnic Groups and the State, London, Croom Helm, 1985.
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16. बी.एल.फड़िया, भारतीय शासन एवं राजनीति
17. डॉ.एम.पी.रॉय, भारतीय शासन एवं राजनीति

Paper IV

International Politics

Unit 1 The Concept and dimensions of International Relations; Theories of International Relations – Idealism, Realism and System Theory.

Unit 2 Balance of Power; Balance of Terror, Collective Security, Arms Race and Disarmament

Unit 3 Post-Cold war period : Major Contemporary trends and issues in International Politics. New World Order, Problems of Indian Ocean, West Asia.

Non-Alignment: concept and movement, Non-Alignment in the Post-Cold War period.

Unit 4 Basic Features of the Foreign Policy of USA, China & Russia and their bilateral relations

Unit 5 India's Foreign Policy : Basic Features, New trends and issues in Indian Foreign Policy, India and the question of Nuclear Weapons.

New International Economic Order, WTO, North - South Dialogue, South – South Cooperation.

Recommended Readings

1. Palmer and Perkins, International Relations – The World Community in Transition
2. C.Brown, International Relations Theory, London, Harvester Wheatsheaf.
3. W.D.Coplin, Introduction to International Politics, Chicago, Markham, 1971.
4. K.W.Deutsch, The Analysis of International Relations, New Delhi, Prentice Hall, 1989.
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8. Mahendra Kumar, Theoretical Aspects of International Politics
9. V.P.Dutt, Indian Foreign Policy
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12. जे.एन.दीक्षित, भारतीय विदेश नीति
13. पी.के.चड्ढा, अन्तराष्ट्रीय संबंध
14. वी.एन.खन्ना, अन्तराष्ट्रीय संबंध

बी.ए.आनर्स द्वितीय वर्ष राजनीति विज्ञान

प्रथम प्रश्न पत्र पाश्चात्य राजनीतिक चिंतन

- इकाई 1 प्लेटो : आदर्श राज्य, न्याय और साम्यवाद के विशेष सन्दर्भ में उसके मुख्य राजनीतिक विचार, अरस्तू और उसके प्रमुख राजनीतिक विचार, राज्यों का वर्गीकरण, क्रान्ति और दासता सम्बन्धी विचार; अरस्तू प्रथम वैज्ञानिक विचारक के रूप में
- इकाई 2 संत टॉमस एक्वीना : मुख्य राजनीतिक विचार और कानून सम्बन्धी अवधारणा ; मैकियावली : प्रमुख राजनीतिक विचार, मैकियावली प्रथम आधुनिक राजनीतिक विचारक के रूप में
- इकाई 3 अनुबन्धवादी राजनीति विचारक के रूप में हॉब्स, लॉक और रूसो, उनके मानव प्रकृति, राज्य की प्रकृति, प्राकृतिक अधिकारों, सामाजिक अनुबन्ध और संप्रभुता सम्बन्धी विचार; उनका राजनीतिक विचारों के इतिहास में स्थान; रूसो की सामान्य इच्छा की अवधारणा
- इकाई 4 बेन्थम उपयोगितावादी राजनीतिक विचारक के रूप में, कानून और प्रतिनिधि सरकार सम्बन्धी विचार; जे.एस.मिल के स्वतन्त्रता व प्रतिनिधि सरकार सम्बन्धी विचार, मिल द्वारा बेन्थम द्वारा उपयोगितावाद में संशोधन
- इकाई 5 हीगल : द्वन्द्वात्मक पद्धति, स्वतंत्रता एवं राज्य सम्बन्धी विचार; कार्ल मार्क्स : द्वन्द्वात्मक भौतिकवाद के सन्दर्भ में उसके प्रमुख राजनीतिक विचार, वर्ग-संघर्ष, क्रान्ति और राज्य, राजनीतिक विचारों के इतिहास में मार्क्स का स्थान

अनुशंसित पाठ्य पुस्तकें

1. Barker , Political Thought in England, 1841 – 1914
2. Davidson. Political Thought from Bentham to J.S.Mill
3. Dunning , History of Political Theories, vols. I,II and III
4. Foster, Masters of Political Thought, vol.I
5. Jones , Masters of Political Thought vol.II
6. Lancaster, Masters of Political Thought, vol III
7. Laski, Political Thought from Locke to Bentham
8. Macilwain, Growth of Political Thought in the West
9. Sabine, A History of Political Theory
10. J.W.Allen, A History of Political Thought in the Sixteenth Century, London, Methuen, 1967.
11. A.Ashcraft, Revolutionary Politics and Locke's Two Treaties of Government, London, Allen and Unwin, 1986.
12. Sir E. Barker, The Political Theory: Plato and His Predecessors, New Delhi, B.I. Publications, 1964.
13. J.Bowle, Western Political Thought : A Historical Introduction, London. Jonathan Cape, 1947.
14. बी.एल.फड़िया, पाश्चात्य राजनीतिक विचारक
15. के.एन.वर्मा, पाश्चात्य राजनीतिक विचारक, भाग 1 व 2
16. डॉ.पी.डी.शर्मा, पाश्चात्य राजनीतिक विचारक

बी.ए.आनर्स द्वितीय वर्ष राजनीति विज्ञान

द्वितीय प्रश्न पत्र
राजनीतिक विचारधाराएँ

- इकाई 1 विचारधारा – अर्थ, विशेषताएँ और प्रकार, विचारधारा और राजनीतिक शक्ति, राज्य बनाम व्यक्ति पर विचार
- इकाई 2 व्यक्तिवाद : सिद्धान्त गुण और दोष, उपयोगितावाद : सिद्धान्त, गुण और दोष, उदारवाद : सिद्धान्त गुण और दोष, आदर्शवाद (प्रत्ययवाद) : सिद्धान्त गुण और दोष,
- इकाई 3 मार्क्सवाद : सिद्धान्त और उसकी आलोचना, साम्यवाद : सिद्धान्त और उसकी आलोचना, अराजकतावाद : प्रमुख विशेषताएँ और उसकी आलोचना, साम्यवाद और अराजकतावाद में सम्बन्ध
- इकाई 4 लोकतांत्रिक समाजवाद : अर्थ और आलोचना, श्रमिक संघवाद : सिद्धान्त, गुण और दोष, श्रेणी समाजवाद : सिद्धान्त, गुण और दोष, फेबियनवाद : प्रमुख विशेषताएँ, गुण और दोष
- इकाई 5 राष्ट्रवाद : सिद्धान्त, गुण और दोष, अन्तर्राष्ट्रीयवाद : सिद्धान्त, गुण और दोष, बहुलवाद : राज्य की संप्रभुता पर बहुलवादी आक्षेप, बहुलवाद के सहयोगी, इसकी आलोचना, फासीवाद : प्रमुख विशेषताएँ और आलोचना

अनुशंसित पाठ्य पुस्तकें

1. Joad, Modern Political Theory
2. Ashirvadam, Political Theory
3. L.P.Baradat, Political Ideologies : Their Origins and Impact, Englewood Cliffs, NJ, Prentice Hall, 1989
4. D.Bell, The End of Ideology, New York, The Free Press, 1960.
5. R.N.Berki, Socialism, London, John Dent and Sons, 1975.
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7. C.Funderbunk and R.G. Thobaben, Political Ideologies : Left, Center and Right, New York, Harper Collins College Publishers, 1994.
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9. पुखराज जैन, आधुनिक राजनीतिक विचारधाराएँ
10. आर.सी.अग्रवाल, राजनीतिक विचारधाराएँ
11. एस.एन.दुबे, प्रमुख राजनीतिक विचारधाराएँ


बी.ए.आनर्स द्वितीय वर्ष राजनीति विज्ञान

तृतीय प्रश्न पत्र
भारतीय शासन एवं राजनीति

- इकाई 1 भारतीय संविधान का निर्माण और इसके स्रोत: भारतीय संविधान की प्रमुख विशेषताएं; उद्देशिका, मौलिक अधिकार और मूल कर्तव्य तथा राज्य के नीति निर्देशक तत्व
- इकाई 2 संघीय कार्यपालिका – राष्ट्रपति, प्रधानमंत्री और मंत्रिपरिषद्, प्रधानमंत्री और मंत्रिपरिषद्; संघीय संसद – संगठन, कार्य और शक्तियां। सर्वोच्च न्यायालय–न्यायिक पुनरावलोकन, जनहित याचिका तथा न्यायिक सक्रियतावाद
- इकाई 3 संविधान में संशोधन – आधारभूत संरचना का सिद्धांत; संघ–राज्य संबंध – सरकारी आयोग की सिफारिशें
- इकाई 4 राजनीतिक दल – राष्ट्रीय और क्षेत्रीय दल, चुनाव आयोग और चुनाव सुधार; चुनाव और मतदान व्यवहार
- इकाई 5 भारतीय राजनीति में प्रमुख मुद्दे; जाति, धर्म, भाषा, क्षेत्र और गरीबी उन्मूलन

अनुशंसित पाठ्य पुस्तकें

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3. Norman D Palmer, The Indian Political System
4. M.V.Pylee, Constitutional Government in India
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राजनीति विज्ञान

चतुर्थ प्रश्न पत्र
अन्तरराष्ट्रीय राजनीति

- इकाई 1 अन्तरराष्ट्रीय राजनीति की अवधारणा और आयाम : अन्तरराष्ट्रीय राजनीति के सिद्धान्त – आदर्शवाद, यथार्थवाद और व्यवस्था सिद्धान्त
- इकाई 2 शक्ति सन्तुलन, आतंक का सन्तुलन, सामूहिक सुरक्षा, शस्त्र प्रतिस्पर्धा और निःशस्त्रीकरण
- इकाई 3 उत्तर शीत युद्ध काल : अन्तरराष्ट्रीय राजनीति में प्रमुख समकालीन प्रवृत्तियां तथा मुद्दे, नई विश्व व्यवस्था, हिन्द महासागर की समस्या, पश्चिमी एशिया, गुट निरपेक्षता; अवधारणा एवं आंदोलन, उत्तर शीतयुद्ध काल में गुट निरपेक्षता
- इकाई 4 संयुक्त राज्य अमेरिका, चीन तथा रूस की विदेश नीति की आधारभूत विशेषताएं और इनके द्विपक्षीय संबंध
- इकाई 5 भारत की विदेश नीति, आधारभूत विशेषताएं, भारत की विदेश नीति में नवीन प्रवृत्तियाँ एवं मुद्दे, भारत और आणविक हथियारों का प्रश्न, नई अन्तरराष्ट्रीय आर्थिक व्यवस्था, विश्व व्यापार संगठन, उत्तर-दक्षिण संवाद, दक्षिण-दक्षिण सहयोग

अनुशंसित पाठ्य पुस्तकें

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3. W.D.Coplin, Introduction to International Politics, Chicago, Markham, 1971.
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13. पी.के.चड्ढा, अन्तरराष्ट्रीय संबंध
14. वी.एन.खन्ना, अन्तरराष्ट्रीय संबंध

B.A. B.ed. PART I
Political Science

| | |
|------------------------|-----------|
| Paper I | 100 Marks |
| Paper II | 100 Marks |
| Duration of Each Paper | 3 Hours |

Paper I
Political Theory

| | |
|--------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Unit 1 | Meaning, nature and Scope of Political Theory; Methods of Study – The Traditional and Modern approaches with special reference to Behaviouralism and Post Behaviouralism. |
| Unit 2 | State – Its nature, The organic theory of the state, Functions of the State, The concept of Welfare State ; Classification of State, Aristotle's classification and modern classification. |
| Unit 3 | The concept of Sovereignty, its essential elements and types; Austine's theory of Sovereignty, The concepts of Liberty, Equality and Justice; Rights – Meaning and various theories |
| Unit 4 | Basic Concepts – Power, Authority, Political Culture, Political Development, Political Socialisation; |
| Unit 5 | The Concept of Democracy – Its meaning, merits and demerits ; Montesquieu's theory of Separation of Powers, Bicameral legislature; the concept of Minority Representation; its various methods; proportional representation – merits and demerits |

Recommended Readings

1. Sir, E.Barker, Principles of Social and Political Theory, Calcutta, Oxford University Press, 1976.
2. N.P.Barry, Introduction to Modern Political Theory, London, Macmillan, 1995.
3. M.Carnoy, The State and Political Theory, Princeton NJ, Princeton University Press, 1984.
4. G.Catlin, A Study of the Principles of Politics, London and New York, Oxford University Press, 1930.
5. R.Dhal, Modern Political Analysis, Englewood Cliffs NJ, Prentice Hall, 1963.
6. D.Germينو, Beyond Ideology : The Revival of Political Theory, New York, Harper and Row, 1967.
7. D.Held, Models of Democracy, Cambridge, Polity Press, 1987.
8. D.Held, Political theory and the Modern State, Cambridge, Polity Press, 1989.
9. D.Held, Political Theory Today, Cambridge, Polity Press, 1991.
10. C.B.Macpherson, Democratic Theory : Essays in Retrieval, Oxford, The Clarendon Press, 1977.
11. D.Miller, Social Justice, Oxford, The Clarendon Press, 1976.

प्रथम प्रश्न पत्र

राजनीतिक सिद्धान्त

- इकाई 1 राजनीतिक सिद्धान्त का अर्थ, प्रकृति और क्षेत्र ; अध्ययन पद्धतियाँ—व्यवहारवाद एवं उत्तर—व्यवहारवाद के विशेष सन्दर्भ में पारम्परिक एवं आधुनिक दृष्टिकोण ।
- इकाई 2 राज्य : उसकी प्रकृति, राज्य का आंगिक सिद्धान्त; राज्य के कार्य; लोक कल्याणकारी राज्य की अवधारणा; राज्यों का वर्गीकरण— अरस्तु का वर्गीकरण एवं आधुनिक वर्गीकरण ।
- इकाई 3 सम्प्रभुता की अवधारणा : इसके आवश्यक तत्व व प्रकार; ऑस्टिन का सम्प्रभुता सिद्धान्त; स्वतंत्रता, समानता और न्याय की अवधारणाएँ, अधिकार – अर्थ एवं विभिन्न सिद्धान्त ।
- इकाई 4 आधारभूत अवधारणाएँ : शक्ति, सत्ता, राजनीतिक संस्कृति, राजनीतिक विकास, राजनीतिक समाजीकरण ।
- इकाई 5 लोकतंत्र की अवधारणा : अर्थ, गुण एवं दोष ; मॉण्टेस्क्यू का शक्ति पृथक्करण सिद्धान्त; द्विसदनीय विधान मण्डल; अल्प संख्यक प्रतिनिधित्व की अवधारणा एवं इसके विभिन्न तरीके; आनुपातिक प्रतिनिधित्व—गुण एवं दोष

B.A. B.ed. PART I Paper II
Indian Government and Politics

- | | |
|--------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Unit 1 | Constituent Assembly and Framing of Indian Constitution; Main Issues and Approaches; The Preamble, Salient Features of the Indian Constitution, Fundamental Rights and Duties; Directive Principles of State Policy. |
| Unit 2 | Union Executive : The President, Prime Minister and Council of Ministers – Powers, Functions and Relationship. |
| Unit 3 | Parliament : Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha – Composition and Powers; Supreme Court : Composition, Powers, Judicial Review and Judicial Activism, The Election Commission and electoral reforms. |
| Unit 4 | Federalism – Place of States in the Indian Union; Centre-State Relations, New Trends and Development; Demand for Autonomy : Governor – Powers and Its Role in Federal Polity. |
| Unit 5 | Indian Parliamentary System ; Multi-Party System ; Regional Parties and Coalition Governments; Criminilisation of Politics, Caste in Politics, Poverty Alleviation. |

Recommended Readings

1. G.Austin, The Indian Constitution: Corner Stone of a Nation, Oxford University Press, 1966.
2. G.Austin, Working a Democratic Constitution : The Indian Experience, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2000.
3. D.D.Basu, An Introduction to the Constitution of India, New Delhi, Prentice Hall, 1994.
4. U.Baxi, The Indian Supreme Court and Politics, Delhi, Eastern Book Company, 1980.
5. U.Baxi, and B.Parekh (ed.), Crisis and Change in Contemporary India, New Delhi, Sage 1994.
6. P.Brass, Politics of India Since Independence, Hyderabad, Orient Longman, 1990.
7. M.Chadda, Ethnicity, Security and Separatism in India, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1997.
8. R.L.Hardgrave, India : Government and Politics in a Developing Nation, New York, Harcourt, Brace and World, 1965.
9. Kashyap, Our Parliament, New Delhi, National Book Trust, 1992.
10. A.Kohli, Democracy and Discontent : India's Growing Crisis of Governability, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1991.
11. A.Kohli (ed.), The Success of India's Democracy, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 2001.

द्वितीय प्रश्न पत्र

भारतीय शासन एवं राजनीति

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|--------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| इकाई 1 | संविधान निर्मात्री सभा और भारतीय संविधान का निर्माण – प्रमुख मुद्दे एवं दृष्टिकोण; उद्देशिका, भारतीय संविधान की प्रमुख विशेषताएं, मौलिक अधिकार एवं कर्तव्य, राज्य के नीति निदेशक तत्व |
| इकाई 2 | संघीय कार्यपालिका – राष्ट्रपति, प्रधानमंत्री और मंत्रीपरिषद्-शक्तियां, कार्य एवं परस्पर संबंध |
| इकाई 3 | संसद : लोक सभा एवं राज्य सभा – गठन एवं शक्तियां, उच्चतम न्यायालय-गठन, शक्तियां, न्यायिक पुनरावलोकन एवं न्यायिक सक्रियता, निर्वाचन आयोग तथा चुनाव सुधार । |
| इकाई 4 | संघवाद – भारतीय संघ में राज्यों की स्थिति; केन्द्र राज्य संबंध-नई प्रवृत्तियां और विकास, स्वायत्तता की मांग; राज्यपाल-शक्तियां व संघीय व्यवस्था में उसकी भूमिका |
| इकाई 5 | भारतीय संसदीय व्यवस्था –बहुदलीय व्यवस्था; क्षेत्रीय दल एवं गठबंधन सरकारें; राजनीति का अपराधीकरण, राजनीति में जातिवाद, निर्धनता उन्नमूलन |

B.A. B.ed. PART II
Political Science

Paper I
Paper II
Duration of Each Paper

100 Marks
100 Marks
3 Hours

PAPER I

COMPARATIVE GOVERNMENT & POLITICS

- Unit 1 Comparative Politics : Meaning, Scope and Nature; Evolution of Comparative Politics; Types of Constitution and Constitutionalism.
- Unit 2 Socio – Economic bases and Salient features of the Constitution of United Kingdom, United States of America, China, Switzerland and France; Amendment Process in the Constitution of U.S.A. and Switzerland; Federal System of the U.S.A. and Switzerland.
- Unit 3 Executive : British King and the Crown; British Prime Minister and Cabinet; the President of the U.S.A. and France and Plural Executive of Switzerland.
- Unit 4 Legislature : Composition and Powers of the British Parliament; U.S. Congress; Swiss Federal Assembly; French Parliament and National Peoples Congress of China.
- Unit 5 Judiciary : U.S. Supreme Court and Judicial Review; the Administrative Law and Administrative Courts of France.
- Political Parties in the U.S.A., United Kingdom and France; Role of Communist Party in China; Interests Groups in the U.S.A., United Kingdom and France.

Recommended Readings

1. G.Almond et. al., Comparative Politics Today : A World View, 7th edn., New York, London, Harper/Collins, 2000.
2. A.H.Brich, British System of Government, 4th edn., London, George Allen and Unwin, 1980.
3. J.Blondel, An Introduction to Comparative Government, London, Weidenfeld and Nicolson, 1969.
4. H.Finer, Theory and Practice of Modern Government, London, Methuen, 1969.
5. S.E.Finer, Comparative Government, Harmondsworth, Penguin, 1974.
6. H.C.Huiton, An Introduction to Chinese Politics, London, David and Charles, 1973.
7. H.J.Laski, American Democracy: A Commentary and An Interpretation, London, Unwin, 1948.
8. A.Lijphart, (ed.), Parliamentary Versus Presidential Government, Oxford and New York, Oxford University Press, 1992.
9. H.G.Nicolas, The Nature of American Politics, 2nd edn., Oxford, The Clarendon Press, 1996.
10. V.Wright, Government and Politics of France, 3rd edn., London, Unwin Hyman, 1989.
11. W.Zhang, Transforming China: Economic Reforms and its Political Implications, New York, St. Martin's Press, 2000.

प्रथम प्रश्न पत्र

तुलनात्मक शासन एवं राजनीति

- इकाई 1 तुलनात्मक राजनीति : अर्थ, क्षेत्र एवं प्रकृति; तुलनात्मक राजनीति का विकास; संविधान के प्रकार एवं संविधानवाद ।
- इकाई 2 ब्रिटेन, संयुक्त राज्य अमेरिका, चीन, स्विट्जरलैण्ड और फ्रांस के संविधानों की प्रमुख विशेषताएँ और सामाजिक-आर्थिक आधार; संयुक्त राज्य अमेरिका और स्विट्जरलैण्ड के संविधानों में संशोधन प्रक्रिया; संयुक्त राज्य अमेरिका और स्विट्जरलैण्ड की संघात्मक व्यवस्था ।
- इकाई 3 कार्यपालिका : ब्रिटिश सम्राट और राजमुकुट, ब्रिटिश प्रधानमंत्री और मन्त्रिमण्डल, संयुक्त राज्य अमेरिका और फ्रांस के राष्ट्रपति एवं स्विट्जरलैण्ड की बहुल कार्यपालिका ।
- इकाई 4 व्यवस्थापिका : ब्रिटिश संसद का गठन एवं शक्तियाँ ; संयुक्त राज्य अमेरिका की कांग्रेस; स्विट्स संघीय व्यवस्थापिका; फ्रांस की संसद और चीन की राष्ट्रीय जन कांग्रेस
- इकाई 5 न्यायपालिका : संयुक्त राज्य अमेरिका का सर्वोच्च न्यायालय एवं न्यायिक पुनरावलोकन; फ्रांस में प्रशासनिक विधि एवं प्रशासनिक न्यायालय
- संयुक्त राज्य अमेरिका, ब्रिटेन एवं फ्रांस में राजनीतिक दल; चीन में साम्यवादी दल की भूमिका, संयुक्त राज्य अमेरिका ब्रिटेन एवं फ्रांस में हित समूह

B.A. B.ed. PART II Paper II

Representative Political Thinkers

| | |
|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Unit 1 | Plato : Theory of Justice, Communism and Education; Aristotle-Views on Revolution, Slavery and Citizenship. |
| Unit 2 | Thomas Aquinas : Principal political ideas and Theory of Law, Machiavelli's principal political ideas and Machiavelli as the first modern political thinker, Jean Bodin's concept of sovereignty. |
| Unit 3 | Hobbes, Locke and Rousseau : Their social contract theory and a comparative assessment of their ideas. |
| Unit 4 | Jaremy Bentham and his theory of utilitarianism; J.S.Mill's concept of Liberty and his modification in Bentham's theory of utilitarianism. |
| Unit 5 | Karl Marx : A brief survey of his political ideas with special reference to the Economic Interpretation of History, Class Struggle, Revolution, the State; Mahatma Gandhi : Principal political ideas. |

Recommended Readings

1. Hacker, A. : Political Theory
2. Sabine, G.H., : History of Political Theory
3. Wayper, C. : Political Thought
4. Foster : Masters of Political Thought, Vol. I
5. Jones : Master of Political Thought, Vol. II
6. Lancaster : Master of Political thought, Vol. III
7. Chaddha : Pramukh Rajnitik Vicharak (Adarsh Prakashan)
8. Sharma, P.D. : Pratinidhi Rajnitik Vicharak
9. Jain, Pukh Raj : Pramukh Rajnitik Vicharak
10. J.W.Allen, A History of Political Thought in the Sixteenth Century, London, Methuen, 1967.
11. A.Ashcraft, Locke's Two Treaties of Government, London, Unwin and Hyman, 1987.
12. Sir E.Barker, The Political Thought of Plato and Aritstole, New York, Dover Publications, 1959.
13. Sir E. Barker, Greek Political Theory : Plato and His Predecessors, New Delhi, B.I Publications, 1964
14. J.Bowle, Western Political Thought : A Historical Introduction from the Origins to Rousseau, London, Jonathan Cape, 1947

द्वितीय प्रश्न पत्र

प्रतिनिधि राजनीतिक चिंतक

- इकाई 1 प्लेटो-न्याय, साम्यवाद और शिक्षा का सिद्धान्त; अरस्तू-क्रांति, दासता और नागरिकता संबंधी विचार।
- इकाई 2 टॉमस एक्वीनास- प्रमुख राजनीतिक विचार एवं कानून का सिद्धान्त; मैकेयावली के प्रमुख राजनीतिक विचार एवं प्रथम आधुनिक राजनीतिक विचारक के रूप में मैकेयावली; जीन बोदां की सम्प्रभुता संबंधी अवधारणा।
- इकाई 3 हाब्स, लॉक तथा रूसो : उनका सामाजिक समझौता सिद्धान्त और उनके विचारों का तुलनात्मक मूल्यांकन
- इकाई 4 जैरेमी बेंथम तथा उसका उपयोगितावाद का सिद्धान्त; जे0एस0मिल के स्वतंत्रता संबंधी विचार और बेंथम के उपयोगितावाद में उसके द्वारा प्रस्तावित संशोधन
- इकाई 5 कार्ल मार्क्स-इतिहास की आर्थिक व्याख्या, वर्ग संघर्ष, क्रांति तथा राज्य के विशेष सन्दर्भ में उनके राजनीतिक विचारों का संक्षिप्त सर्वेक्षण, महात्मा गांधी – प्रमुख राजनीतिक विचार

B.A. B.ed. PART III

Political Science

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|------------------------|-----------|
| Paper I | 100 Marks |
| Paper II | 100 Marks |
| Duration of Each Paper | 3 Hours |

Paper I

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

| | |
|--------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Unit 1 | Meaning , Nature and Scope of International Relations ; Approaches to the Study of International Relations : Idealist and realist approaches, Actors of International Relations; State and other Players. |
| Unit 2 | National Power : Meaning and Elements of National Power ; Struggle for Power : retaining Power, increasing Power, demonstrating Power. Balance of Power: Meaning, Characteristics and devices for maintaining Balance of Power. |
| Unit 3 | Cold War : Meaning, Causes & Impact ; End of the Cold War, Concept of Non Alignment : Its achievements, Problems and Challenges, India's role in Non – alignment movement. |
| Unit 4 | The basic features of the Foreign Policy of U.S.A., Communist China and India, India's relations with U.S.A., China and Pakistan. |
| Unit 5 | Major Contemporary Trend and Issues in International Politics; Changing World Scenario; Environmentalism, Globalisation, Human Rights, Disarmament, SAARC & ASEAN. |

Recommended Readings

1. C.Brown, International Relations Theory : London, Harvester Wheatsheat, 1975.
2. I.Claude, Power and International Relations, New York, Random House, 1962.
3. W.D.Coplin, Introduction to International Politics, Chicago, Markham, 1971.
4. F.I.Greenstein and N.W.Polsby, Theory of International Relations, Reading Massachusetts, Addison-Wesley, 1979.
5. F.S.Northedge, The International Political System, London, Faber and Faber, 1976.
6. K.N.Waltz, Theory of International Politics, Reading Massachusetts, Addison-Wesley, 1979.
7. K.N.Waltz, "The emerging structure of International Politics", International Security, 18, 1993,

प्रथम प्रश्न पत्र

अंतर्राष्ट्रीय संबंध

- इकाई 1 अंतर्राष्ट्रीय संबंध का अर्थ, प्रकृति व क्षेत्र; अंतर्राष्ट्रीय संबंधों के अध्ययन संबंधी उपागम—आदर्शवादी एवं यथार्थवादी उपागम, अंतर्राष्ट्रीय संबंधों के कर्ता—राज्य और अन्य कर्ता ।
- इकाई 2 राष्ट्रीय शक्ति — राष्ट्रीय शक्ति से अभिप्राय और तत्व; शक्ति के लिये संघर्ष— शक्ति बनाये रखना, शक्ति विस्तार, शक्ति प्रदर्शन; शक्ति सन्तुलन—अभिप्राय, लक्षण और शक्ति संतुलन बनाये रखने के तरीके ।
- इकाई 3 शीत युद्ध—अर्थ, कारण एवं प्रकार; शीत युद्ध का अन्त; गुट निरपेक्षता की अवधारणा— उसकी उपलब्धियाँ, समस्याएँ एवं चुनौतियाँ; गुट निरपेक्ष आन्दोलन में भारत की भूमिका
- इकाई 4 संयुक्त राज्य अमेरिका, साम्यवादी चीन और भारत की विदेश नीति की प्रमुख विशेषताएँ; संयुक्त राज्य अमेरिका, साम्यवादी चीन और पाकिस्तान के साथ भारत के संबंध
- इकाई 5 अंतर्राष्ट्रीय राजनीति में प्रमुख समकालीन प्रवृत्तियाँ और मुद्दे; बदलता वैश्विक परिदृश्य—पर्यावरणवाद, भूमंडलीकरण, मानव अधिकार, निःशस्त्रीकरण, सार्क एवं आसियान

B.A. B.ed. PART III Paper II

Public Administration

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|--------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Unit 1 | Meaning, Scope and Nature of Public Administration; Evolution of Public Administration as a discipline; Public and Private Administration; Politics and Administration ; New Public Administration; Methods and Approaches of Public Administration. |
| Unit 2 | Administrative Behaviour : Leadership, Decision Making, Communication, Accountability and Motivation. |
| Unit 3 | The concept of Bureaucracy and Civil Service; Role of Civil Service in developing Societies; Recruitment, Training and Promotion. |
| Unit 4 | Budget: Concepts, Techniques, Formulation and Execution of Budget, Role of Finance Ministry. Accounts and Audit. |
| Unit 5 | Legislative, Executive and Judicial Control over Administration; Public Administration in the age of Globalisation and Liberalisation |

Recommended Readings

1. P.H.Appleby, Policy and Administration, Alabama University of Alabama Press, 1957.
2. A.Avasthi and S.R.Maheswari, Public Administration, Agra, Lakshmi Narain Aggarwal, 1996.
3. M.Bhattacharya, Public Administration : Structure, Process and Behaviour, Calcutta, The World Press, 1991.
4. S.R.Maheshwari, Administrative Theories, New Delhi, Allied, 1994.
5. F.A.Nigro and L.S.Nigro, Modern Public Administration, New York, Harper & Row, 1984.
6. D.Waldo (ed.), Ideas and Issues in Public Administration, New York, Mc Graw Hill, 1953.
7. L.D.White, Introduction to the Study of Public Administration New York, Macmillan, 1955

द्वितीय प्रश्न पत्र

लोक प्रशासन

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|--------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| इकाई 1 | लोक प्रशासन का अर्थ क्षेत्र और स्वरूप; एक विषय के रूप में लोक प्रशासन का उद्द्विकास; लोक प्रशासन एवं निजी प्रशासन; राजनीति और प्रशासन; नवीन लोक प्रशासन; लोक प्रशासन की अध्ययन पद्धतियां एवं उपागम । |
| इकाई 2 | प्रशासनिक व्यवहार – नेतृत्व, निर्णयन, संचार, जवाबदेहिता एवं अभिप्रेरणा । |
| इकाई 3 | नौकरशाही एवं लोकसेवा की अवधारणाएँ; विकासशील समाजों में लोकसेवा की भूमिका; भर्ती, प्रशिक्षण एवं पदोन्नति |
| इकाई 4 | बजट – अवधारणाएँ एवं तकनीकें, बजट निर्माण एवं क्रियान्वयन, वित्त मंत्रालय की भूमिका, लेखांकन और लेखापरीक्षण |
| इकाई 5 | प्रशासन पर विधायी, कार्यकारी और न्यायिक नियंत्रण; भूमंडलीकरण और उदारीकरण के युग में लोकप्रशासन । |

**B.A. B.Ed. Part IV
Paper I**

Indian Political Thought

- Unit 1 Manu; Kautilya; Shukra.
Unit 2 Raja Ram Mohan Roy; Swami Dayanand; Swami Vivekananda.
Unit 3 Gopal Krishna Gokhale; Bal Gangadhar Tilak; Aurobindo Ghosh.
Unit 4 Mahatma Gandhi ; Jawahar Lal Nehru; M.N.Roy.
Unit 5 V.D.Savarkar; B.R.Ambedkar; Ram Manohar Lohiya.

प्रथम प्रश्न पत्र
भारतीय राजनीतिक चिन्तन

- इकाई 1 मनु, कौटिल्य, शुक्र
इकाई 2 राजा राम मोहन राय, स्वामी दयानन्द, स्वामी विवेकानन्द
इकाई 3 गोपाल कृष्ण गोखले, बाल गंगाधर तिलक, अरविन्द घोष
इकाई 4 महात्मा गांधी, जवाहरलाल नेहरू, एम.एन. रॉय
इकाई 5 जी.डी. सावरकर, बी.आर.अम्बेडकर, राम मनोहर लोहिया

Recommended Readings

- 1- Jayaswal, Hindu Polity (E.H)
- 2- Sharma, R.S.: Political ideas and institutions in Ancient India
- 3- Ghosal : History of Indian Political ideas
- 4- Verma V.P. : Modern Indian Political Thought
- 5- J.Bandhopadhyaya, Social and Political Thought of Gandhi, Bombay, Allied, 1969.
- 6- K.Damodaran, Indian Thought : A Critical Survey, London, Asia Publishing House, 1967.
- 7- U.N.Goshal, A History of Indian Political ideas, London, Oxford University Press, 1959.
- 8- V.R.Mehta, Foundations of Indian Political Thought, New Delhi, Manohar, 1992.
- 9- T.Pantham, and K.Deutsch (eds.) Political Thought in Modern India, New Delhi, Sage, 1986.
- 10- डॉ. विश्वनाथ प्रसाद वर्मा – आधुनिक भारतीय राजनीतिक चिन्तन
- 11- डॉ. पुरुषोत्तम नागर – आधुनिक भारतीय सामाजिक और राजनीतिक चिन्तन
- 12- डॉ. परमात्मा शरण – प्राचीन भारतीय राजनीतिक चिन्तन
- 13- डॉ. मधुकर श्याम चतुर्वेदी – प्रमुख भारतीय राजनीतिक विचारक
- 14- डॉ. पुखराज जैन – भारतीय राजनीतिक चिन्तन

B.A. B.Ed. Part IV

Paper II

Political Ideologies

- Unit 1 Ideology – Meaning, Characteristics and Types, Ideology and Political Power, End of Ideology
Unit 2 Liberalism, Neo Liberalism , Idealism.
Unit 3 Utilitarianism, Libertarianism, Democratization
Unit 4 Marxism, Nationalism, Institutionalism
Unit 5 Multiculturalism, Pluralism, Feminism.

पेपर द्वितीय
राजनीतिक विचारधाराएं

- इकाई 1 विचारधारा – अभिप्राय, विशेषताएं एवं प्रकार,, विचारधारा एवं राजनीतिक शक्ति, विचारधारा का अंत
इकाई 2 उदारवाद, नवउदारवाद, आदर्शवाद
इकाई 3 उपयोगितावाद, स्वेच्छातंत्रवाद, लोकतांत्रिकरण
इकाई 4 मार्क्सवाद, राष्ट्रवाद, संस्थावाद
इकाई 5 बहुसंस्कृतिवाद, बहुलवाद, नारीवाद

Recommended Readings

1. Joad, Modern Political Theory
2. Ashirvadam, Political Theory
3. L.P.Baradat, Political Ideologies : Their Origins and Impact, Englewood Cliffs, NJ, Prentice Hall, 1989
4. D.Bell, The End of Ideology, New York, The Free Press, 1960.
5. R.N.Berki, Socialism, London, John Dent and Sons, 1975.
6. R.H.Cox, Ideology, Politics and Political Theory, Belmont California, Wadsworth, 1969.
7. C.Funderbunk and R.G. Thobaben, Political Ideologies : Left, Center and Right, New York, Harper Collins College Publishers, 1994.
8. गणेश प्रसाद, राजनीतिक विचारधाराएँ
9. पुखराज जैन, आधुनिक राजनीतिक विचारधाराएँ
10. आर.सी.अग्रवाल, राजनीतिक विचारधाराएँ
11. एस.एन.दुबे, प्रमुख राजनीतिक विचारधाराओं के राजनीतिक विचारधाराएँ
12. एस.एन.दुबे, प्रमुख राजनीतिक विचारधाराएं